



The California Central Valley Groundwater-Surface Water Simulation Model

Surface Water Processes

CWEMF C2VSim Workshop
January 23, 2013



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Outline

IWFM Surface Water Process

Stream Reach Budget

IWFM Small-Stream Watersheds Process

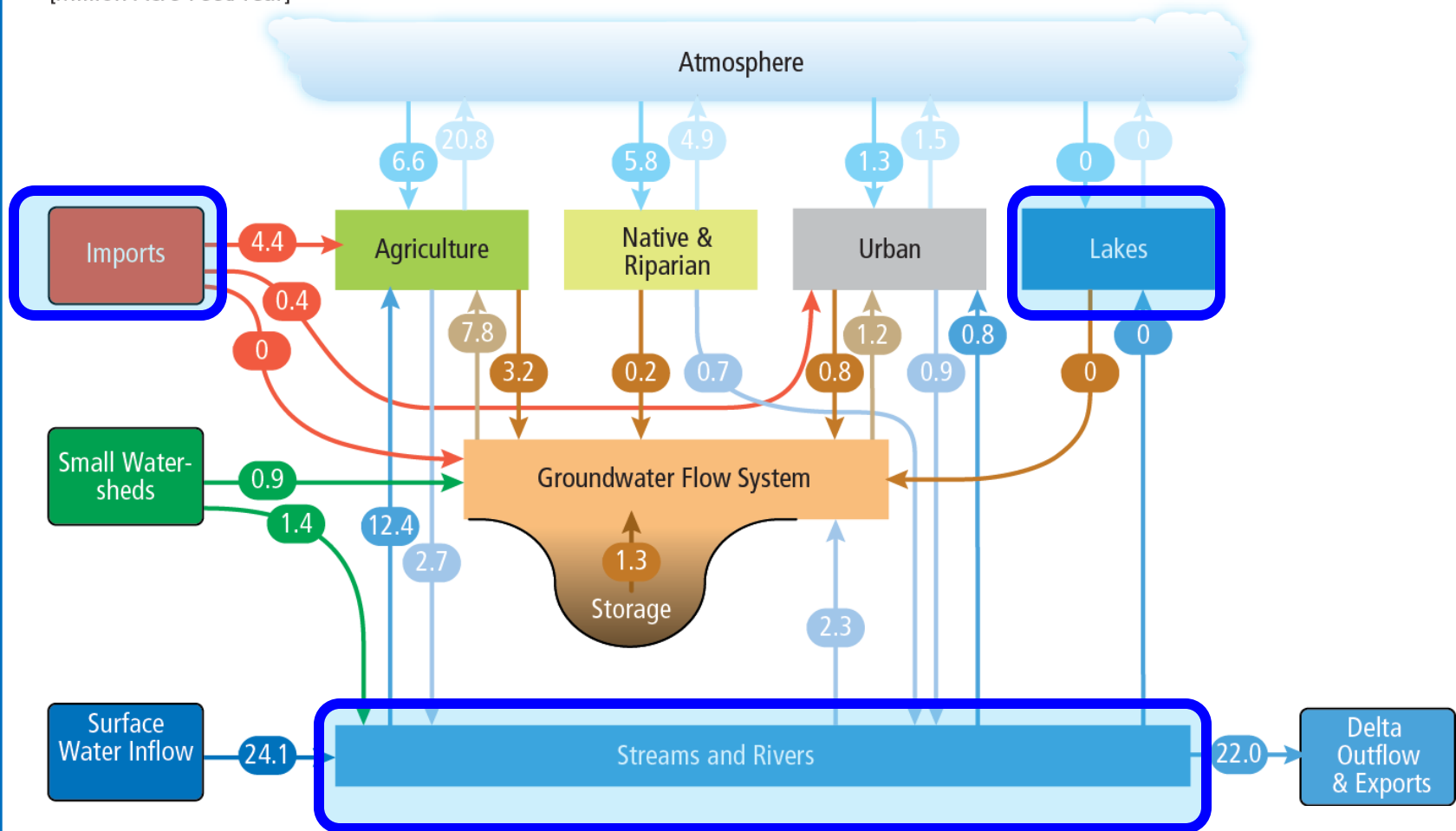
Small Watersheds Budget

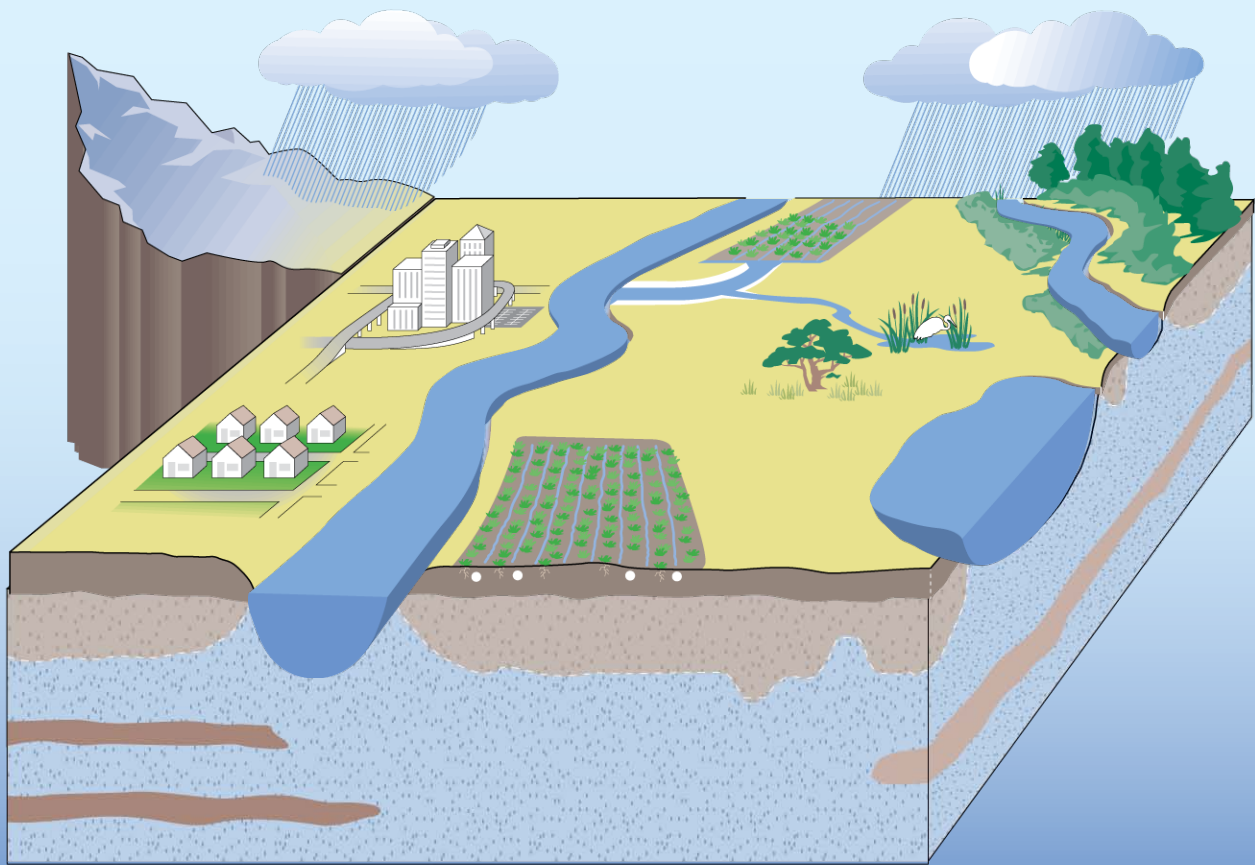
C2VSim Results

IWFM Surface Water Process

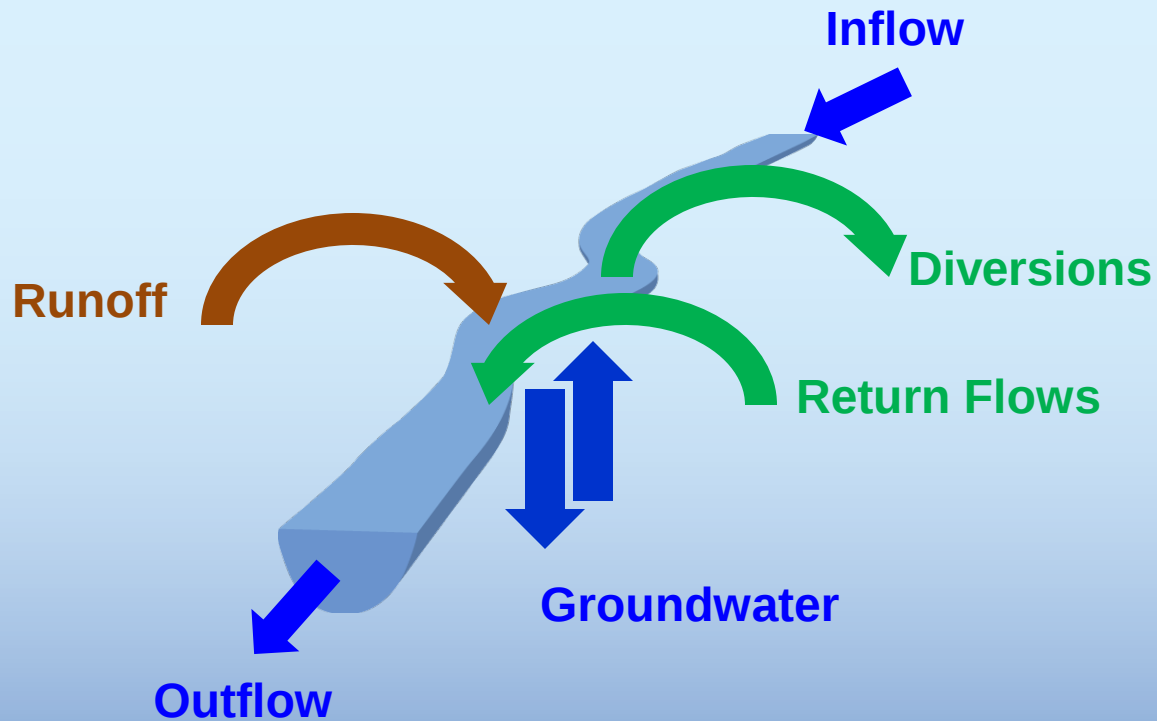
Simulated Annual Water Budget

Average Flows for water years 2000-2009
[Million Acre-Feet/Year]

