

Sustainable root zone salinity in the context of shallow perched water table, and attenuation

***Land retirement demonstration project
in the west San Joaquin Valley***

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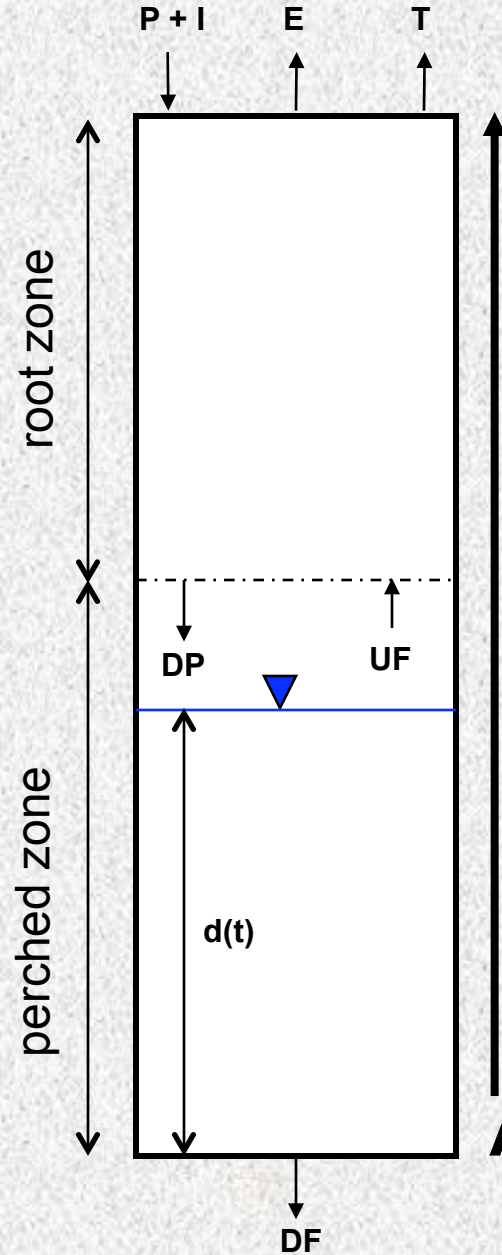
**California Central Valley Groundwater Modeling Workshop
July 10 - 11, 2008
Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Berkeley, CA**

Outline

- ❖ **Introduction**
- ❖ Land retirement demonstration project
- ❖ Field data and modeling framework
- ❖ Calibration
- ❖ Water and salt balance
- ❖ Sustainability and groundwater attenuation

Introduction

- ❖ Use long term field data in conjunction with numerical modeling framework to understand the dynamics of water and salt movement in vadose zone under land retirement.
- ❖ Pathway to and final shallow water table depth to maintain root zone salinity balance for sustainability.
- ❖ A bottom up approach.



$DP > UF$ and salt balance

DP = deep percolation

UF = upward flux

$(DP - UF)$ = net deep percolation

$$DF \geq (DP - UF)$$

$DF(d(t))$ = downward flux below perched zone

A bottom up approach

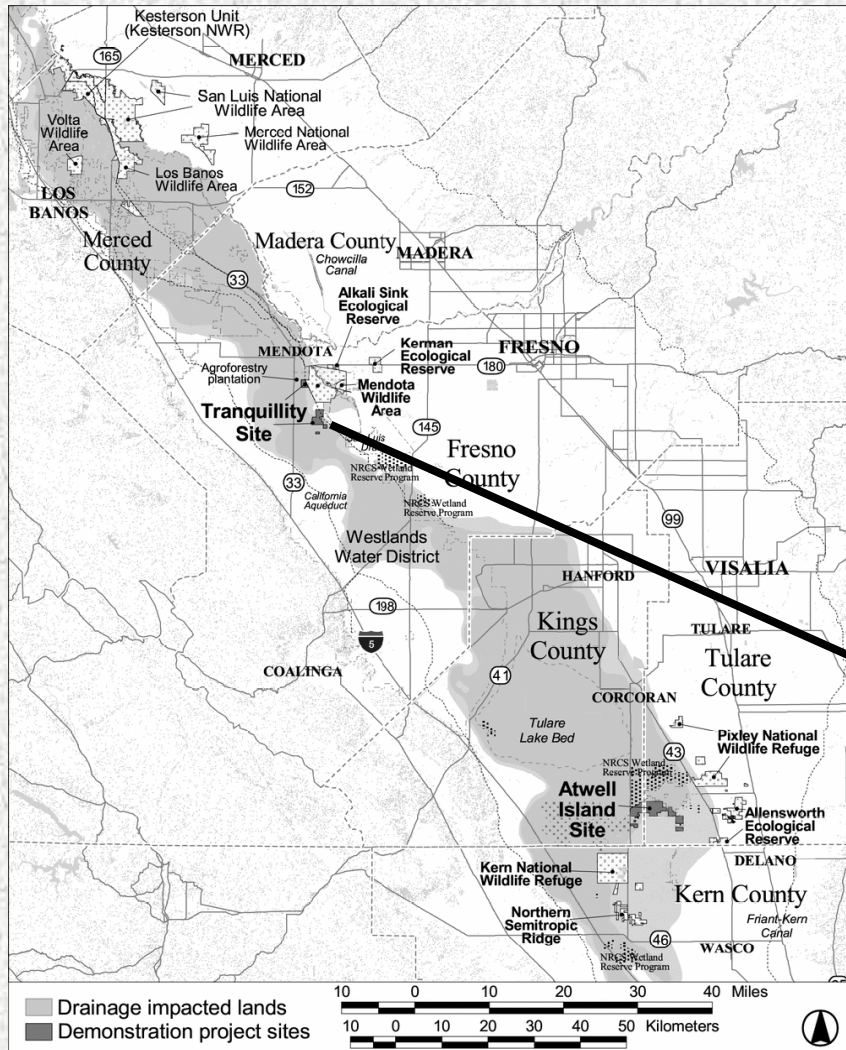
Site selection?

Habitat management for sustainability?

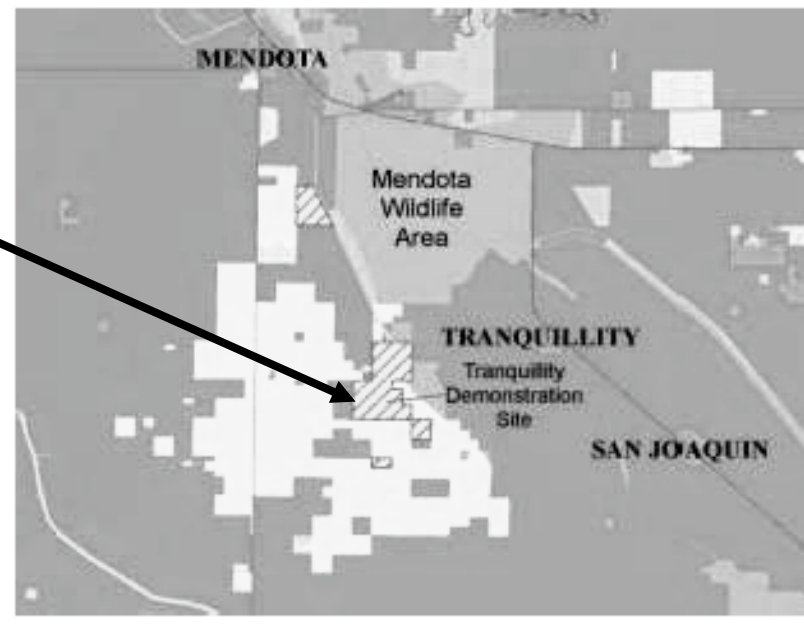
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Land Retirement Demonstration Project (LRDP)



Data on changes in vadose zone salinity levels as measured by electrical conductivity, groundwater quality with major ion chemistry, and shallow groundwater levels as compared to the base year of 1999. Precipitation and irrigation data for the period is available.