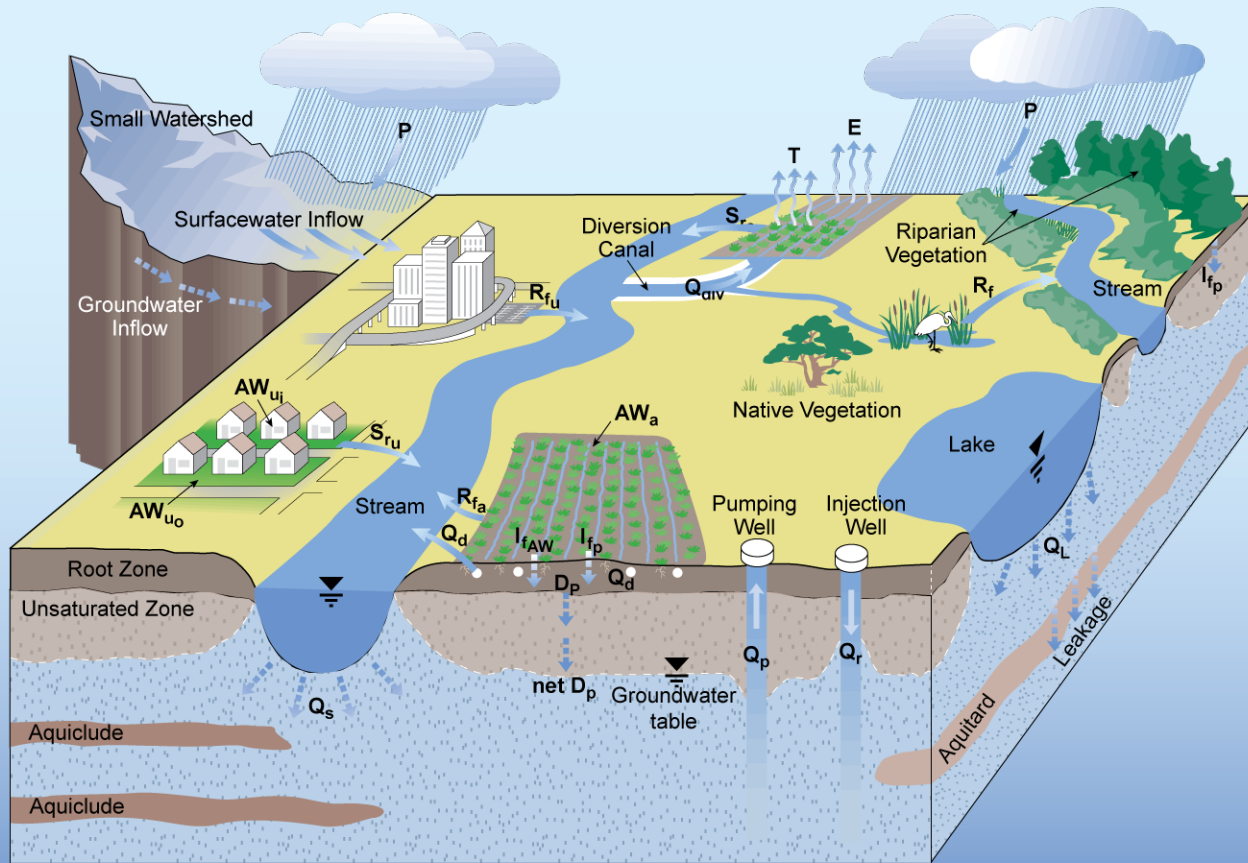




Surface Water Process

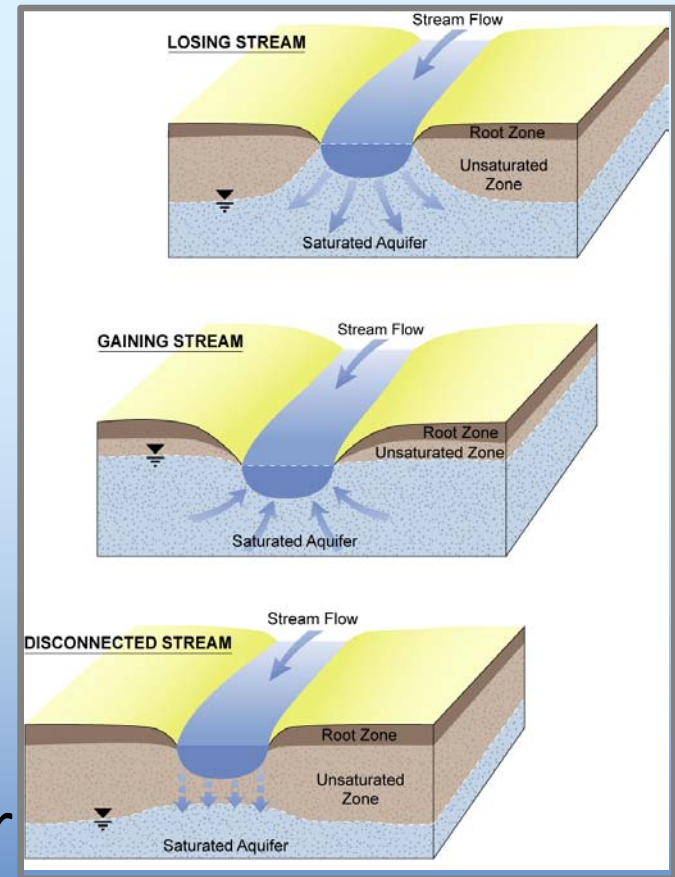


IWFM



Stream Flow and Stream-Aquifer Interaction

- Assumption of zero storage at a stream node in computing stream flows; i.e. total inflow equals total outflow
- Fully coupled stream and groundwater conservation equations
- Simultaneous solution of stream and groundwater equations results in the computation of stream-aquifer interaction



Stream Flow

- Assumption of zero storage at a stream node

$$Q_s - Q_{\text{sin}} + Q_{\text{sout}} = 0$$

Q_s = stream flow, (L^3/T)