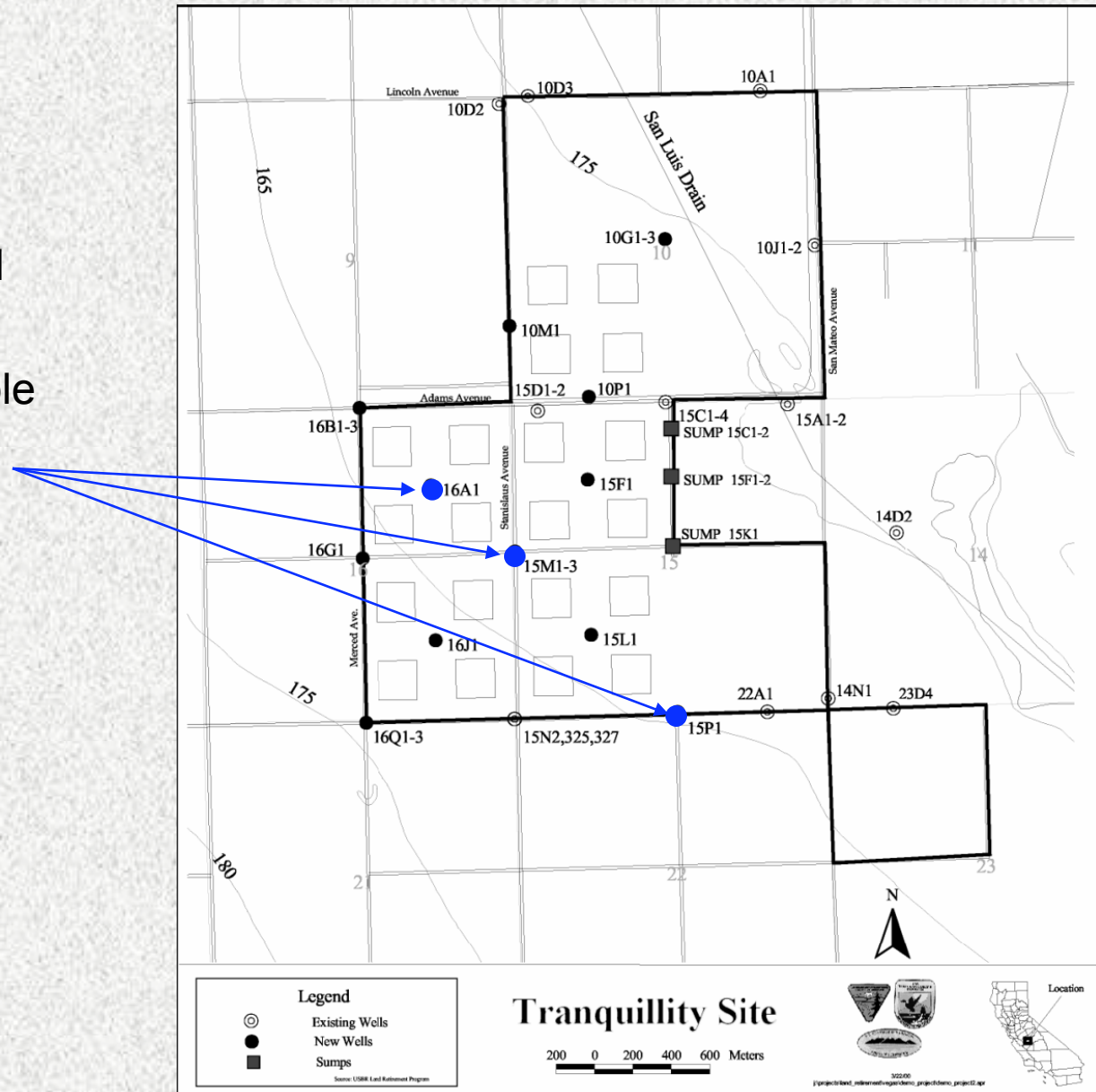
Tranquillity demonstration site <http://esrp.csustan.edu/projects/lrdp/restdata/>

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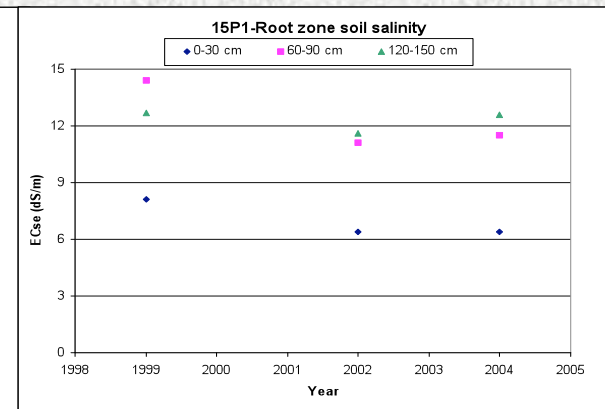
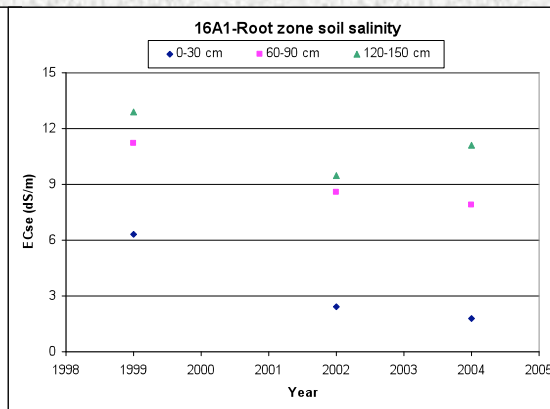
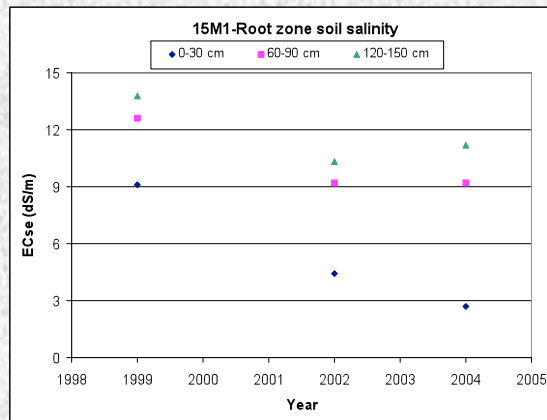
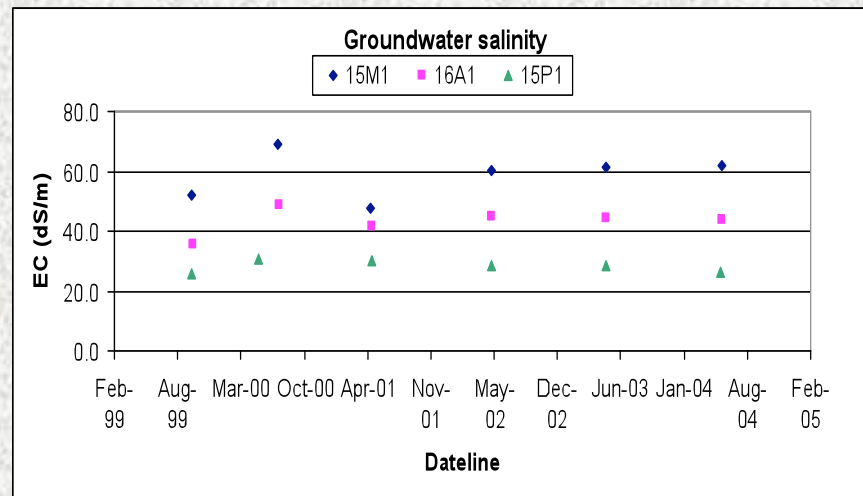
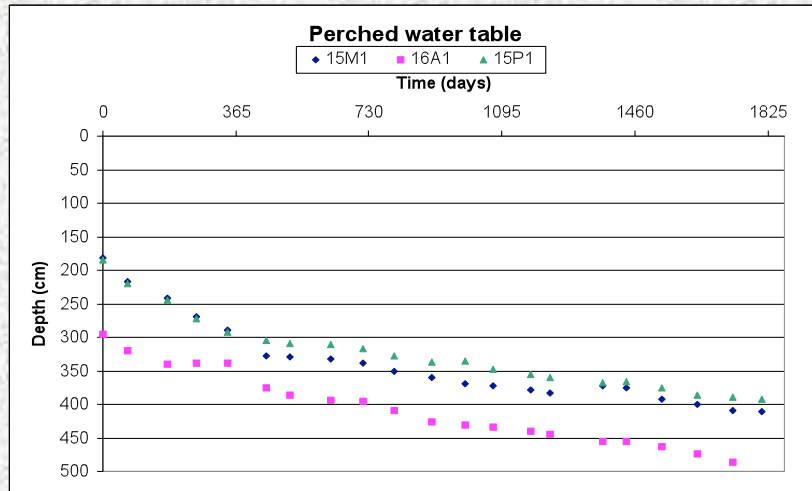
Land Retirement Demonstration Project (LRDP)

Time series of depth and quality of shallow groundwater as well as root zone salinity available at three sites.



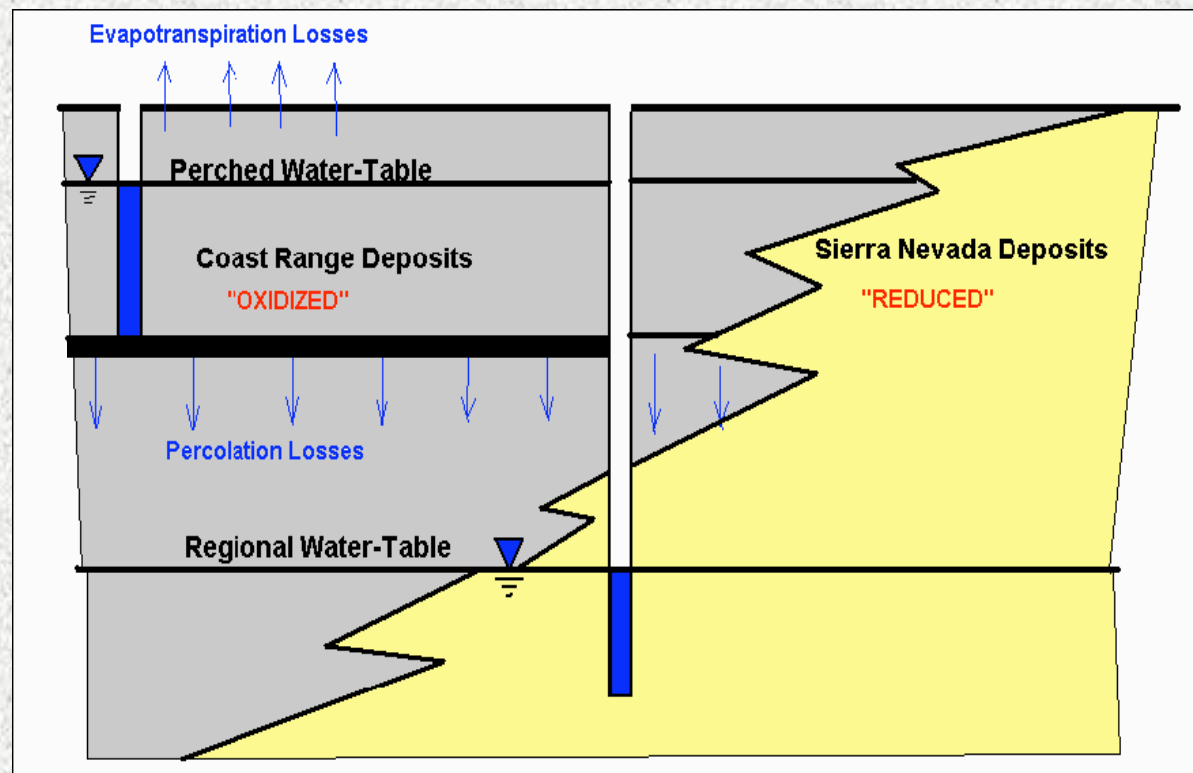
Land Retirement Demonstration Project (LRDP)

Time series of depth and quality of perched groundwater as well as root zone salinity available at three sites.

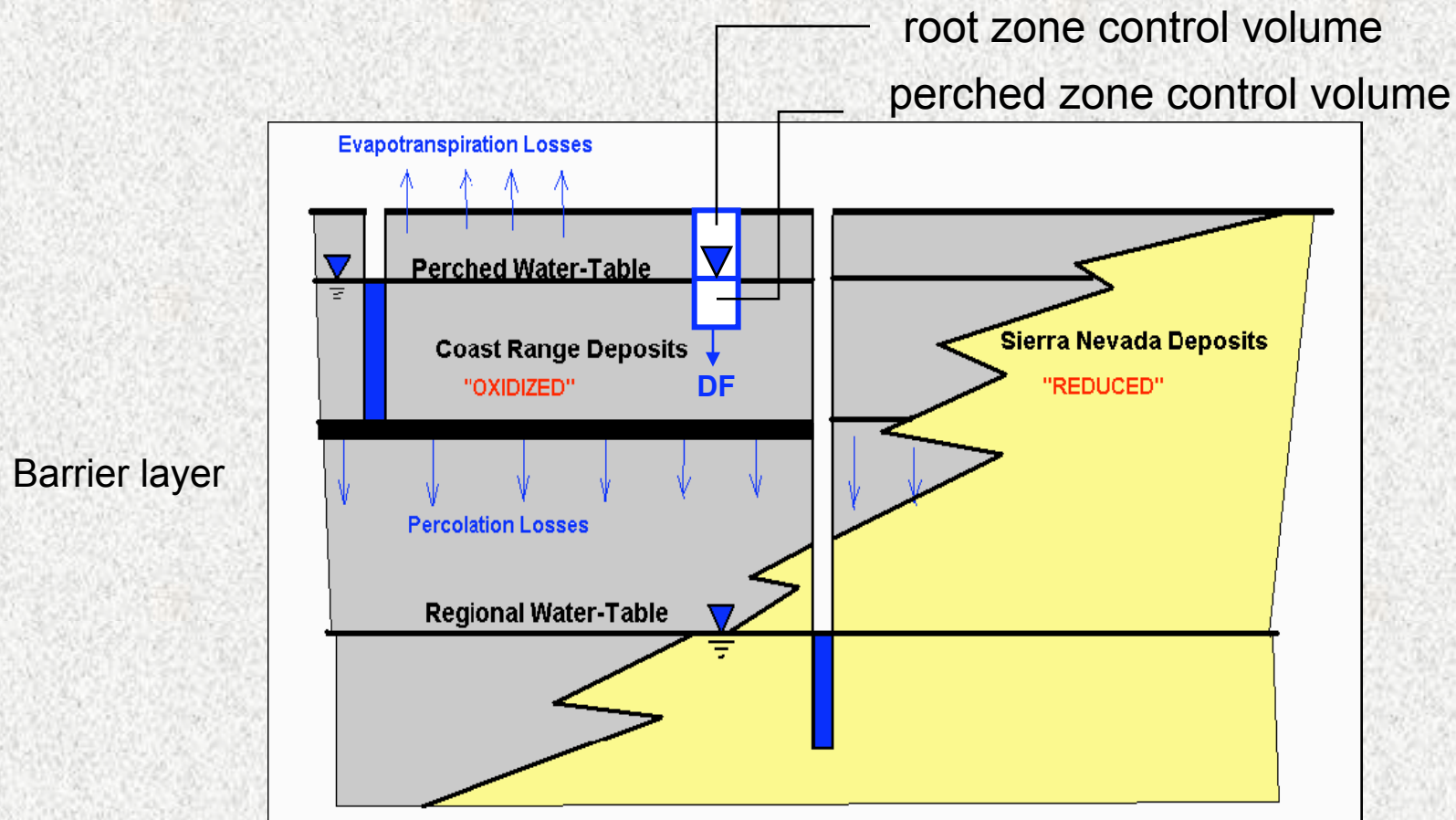


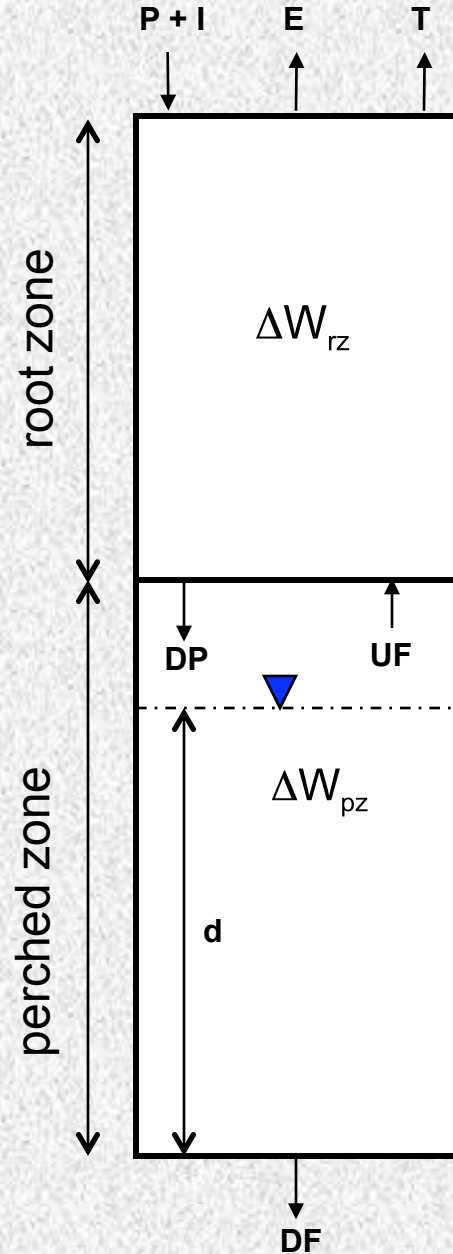
Hydrology

Barrier layer



Conceptual model





P = precipitation

I = irrigation

E = evaporation ?

T = transpiration ?

DP = deep percolation ?

UF = upward flux ?

ΔW_{rz} = change in root zone water storage?

d = depth of saturated soil in perched zone

DF = downward flux below perched zone ?

ΔW_{pz} = change in perched zone water storage?

? Simulate water and salt content and flow

Modeling tools

Šimůnek, J., M. Th. Van Genuchten, M. Šejna. 2005. The HYDRUS-1D software package for simulating one-dimensional movement of water, heat, and multiple solutes in variably saturated media, Version 3.0. U.S. Salinity Laboratory, USDA, ARS, Riverside, California.

Suarez, D. R. and P. Taber. 2007. Numerical software package for estimating changes in solution composition due to changes in soil water content. U.S. Salinity Laboratory, USDA, ARS, Riverside, California.

Doherty J., L. Brebber, P. Whyte. 2004. PEST: model independent parameter estimation. Watermark Computing Trademarks, Australian.

Initial and boundary conditions

Duration of simulation: 1827 days (5 years)

Start date: Oct. 1999

Time step: daily

Total depth: 500-600 cm

Depth step: cm

Initial conditions: Water and solute profiles

Water flow boundary conditions:

Precipitation and irrigation, ET barley cover crop (root depth 0.107 m, 181 days) with minimum irrigation first two years and no irrigation thereafter, variable flux at bottom

Solute transport boundary conditions:

Top concentration flux, bottom zero concentration gradient

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PEST

Observations:

Salinity profiles

Depth to groundwater

Parameters:

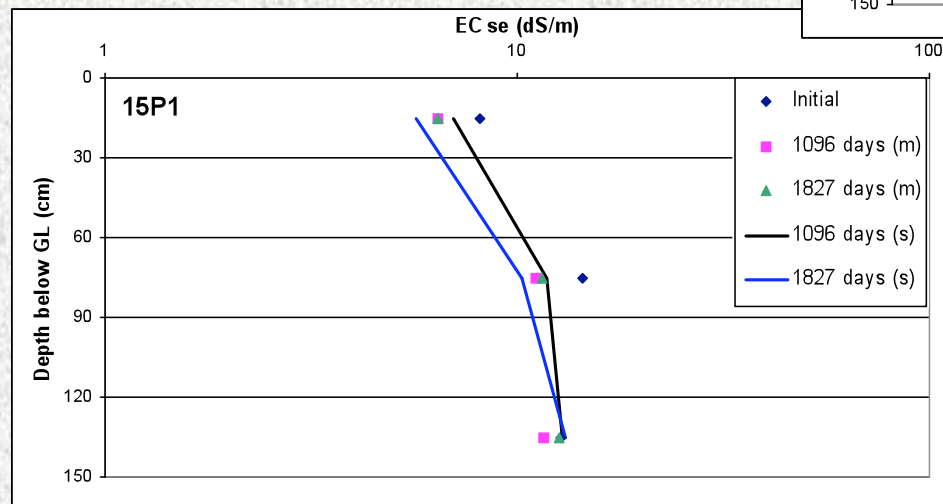
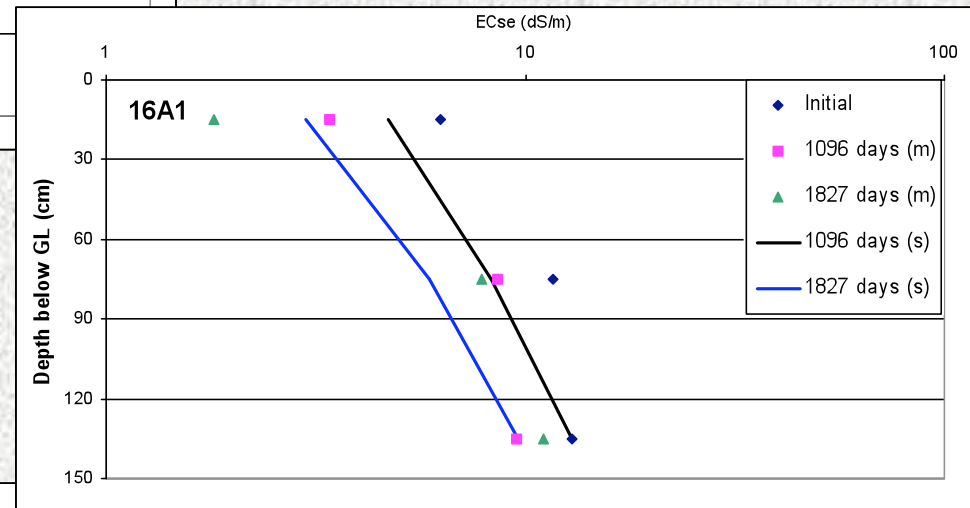
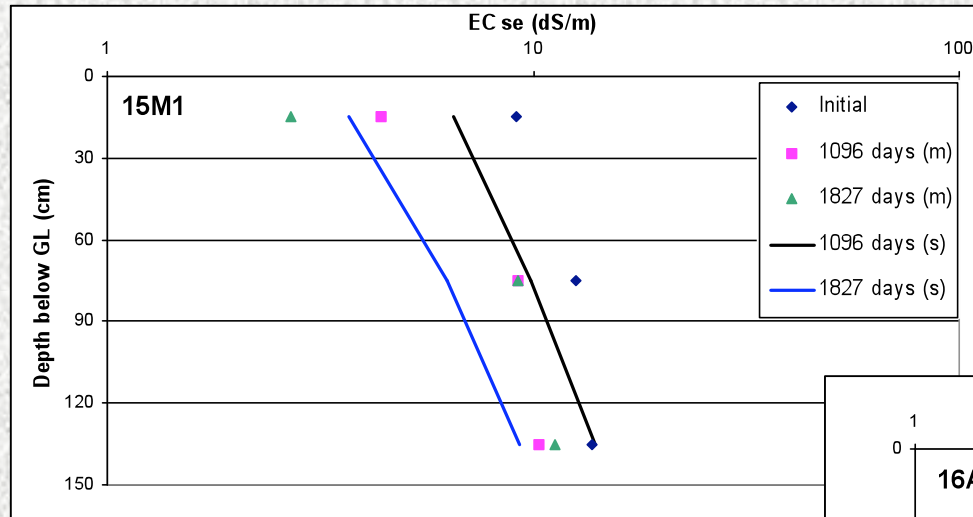
Soil hydraulic functions

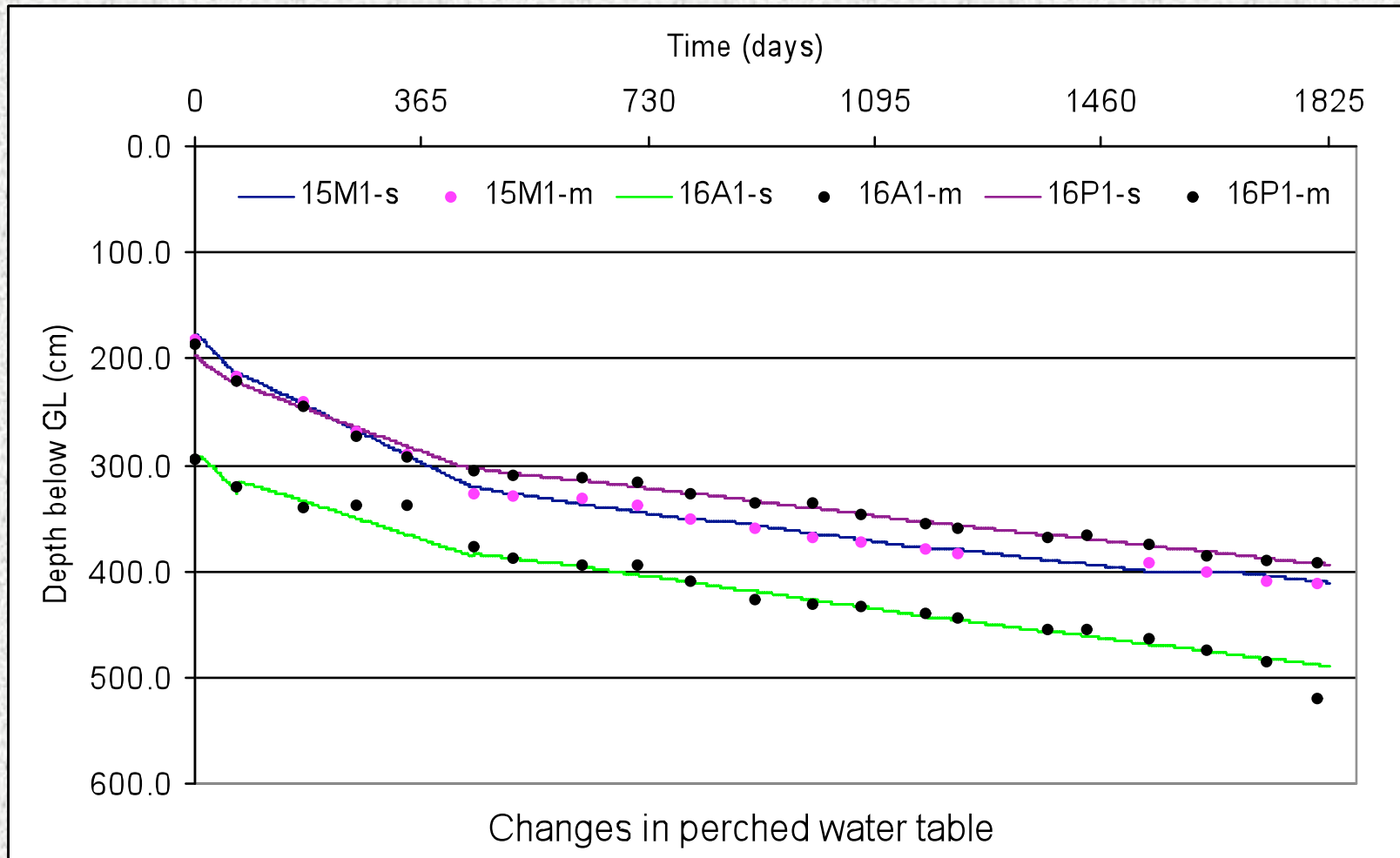
Solute transport functions

Bottom water flux

Inverse solution converged to narrow range of parameters.