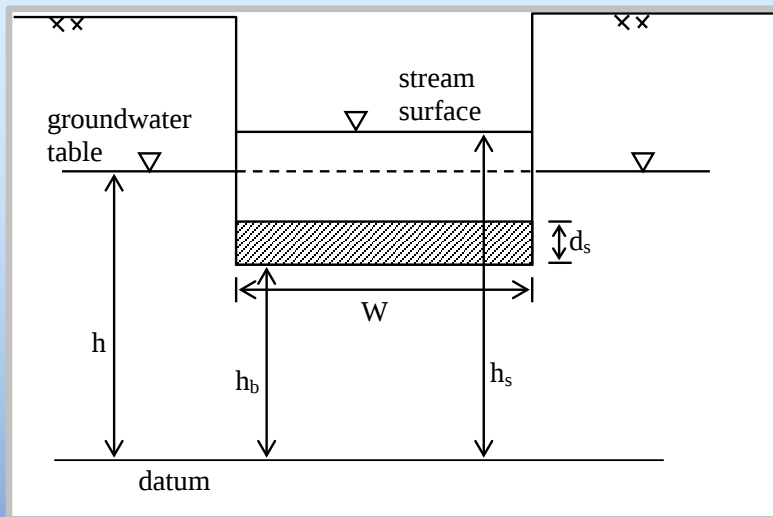
Q_{sin} = inflows into stream (flow from upstream nodes, return flow, rainfall runoff, tributary inflows, tile drain, lake outflow, bypass, user specified flows), (L^3/T)

Q_{sout} = outflows from stream (diversions, bypass flows, stream-aquifer interaction), (L^3/T)

- Assumption requires simulation time step to be large enough for stream flow to travel from upstream to downstream in a single time step

Stream-Groundwater Interaction

$$Q_{\text{sint}} = C_s \left[\max(h_s, h_b) - \max(h, h_b) \right] ; \quad C_s = \frac{K_s L W}{d_s}$$



Q_{sint} = stream-aquifer interaction, (L^3/T)

h = groundwater head, (L)

h_s = stream surface elevation, (L)

h_b = stream bottom elevation, (L)

K_s = stream bed hydraulic conductivity, (L/T)

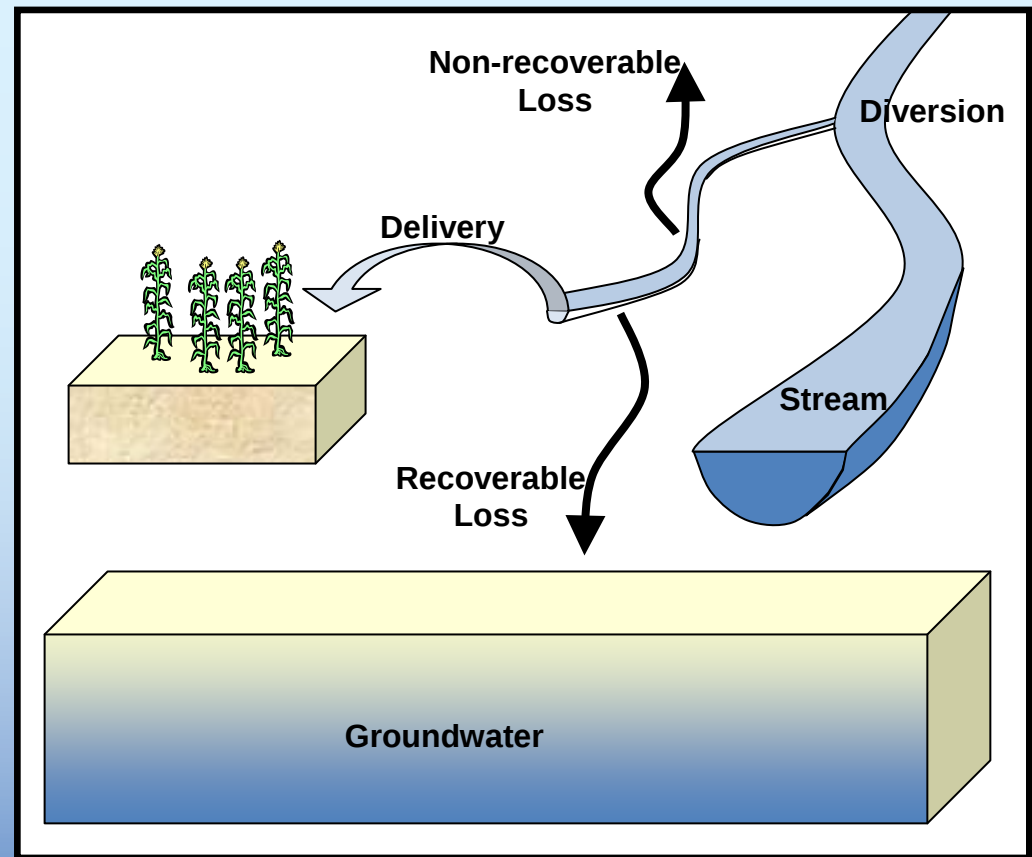
d_s = stream bed thickness, (L)

L = length of stream segment, (L)

W = channel width, (L)

Stream Diversions

- Used to meet agricultural and urban water demands
- User-specified fractions of diversion become recoverable (recharge to groundwater) and non-recoverable (evaporation) losses
- May be used to simulate spreading basins (100% recoverable and non-recoverable losses)



Lake-Groundwater Interaction

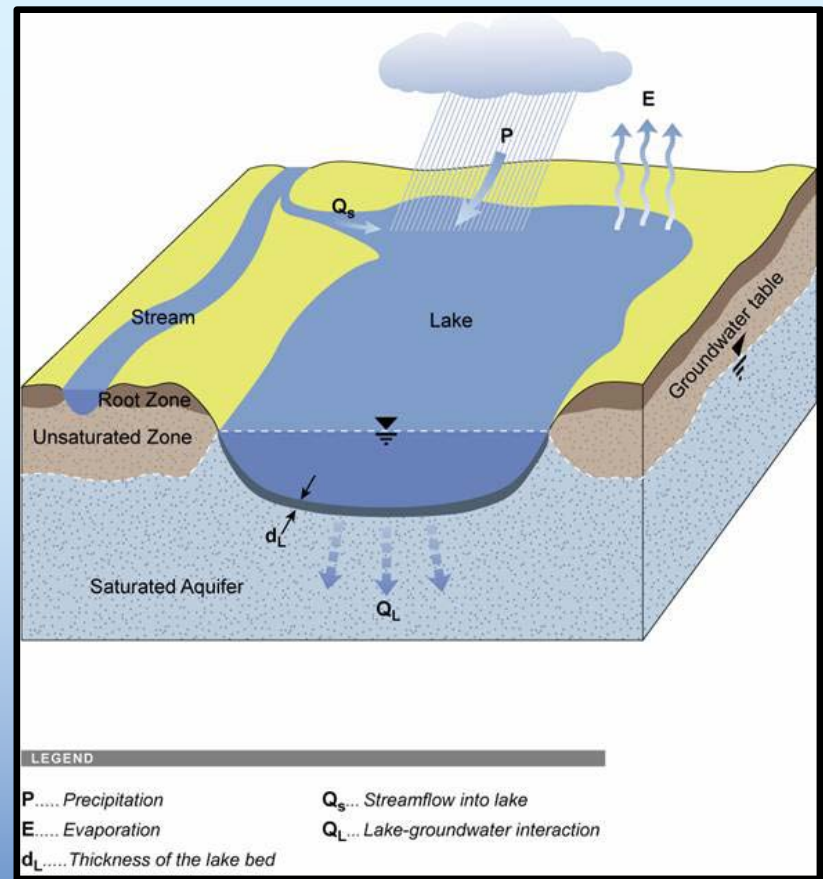
- One or more elements can be specified as lake elements
- Lakes are fully coupled with groundwater
- Lake storage is a function of precipitation, evaporation, inflows, lake-aquifer interaction and lake outflow

$$\frac{\Delta S_{lk}}{\Delta t} - Q_{lkin} + Q_{lkout} = 0$$

ΔS_{lk} = change in lake storage, (L^3)

Q_{lkin} = lake inflow (precipitation, inflows from streams and upstream lakes), (L^3/T)

Q_{lkout} = lake outflow (evaporation, lake spill, lake-aquifer interaction), (L^3/T)



Lake-Groundwater Interaction

$$Q_{lkint} = C_{lk} \left[\max(h_{lk}, h_{blk}) - \max(h, h_{blk}) \right] ; \quad C_{lk} = \frac{K_{lk}}{d_{lk}} A_{lk}$$

Q_{lkint} = lake-aquifer interaction, (L^3/T)

h = groundwater head, (L)