PEST

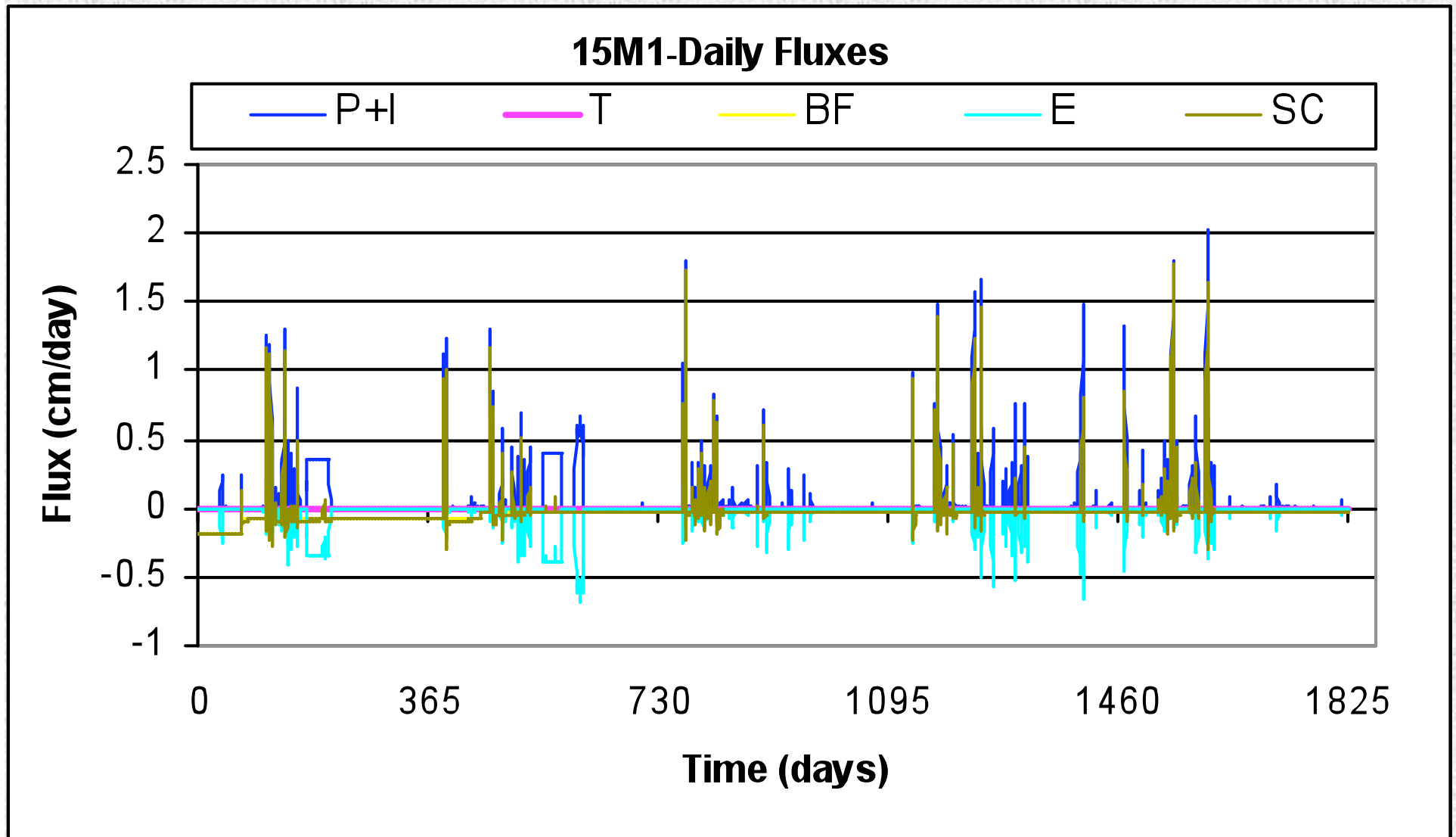


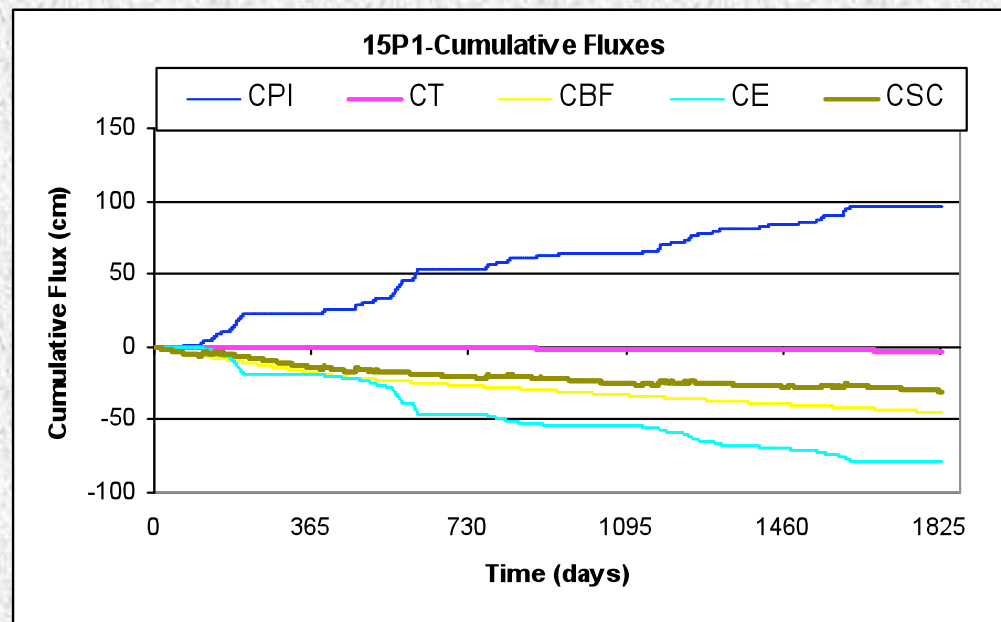
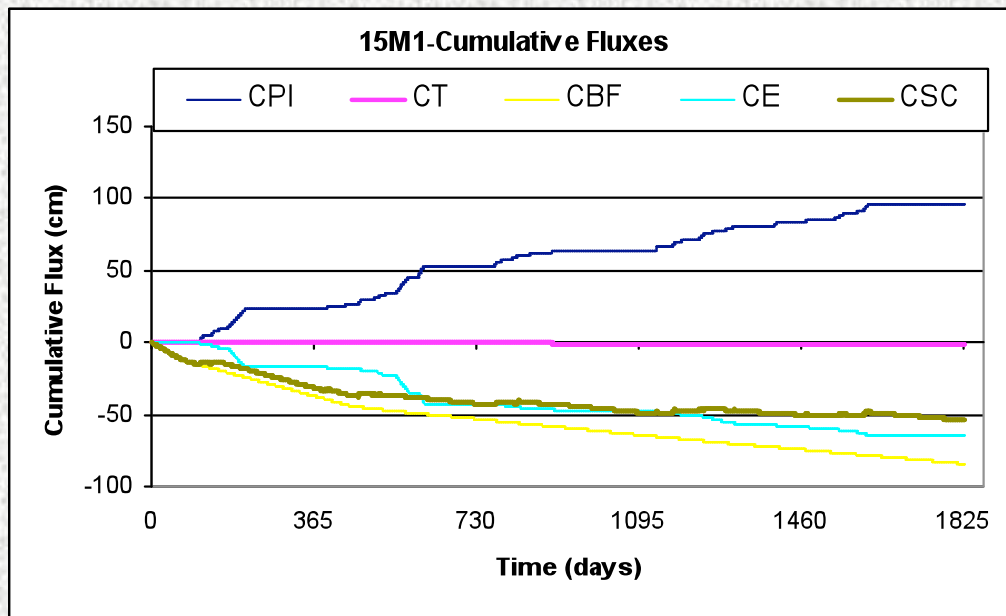


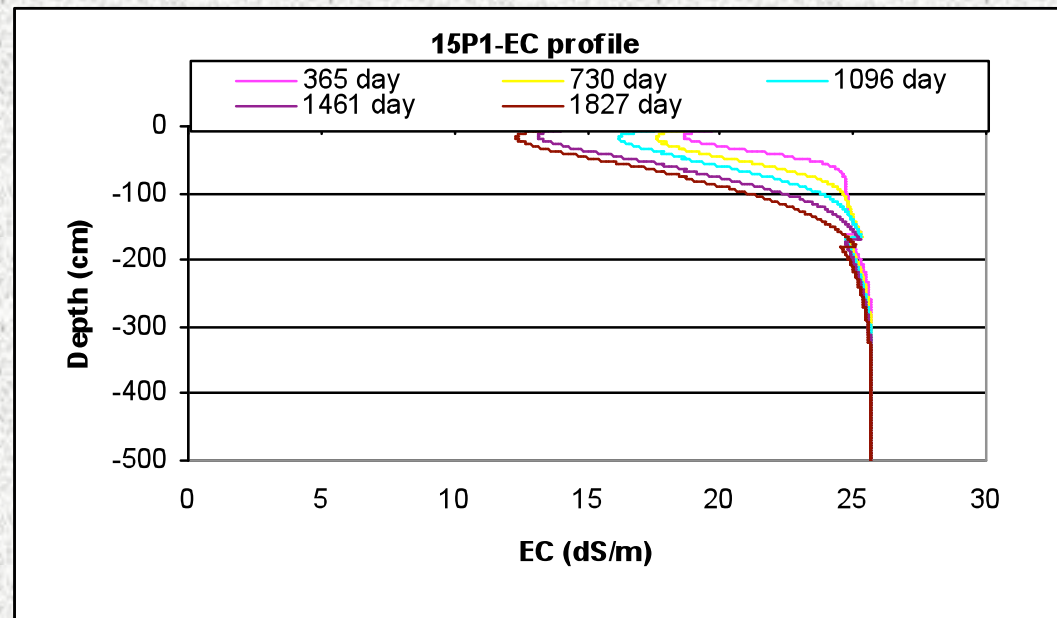
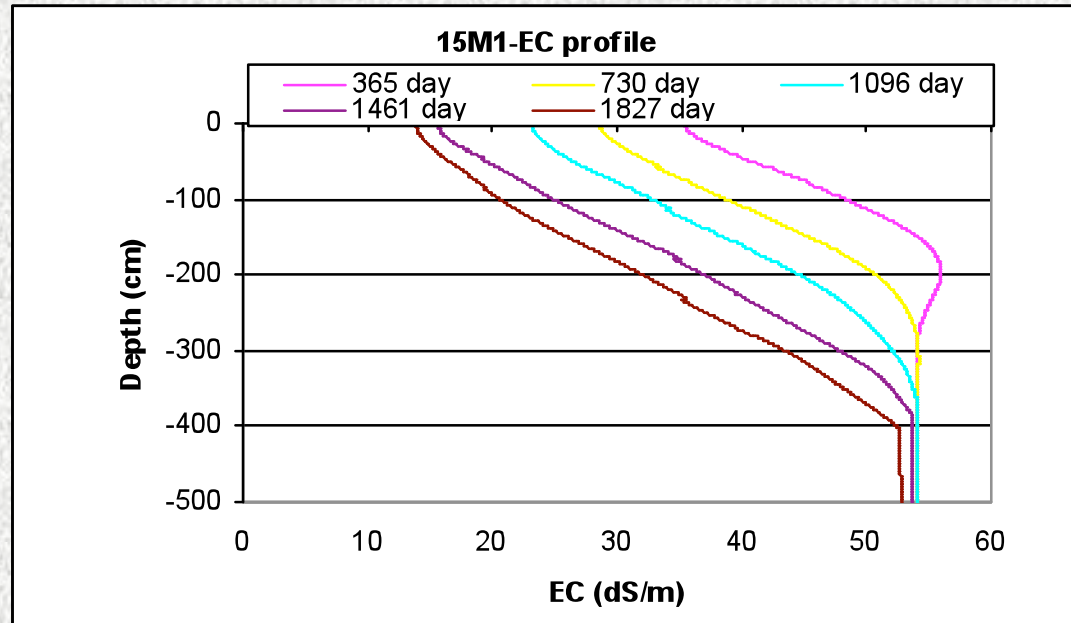
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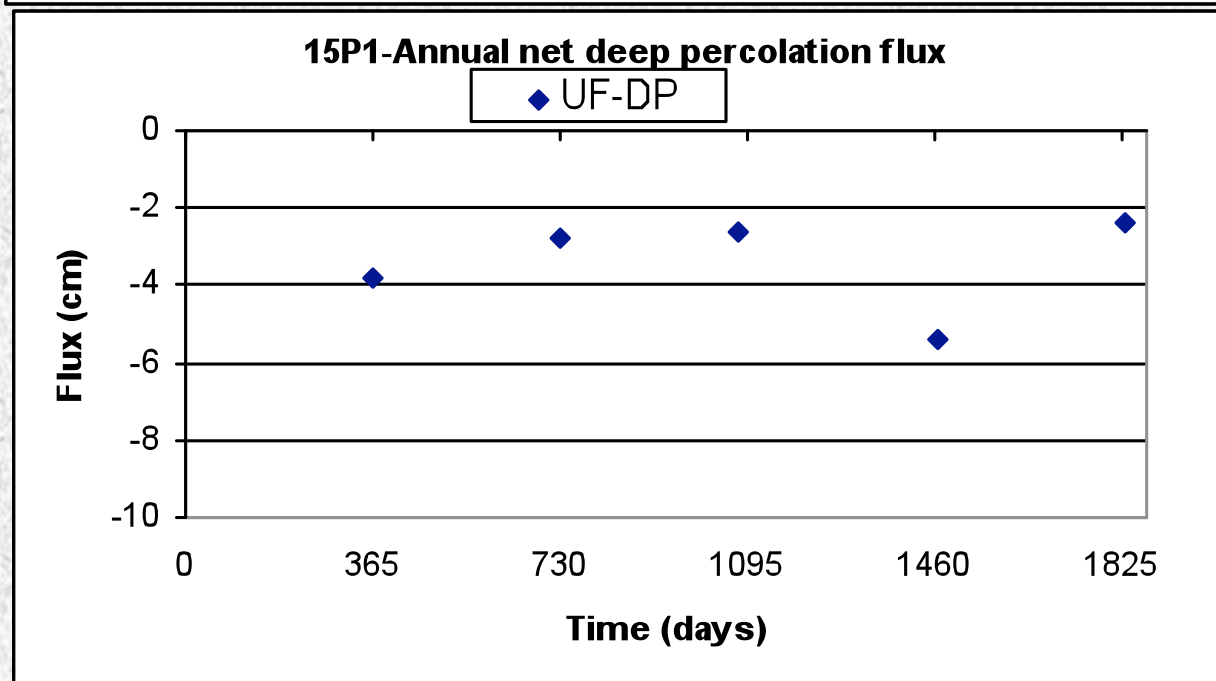
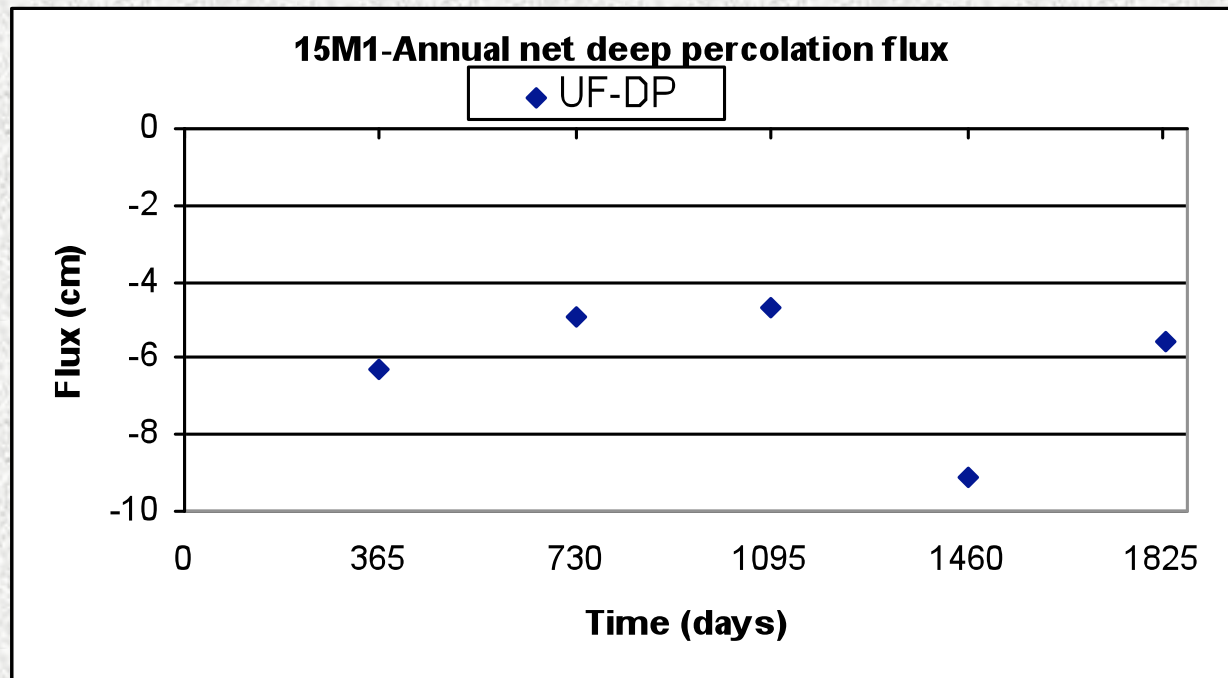
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Total control volume