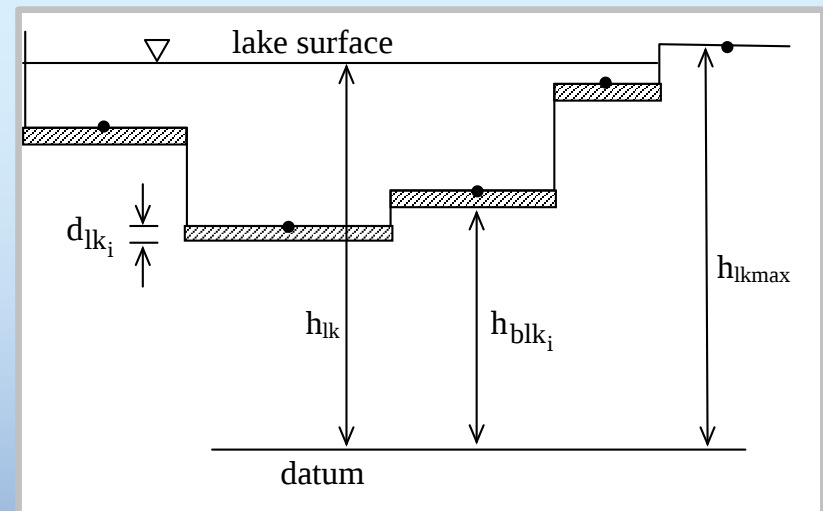
h_{lk} = lake surface elevation, (L)

h_{blk} = lake bottom elevation, (L)

K_{lk} = lake bed hydraulic conductivity, (L/T)

d_{lk} = lake bed thickness, (L)

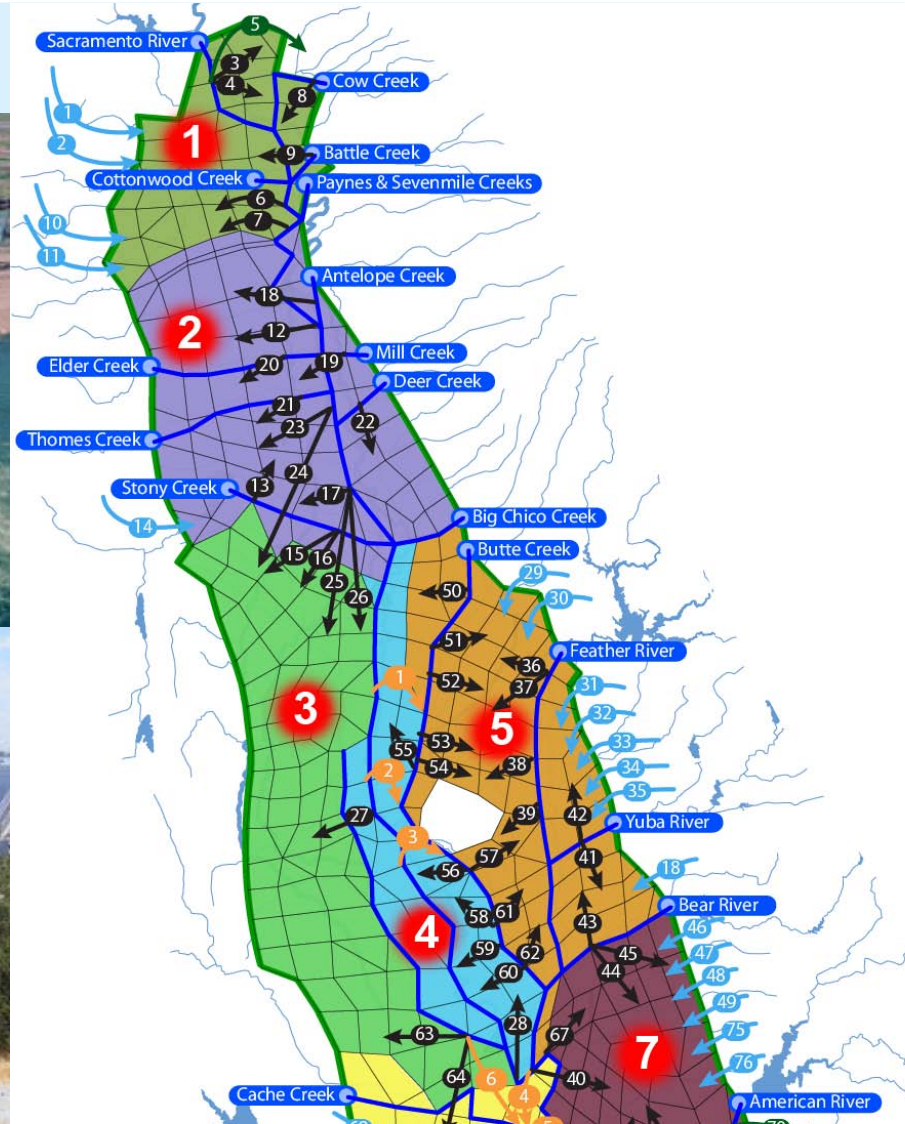
A_{lk} = area of lake, (L)



- Lake outflow is computed when lake surface elevation exceeds maximum lake elevation
- Lake outflow can be directed to a stream node or a downstream lake

Inflows

Monthly at 38 locations



Inflows File

```

C-----
C      VALUE      DESCRIPTION
C-----
      41           / NCOLSTRM
      43560000.0   / FACTSTRM (TAF/mon --> ft^3/mon)
      1            / NSPSTRM
      0            / NFQSTRM
                  / DSSFL
C-----

C-----
C IRST
C-----
      205          / 1:   205  Sacramento River
      211          / 2:   211  Cow Creek
      220          / 3:   220  Battle Creek
      218          / 4:   218  Cottonwood Creek
      225          / 5:   225  Paynes and Sevenmile Creek
      233          / 6:   233  Antelope Creek Group
      243          / 7:   243  Mill Creek
      237          / 8:   237  Elder Creek
      248          / 9:   248  Thomas Creek
      256          /10:   256  Deer Creek Group
      263          /11:   263  Stony Creek
      269          /12:   269  Big Chico Creek
      283          /13:   283  Butte and Chico Creek
      341          /14:   341  Feather River
      349          /15:   349  Yuba River
      357          /16:   357  Bear River
      390          /17:   390  Cache Creek
      374          /18:   374  American River
      400          /19:   400  Putah Creek
      188          /20:   188  Consumnes River
      182          /21:   182  Dry Creek
      173          /22:   173  Mokelumne River
      161          /23:   161  Calaveras River
      146          /24:   146  Stanislaus River