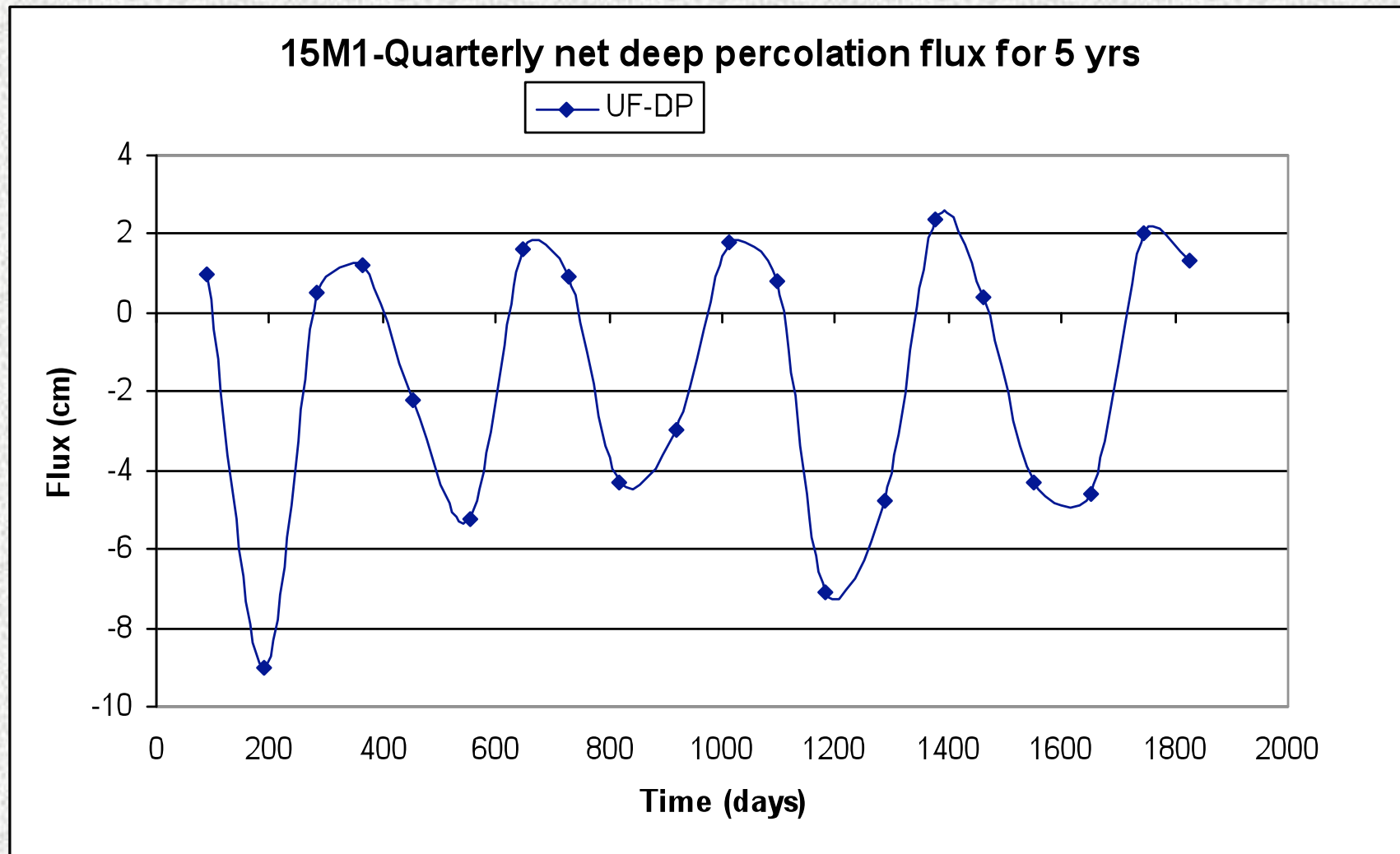


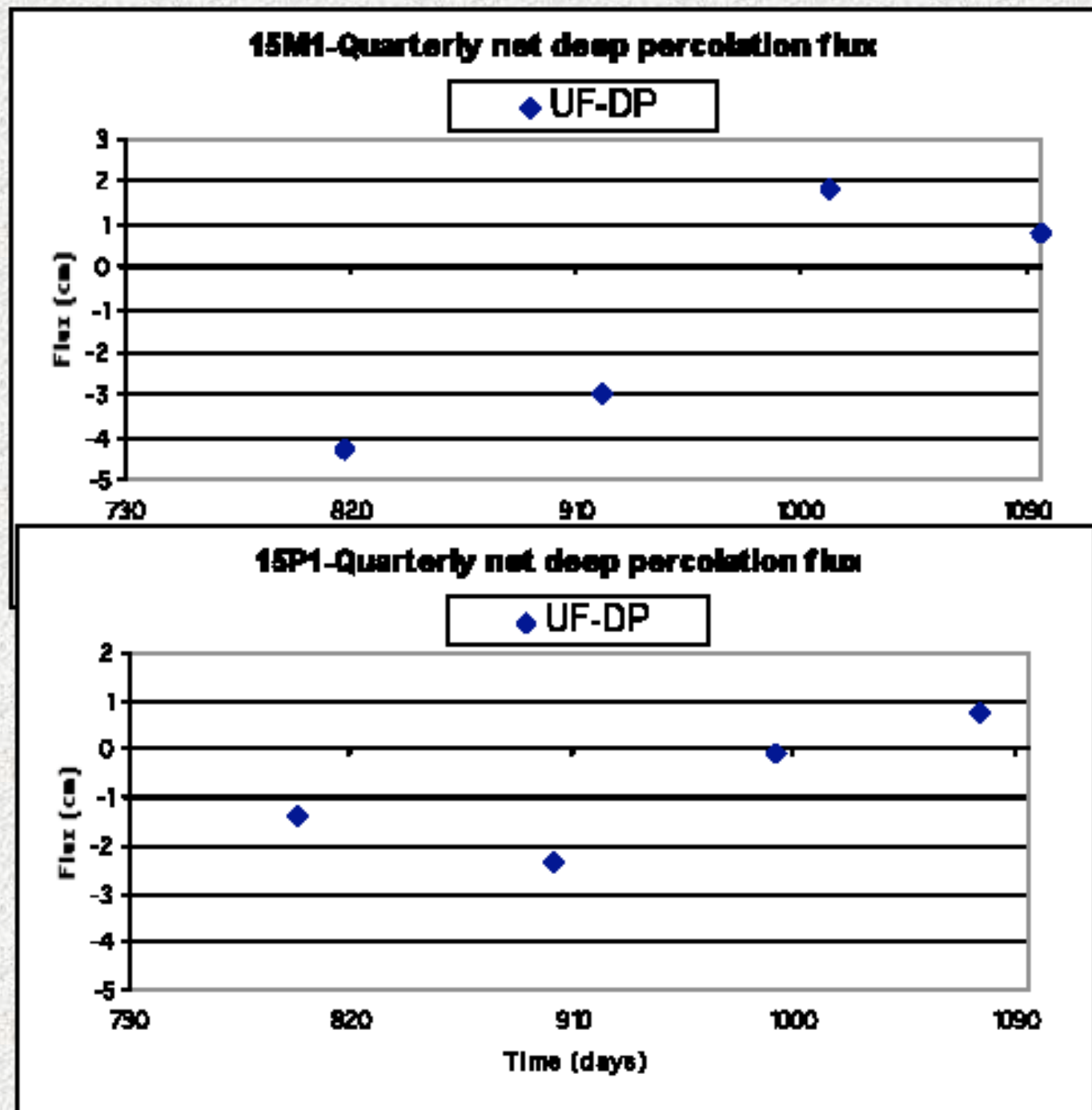


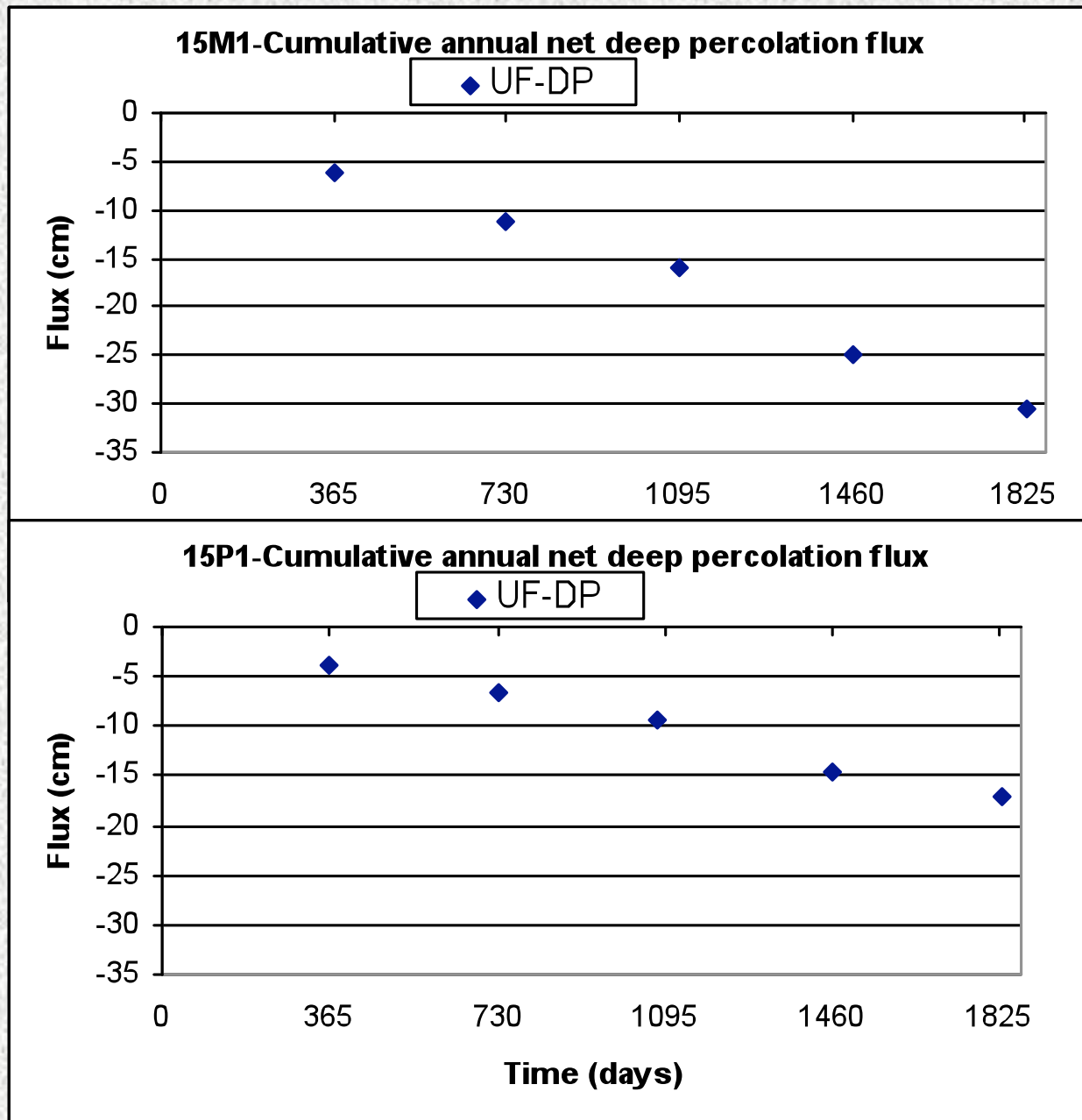




Root zone control volume

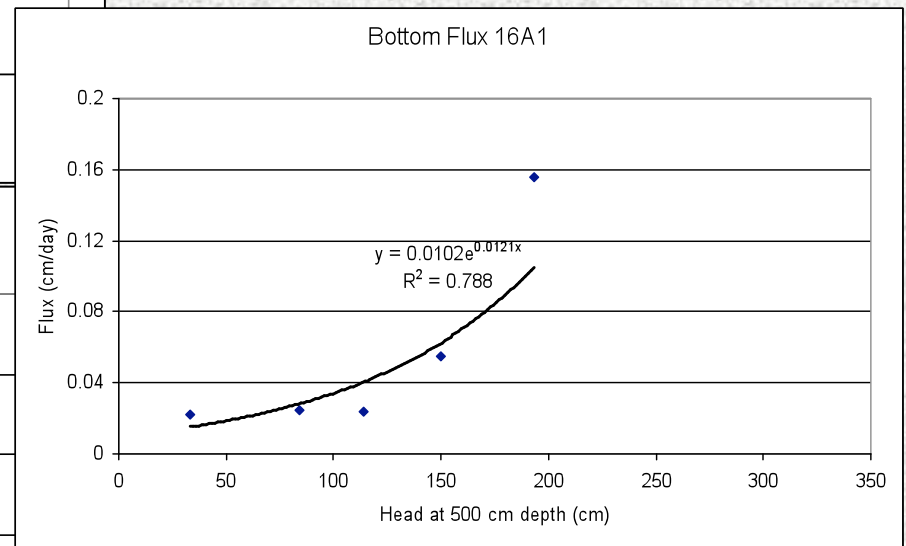
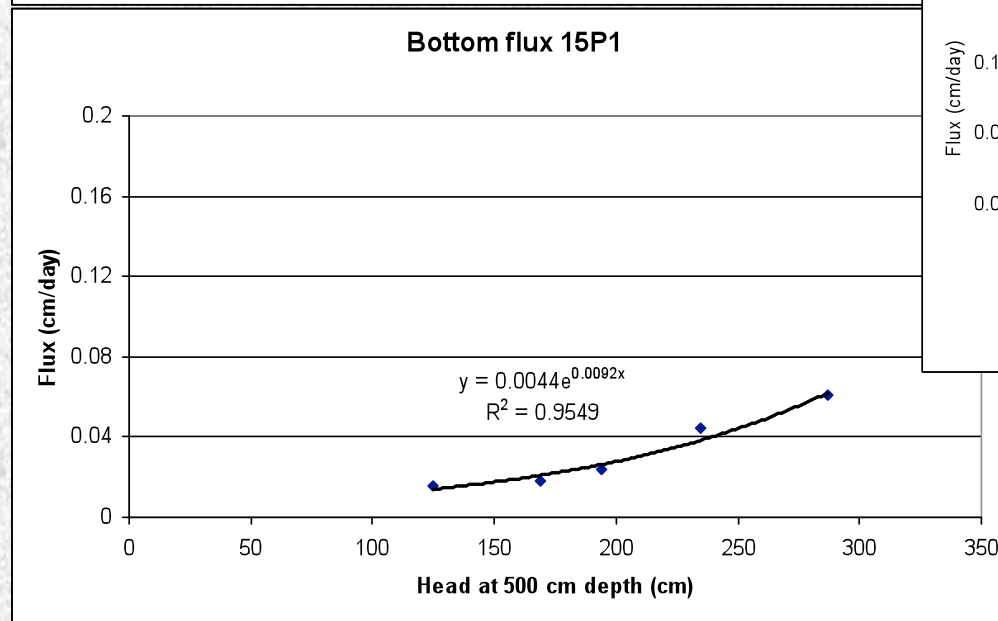
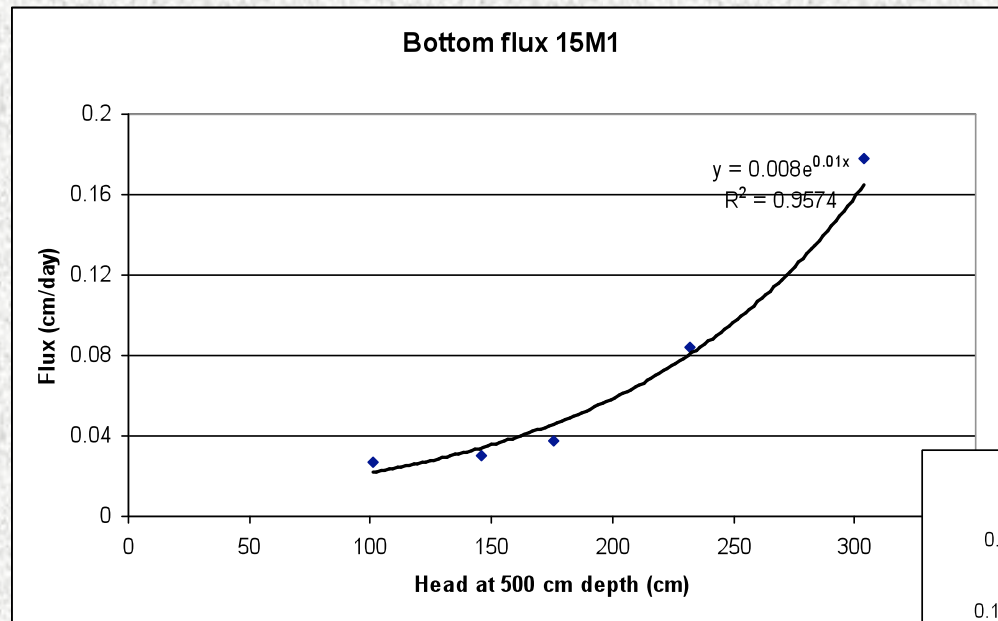


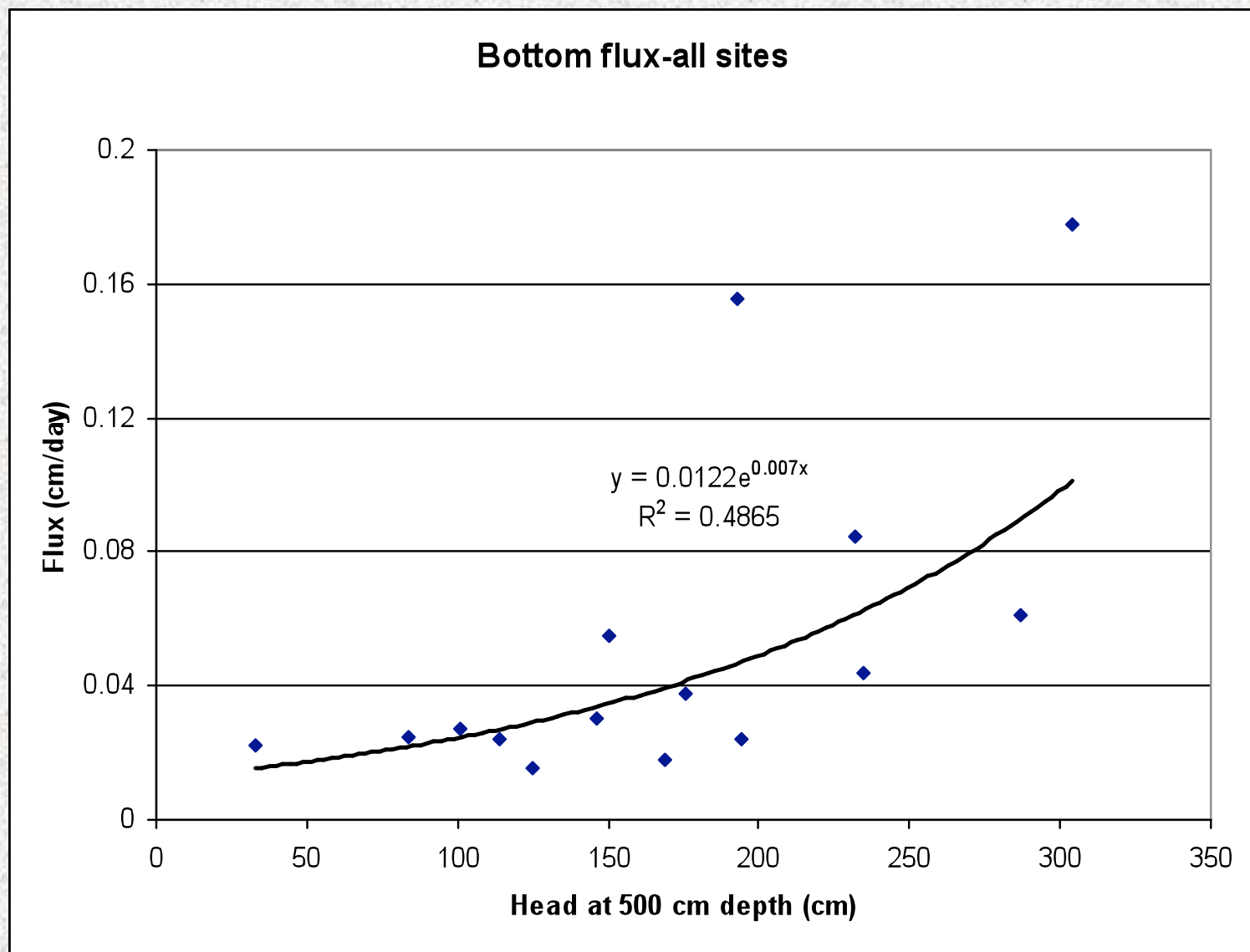




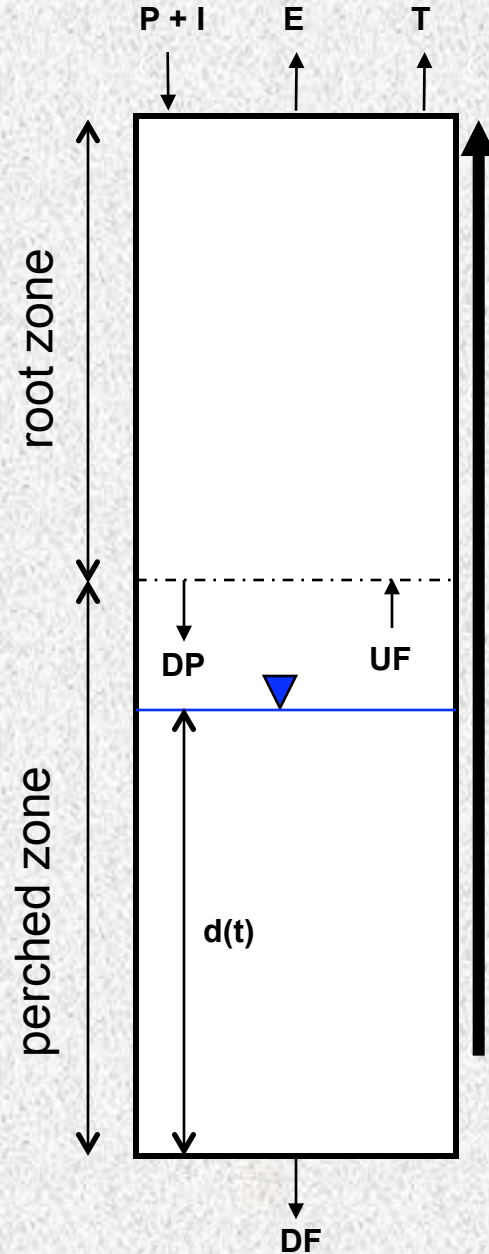
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Conclusion



Check salt balance in root zone for sustainability

Chose $P+I-E-T=(DP-UF)$

If d does not change $(DP-UF)=DF$

$DF(d(t))$ = downward flux below perched zone

A bottom up approach

Thank You!