```

Inflows File

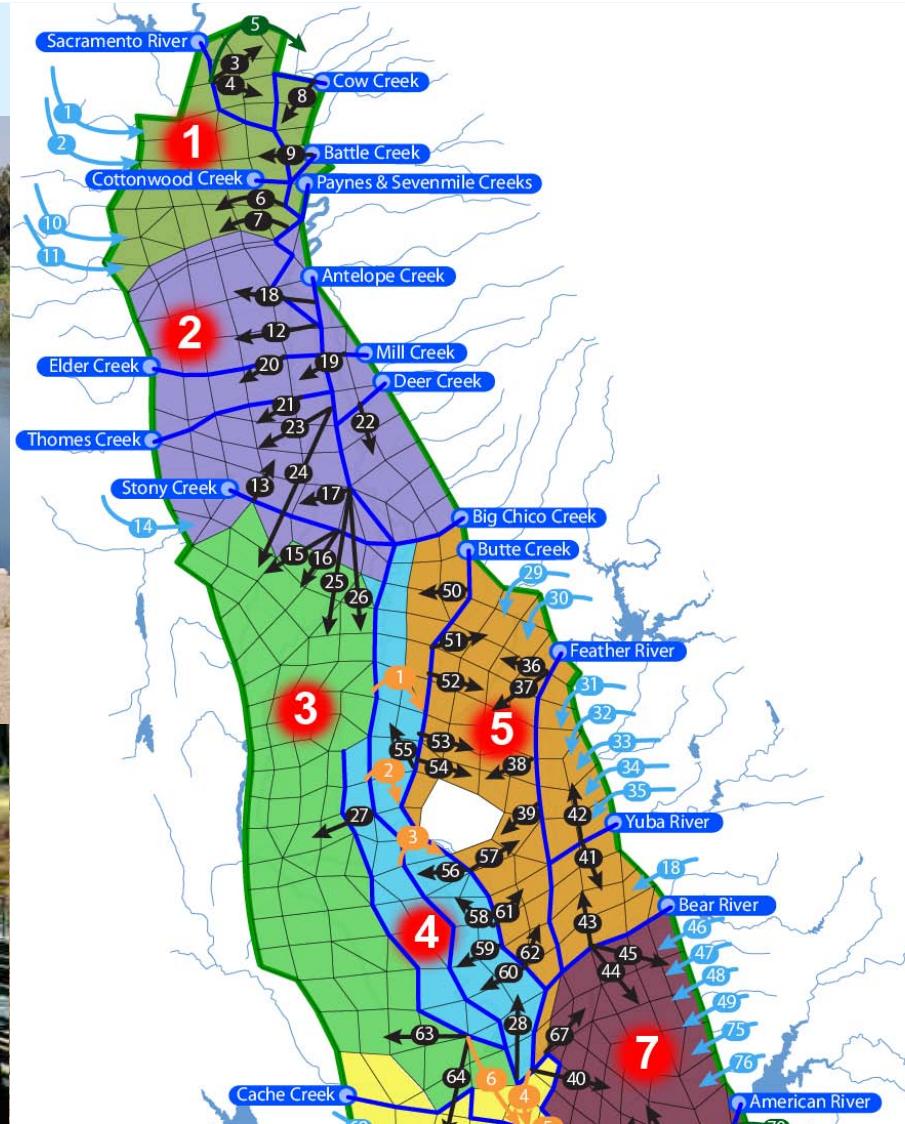
Sacramento River

C-----																
C	ITST	ASTRM(1)	ASTRM(2)	ASTRM(3)	...											
C		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
C-----																
	10/31/1921_24:00	232.000	7.500	15.700	9.000	0.560	6.592	6.900	0.500	0.197	10.534	1.700	1.890	11.904	99.241	20.3
	11/30/1921_24:00	237.000	22.500	19.500	17.900	1.030	6.180	6.400	1.000	1.077	11.626	1.000	2.640	11.904	97.051	27.0
	12/31/1921_24:00	335.000	49.600	29.100	52.600	6.320	18.128	18.700	4.000	18.539	34.061	9.000	9.760	30.876	190.489	119
	01/31/1922_24:00	302.000	78.000	36.500	89.500	6.040	13.802	14.200	3.000	24.810	25.997	8.000	8.250	25.420	184.647	121
	02/28/1922_24:00	547.000	71.200	33.400	96.700	20.690	37.904	39.100	8.000	24.025	71.651	52.000	25.780	62.124	390.538	338
	03/31/1922_24:00	610.000	56.800	33.700	84.800	13.190	27.810	28.600	7.000	19.774	52.453	27.050	18.980	47.988	447.937	274
	04/30/1922_24:00	780.000	40.300	33.000	56.800	8.340	31.312	32.400	8.000	58.475	59.296	37.250	19.820	52.452	827.107	414
	05/31/1922_24:00	629.000	26.700	33.000	33.900	3.970	43.054	44.500	4.000	40.348	81.553	25.950	18.130	71.796	1469.554	
	06/30/1922_24:00	338.000	9.000	24.100	15.900	0.460	24.720	25.600	1.000	4.760	46.939	6.900	6.190	43.772	659.901	662
	07/31/1922_24:00	240.000	2.400	16.300	6.200	0.050	8.446	8.800	0.500	1.119	15.923	6.200	2.210	17.980	165.586	94.5
	08/31/1922_24:00	214.000	1.600	13.000	4.700	0.040	5.974	6.100	0.500	0.118	11.411	5.200	1.670	11.532	106.558	31.7
	09/30/1922_24:00	202.000	2.700	12.600	5.200	0.080	5.356	5.400	0.500	0.009	9.947	4.500	1.510	9.548	92.886	17.4
	10/31/1922_24:00	232.000	6.100	12.700	7.300	0.410	7.210	6.200	0.500	1.119	10.370	2.050	1.790	10.912	101.455	22.3
	11/30/1922_24:00	255.000	18.200	15.800	14.500	2.640	13.802	11.800	1.000	5.111	18.353	10.700	4.420	19.096	141.858	55.8
	12/31/1922_24:00	336.000	40.100	23.500	42.600	15.350	44.702	38.300	4.000	28.856	63.273	36.000	19.500	56.792	383.129	308
	01/31/1923_24:00	399.000	63.100	29.500	72.400	7.940	24.308	20.700	4.000	28.383	34.265	32.000	11.070	33.976	310.205	172
	02/28/1923_24:00	312.000	57.600	27.000	78.200	3.170	13.802	11.800	3.000	15.395	19.379	15.000	5.780	21.452	201.433	113
	03/31/1923_24:00	333.000	46.000	27.300	68.600	1.810	13.802	11.800	3.000	10.207	19.546	9.050	5.840	21.452	303.257	144
	04/30/1923_24:00	590.000	32.600	26.700	45.900	1.970	29.664	25.300	5.000	35.369	41.644	27.750	8.420	39.308	563.802	407
	05/31/1923_24:00	357.000	21.600	26.700	27.400	0.310	14.832	12.600	2.000	11.228	20.700	6.550	2.510	23.932	385.773	411
	06/30/1923_24:00	267.000	7.300	19.500	12.800	0.110	9.064	7.800	1.000	5.724	11.023	5.500	1.260	16.492	181.547	200
	07/31/1923_24:00	214.000	1.900	13.100	5.100	0.030	6.180	5.200	0.500	0.563	8.594	5.850	1.030	10.416	115.966	72.4
	08/31/1923_24:00	194.000	1.300	10.500	3.800	0.020	5.768	4.900	0.500	0.384	8.155	4.850	1.050	7.812	104.959	27.9
	09/30/1923_24:00	196.000	2.200	10.200	4.200	0.060	6.592	5.700	0.500	0.248	8.524	3.800	1.140	8.556	94.433	23.7
	10/31/1923_24:00	222.000	2.400	5.000	2.900	0.470	4.120	7.500	0.500	0.726	8.870	1.000	1.110	10.540	105.144	30.0
	11/30/1923_24:00	206.000	7.200	6.200	5.700	1.030	3.502	6.400	0.500	0.976	8.218	1.000	1.450	9.052	96.516	21.3
	12/31/1923_24:00	218.000	15.800	9.300	16.800	1.360	4.120	7.200	1.000	2.349	9.299	3.000	1.790	10.540	92.723	34.0
	01/31/1924_24:00	226.000	24.900	11.700	28.600	1.800	4.326	7.900	2.000	3.671	10.084	3.000	2.110	12.028	100.655	40.3
	02/29/1924_24:00	334.000	22.700	10.700	30.900	3.960	11.124	20.000	2.000	17.969	25.494	10.000	5.330	28.396	257.347	110
	03/31/1924_24:00	230.000	18.100	10.800	27.100	1.240	6.798	12.300	2.000	3.007	15.729	1.350	3.070	18.476	96.167	51.7
	04/30/1924_24:00	210.000	12.900	10.500	18.100	0.460	5.562	9.900	1.000	2.696	12.535	2.400	1.740	16.988	127.696	95.8
	05/31/1924_24:00	184.000	8.500	10.500	10.800	0.140	3.296	6.200	1.000	1.119	7.880	3.700	0.910	10.292	76.614	49.3
	06/30/1924_24:00	169.000	2.900	7.700	5.100	0.060	2.884	5.100	0.500	0.084	6.529	2.000	0.520	6.448	55.000	11.3
	07/31/1924_24:00	171.000	0.800	5.200	2.000	0.040	2.884	5.100	0.500	0.000	6.461	0.000	0.490	6.200	52.381	9.6



Diversions

Monthly at 246 locations





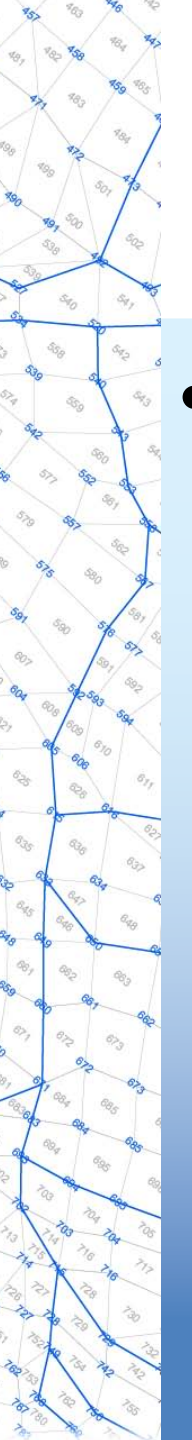
Surface Water Diversions

- Diversions and imports
 - “Diversions” means water taken from a simulated river node, subject to availability
 - “Imports” generally means water taken from a source that is not modeled
 - Reservoirs outside the model area serving canals
 - Reservoirs inside the model area that are not modeled (for example Black Butte and Camanche)
 - Complex delivery systems (California Aqueduct)

A fragment of a topographic map is visible on the left side of the slide. It shows a network of blue lines representing water features, with numerous numerical values (e.g., 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800) indicating elevation. The map fragment is partially obscured by the text and the blue gradient background.

Surface Water Imports

- Friant-Kern Canal
 - Release water from Millerton Lake to canal
 - Deliveries to contractors along canal
 - Wasteway flows to river beds for delivery to down-stream customers
 - Flows to Kern River

A topographic map showing contour lines and elevation values, serving as a background for the slide.

Surface Water Imports

- Friant-Kern Canal deliveries simulated as:
 - Imports to individual subregions
 - Separate diversions for
 - Agricultural
 - Urban
 - Refuges
 - Spreading (Aquifer Storage)
 - Diversions to some districts via river channels
 - Inflow “FKC Wasteway Deliveries to Tule River”
 - Diversion from river



Surface Water Exports & Imports

- California Aqueduct
 - Pump water from Delta to San Luis Reservoir (outside model area)
 - Release water from San Luis Reservoir for use inside model area
 - Release water from San Luis Reservoir for use outside model area
- Simulated as exports and imports
 - Too complex to incorporate in a regional model

Diversion Specification

Diversion source and destination

```
C NRDV:   Number of surface water diversions included in the model.
C
C -----
C VALUE           DESCRIPTION
C -----
C 246             / NRDV
C
C
C The following lists the specifications for each surface water diversion
C (skip if no diversions are modeled, i.e. NRDV = 0)
C
C ID           ; Surface water diversion identification number
C IRDV         ; Stream node from where the diversion takes place. Enter '0' if the stream node is outside the model area.
C ICDVMAX      ; Maximum diversion amount - this number corresponds to the appropriate data column in the diversion data file Unit 26
C FDVMAX       ; Fraction of data value specified in column ICDVMAX to be used as maximum diversion amount
C ICOLRL       ; Recoverable loss - this number corresponds to the appropriate data column in the diversion data file Unit 26
C FRACRL       ; Relative proportion of the data value that is specified by ICOLRL to be used as recoverable loss
C ICOLNL       ; Non-recoverable loss - this number corresponds to the appropriate data column in the diversion data file Unit 26
C FRACNL       ; Relative proportion of the data value that is specified by ICOLNL to be used as non-recoverable loss
C NDLDV       ; Number of sub-regions to which diverted surface water is delivered
C IRGDL       ; Sub-region number to which the delivery is made (1...NDLDV)
C ICOLDL       ; Delivery to sub-region IRGDL - this number corresponds to the appropriate data column in the diversion data file Unit 26
C FRACDL       ; Relative proportion of the data value that is specified by ICOLDL to be used as delivery to subregion IRGDL
C ICFSIRIG     ; Fraction of the delivery that is used for irrigation purposes - this number corresponds to the appropriate data column in the
C                irrigation fraction data file Unit 27 (remaining amount will be used to supply the user specified urban demand)
C ICADJ        ; Supply adjustment specification - this number corresponds to the appropriate data column in the supply adjustment
C                specifications data file Unit 12
C
C -----
```

C Description												
C ID	IRDV	ICDVMAX	FDVMAX	ICOLRL	FRACRL	ICOLNL	FRACNL	NDLDV	IRGDL	ICOLDL	FRACDL	ICFSIRIG
C Whiskeytown and Shasta imports for SR1 Ag												
1	0	265	1	1	0.03	1	0.01	1	1	0.96	23	1
C Whiskeytown and Shasta imports for SR1 M&I												
2	0	265	1	2	0.03	2	0.01	1	1	0.96	22	2
C Sacramento River to Bella Vista conduit for SR1 Ag												
3	206	265	1	3	0.03	3	0.02	1	1	0.95	23	3
C Sacramento River to Bella Vista conduit for SR1 M&I												
4	206	265	1	4	0.03	4	0.01	1	1	0.96	22	4
C Sacramento River to Bella Vista conduit for Export												

Source River Node
(0 = import)

Allocation to losses
and delivery

Destination
subregion

Land use (23 = Ag,
22 = urban)

Diversion Specification

Recharge area for recoverable losses

```
=====
C
C      Recharge zone for each diversion point
C      (Skip if no diversions are being modeled, i.e. NRDV = 0)
C
C      ID      ; Recharge zone identification number (*Note* Recharge zone ID's should match river diversion ID numbers)
C      NERELS; Total number of elements through which recharge occurs
C      IERELS; Element number through which recharge occurs
C      FERELS; Relative proportion of the recoverable loss to be applied to
C              element IERELS as recharge
C
C
```

ID	NERELS	IERELS	FERELS

C Whiskeytown and Shasta imports for SR1 Ag			
1	1	12	1

C Whiskeytown and Shasta imports for SR1 M&I			
2	1	12	1

C Sacramento River to Bella Vista conduit for SR1 Ag			
3	2	2	1
		3	1

C Sacramento River to Bella Vista conduit for SR1 M&I			
4	2	2	1
		3	1

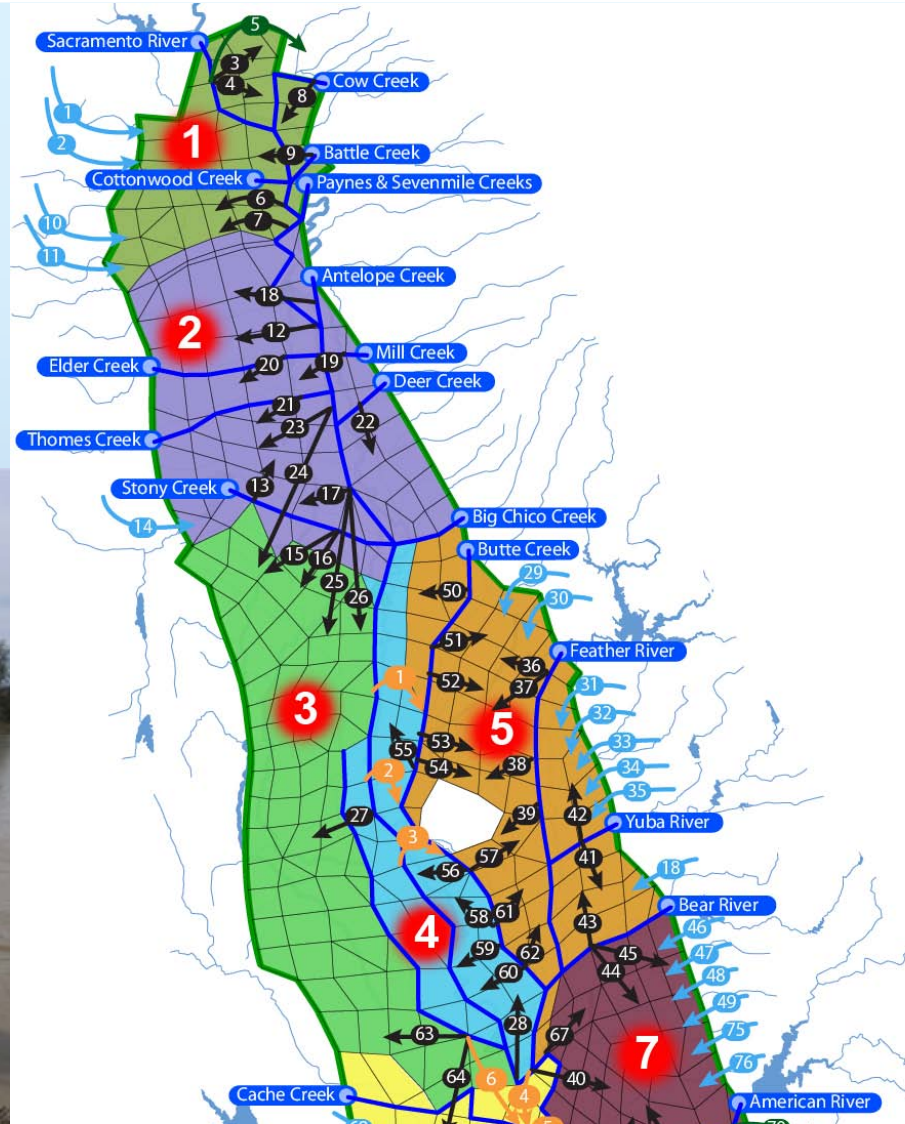
C Sacramento River to Bella Vista conduit for Export			
5	2	5	1
		8	1

C Sacramento River Keswick to Red Bluff for SR1 Ag			
6	9	5	1
		8	1
		13	1
		14	1
		15	1
		19	1
		20	1
		26	1
		27	1

C Sacramento River Keswick to Red Bluff for SR1 M&I			
7	9	5	1

Bypasses

- Flood control
- Kings River bifurcation
- ASR programs



Bypass Specification

Source and destination river nodes

```
C*****
C
C      Bypass Configuration Specifications
C
C  NDIVS;  Number of bypasses
C  FACTX;  Conversion factor for DIVX - It is used to convert only the spatial component of the unit;
C  TUNITX; Time unit of stream flow. This should be one of the units recognized by HEC-DSS that are listed in the Main Control File.
C  FACTY;  Conversion factor for DIVY - It is used to convert only the spatial component of the unit;
C  TUNITY; Time unit of diversion. This should be one of the units recognized by HEC-DSS that are listed in the Main Control File.
C
C-----
C  VALUE          DESCRIPTION
C-----
C      12          / NDIVS
C      60          / FACTX      values in CFS * 60 -> CFM
C      1min        / TUNITX
C      60          / FACTY      values in CFS * 60 -> CFM
C      1min        / TUNITY
C-----
C
C  ID   ; Bypass identification number
C  IA   ; Stream node number where bypass is exported
C  IDIVI; Stream node number where bypass is imported
C  IDIVC; If positive, IDIVC is the column number in the diversion data file Unit 26 for bypass flow
C         If negative, IDIVC is the number of points in the diversion rating table
C  DIVRL; Fraction of the diversion assigned as recoverable loss
C  DIVNL; Fraction of the diversion assigned as non-recoverable loss
C  DIVX ; Stream flow available at stream node IA; [L^3/T]
C  DIVY ; Diversion amount corresponding to DIVX; [L^3/T]
C
C  ID   IA  IDIVI  IDIVC  DIVRL  DIVNL
C         DIVX  DIVY ( this rating table should follow if IDIVC < 0 )
C-----
C Bypass 1 - Moulton Weir spill to Butte Basin
C
C  1   280   290   251     0.     0.
C-----
C Bypass 2 - Colusa Weir spill to Butte Basin
C
C  2   282   291   252     0.     0.
C-----
C Bypass 3 - Tisdale Weir near Grimes
C
C  3   297   337   253     0.     0.
C-----
C Bypass 4 - Freemont Weir spill to Yolo Bypass
C
C  4   367   396   254     0.     0.
C-----
C Bypass 5 - Sacramento Weir spill to Yolo Bypass
C
C  5   372   397   255     0.     0.
C-----
C
```

Bypass Specification

Recharge area for recoverable losses

```
=====
C
C      Seepage locations for bypass canals
C
C      The following information specifies the recharge zone for each bypass.
C      (Skip if no bypass is being modeled, i.e. NDIVS = 0)
C
C      ID      ; Recharge zone identification number (*Note* Recharge zone ID's should match bypass ID numbers)
C      NERELS; Total number of elements through which recharge occurs
C      IERELS; Element number through which recharge occurs
C              (If bypass to lake elements, provide negative sequential lake number, as in the LAKE input data file)
C      FERELS; Relative proportion of the recoverable loss to be applied to element IERELS as recharge.
C
C-----
C      ID      NERELS      IERELS      FERELS
C-----
C Bypass 1 - Moulton Weir spill to Butte Basin
C      All losses go outside the model (losses = 0)
C
C      1          0          0          0
C-----
C Bypass 2 - Colusa Weir spill to Butte Basin
C      All losses go outside the model (losses = 0)
C
C      2          0          0          0
C-----
C Bypass 3 - Tisdale Weir to Yolo Bypass
C      All losses go outside the model (losses = 0)
C
C      3          0          0          0
C-----
C Bypass 4 - Freemont Weir to Yolo Bypass
C      All losses go outside the model (losses = 0)
C
C      4          0          0          0
C-----
C Bypass 5 - Sacramento Weir to Yolo Bypass
C      All losses go outside the model (losses = 0)
C
C      5          0          0          0
C-----
C Bypass 6 - Knights Landing Ridge Cut flood flow to Yolo Bypass
C      All losses go outside the model (losses = 0)
C
C      6          0          0          0
C-----
C Bypass 7 - Kings River to Fresno Slough
C      All losses go outside the model (losses = 0)
C
C      7          0          0          0
C-----
C Bypass 8 - End of Kaweah River to be spread in Kaweah River Fan as recharge
C -- Aquifer Storage Program - no observed flow past this stream node
```

River Parameters

```

C*****
C
C          STREAM BED PARAMETERS
C
C      The following lists the parameters to model streams.
C      *Note* Skip data input if no streams are modeled
C
C  FACTK ;   Conversion factor for stream bed conductivity - It is used to convert only the spatial component of the unit;
C  TUNITK;   Time unit of conductivity. This should be one of the units
C             recognized by HEC-DSS that are listed in the Main Control File.
C  FACTL ;   Conversion factor for stream bed thickness and wetted perimeter
C  IR       ;   Stream node number
C  CSTRM    ;   Hydraulic conductivity of stream bed; [L/T]
C  DSTRM    ;   Thickness of stream bed; [L]
C  WETPR    ;   Wetted perimeter; [L]
C
C-----
C  VALUE          DESCRIPTION
C-----
C      1.0          / FACTK
C      1mon         / TUNITK
C      1.0          / FACTL
C-----
C  IR      CSTRM    DSTRM    WETPR      River Name (Optional)
C-----
C      1      3.91109000  1.      300.0    REACH 1 - KERN RIVER
C      2      7.84316000  1.      300.0
C      3      4.27314000  1.      300.0
C      4      14.6494000  1.      300.0
C      5      3.44887000  1.      300.0
C      6      2.01865000  1.      300.0
C      7      1.63871000  1.      300.0
C      8      2.23515000  1.      300.0
C      9      .920359000  1.      300.0
C     10      1.84849000  1.      420.0    REACH 6 - TULE RIVER
C     11      14.1967000  1.      420.0
C     12      2.54948000  1.      420.0
C     13      1.44002000  1.      420.0
C     14      .928433000  1.      420.0
C     15      1.47745000  1.      420.0
C     16      1.23984000  1.      420.0
C     17      1.04805000  1.      420.0
C     18      6.85300E-4  1.      420.0    REACH 6a - TULE RIVER(ZERO)
C     19      8.68300E-4  1.      420.0
C     20      8.39200E-4  1.      420.0
C     21      8.15800E-4  1.      420.0
C     22      8.14200E-4  1.      420.0
C     23      .673012000  1.      475.0    REACH 2 - KINGS RIVER
C     24      .542923000  1.      475.0
C     25      .478602000  1.      475.0
C     26      .376210000  1.      475.0
C     27      .337160000  1.      475.0
C     28      .473797000  1.      475.0
C     29      .644172000  1.      475.0

```

Lake Parameters

```
C*****
C
C          LAKE PARAMETERS
C
C  The parameters required to model lakes are listed below.
C  *Note* Skip data input if no lakes are modeled
C
C  FACTK : Conversion factor for lake bed hydraulic conductivity
C  TUNITK : Time unit of hydraulic conductivity. This should be one of the units recognized by HEC-DSS that are listed in the Main Control File.
C  FACTL : Conversion factor for thickness of lake bed
C  IL : Lake number
C  CLAKE : Hydraulic conductivity of the lake bed; [L/T]
C  DLAKE : Thickness of the lake bed; [L]
C  ICHLMAX: Column of max-lake file that gives maximum lake elevation
C
C-----
C  VALUE          DESCRIPTION
C-----
C
C  1.0            / FACTK
C  1mon           / TUNITK
C  1.0            / FACTL
C-----
C  IL      CLAKE    DLAKE    ICHLMAX    Lake Name (Optional)
C-----
C  1       20.0     1.00000    1        Buena Vista Lake Bed
C  2       20.0     1.00000    2        Future Lake Bed
C-----
C*****
```

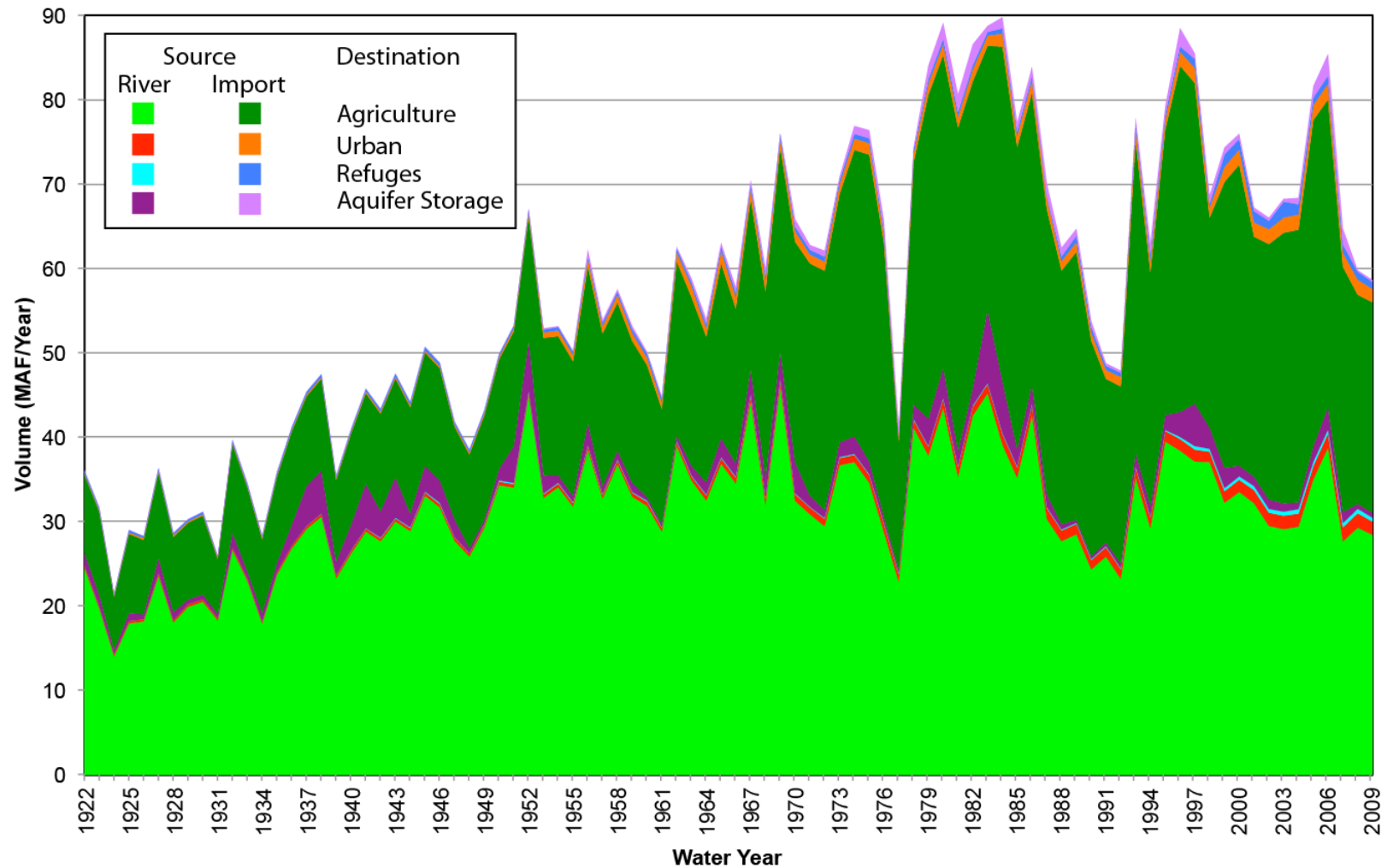
Stream Reach Budget

Column	Flow	08/31/2004	Process
Upstream Inflow (+)	IN	2,944	
Downstream Outflow (-)	OUT	781	
Tributary Inflow (+)	IN	0	SWS
Tile Drain (+)	IN	0	GW
Runoff (+)	IN	0	LS
Return Flow (+)	IN	2	LS
Gain from Groundwater (+)	+/-	-1,593	GW
Gain from Lake (+)	+/-	0	
Diversion (-)	OUT	0	LS
By-pass Flow (-)	OUT	573	
Discrepancy (=)		0.00	
Diversion Shortage		0	

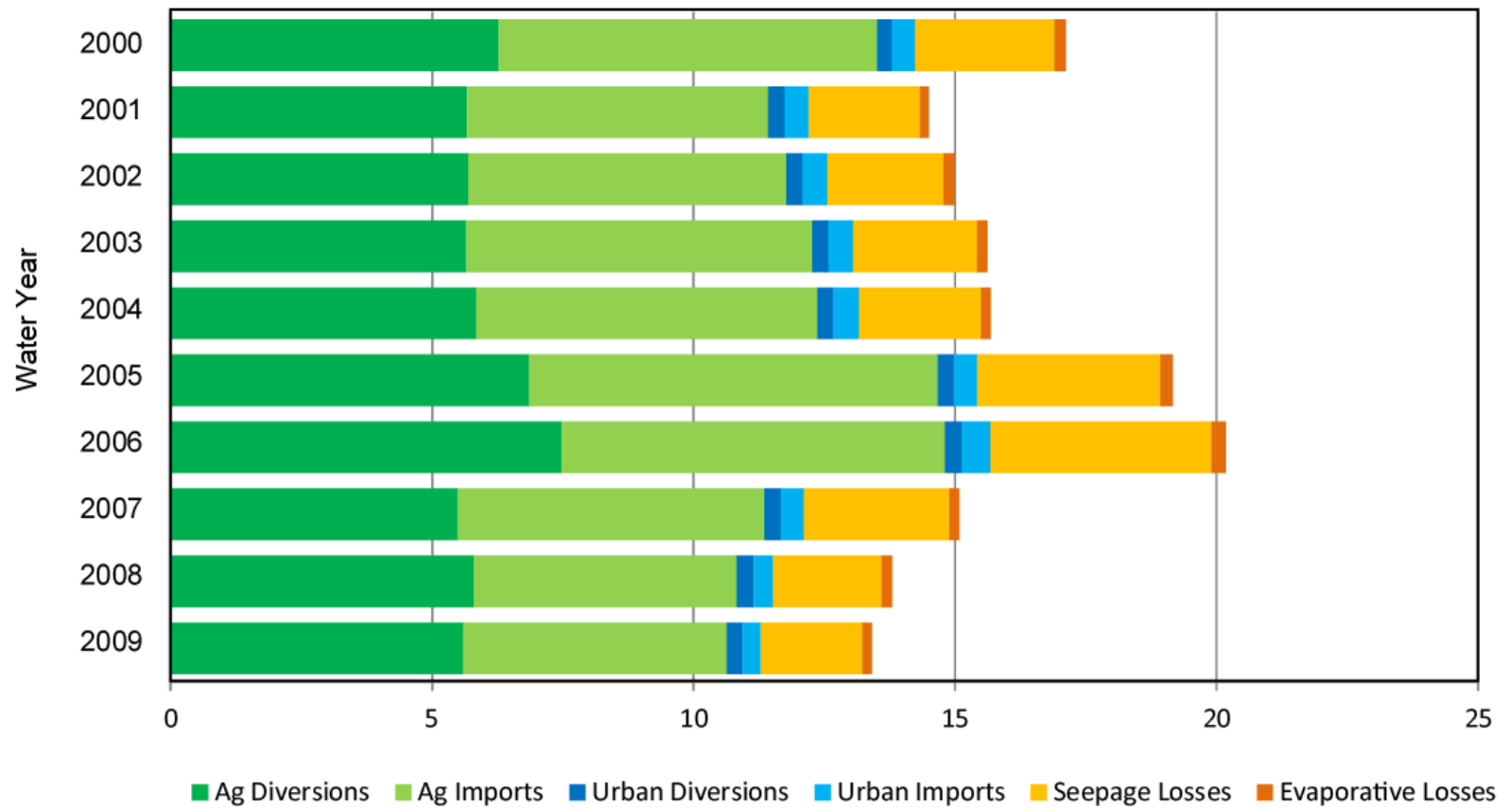
Lake Budget

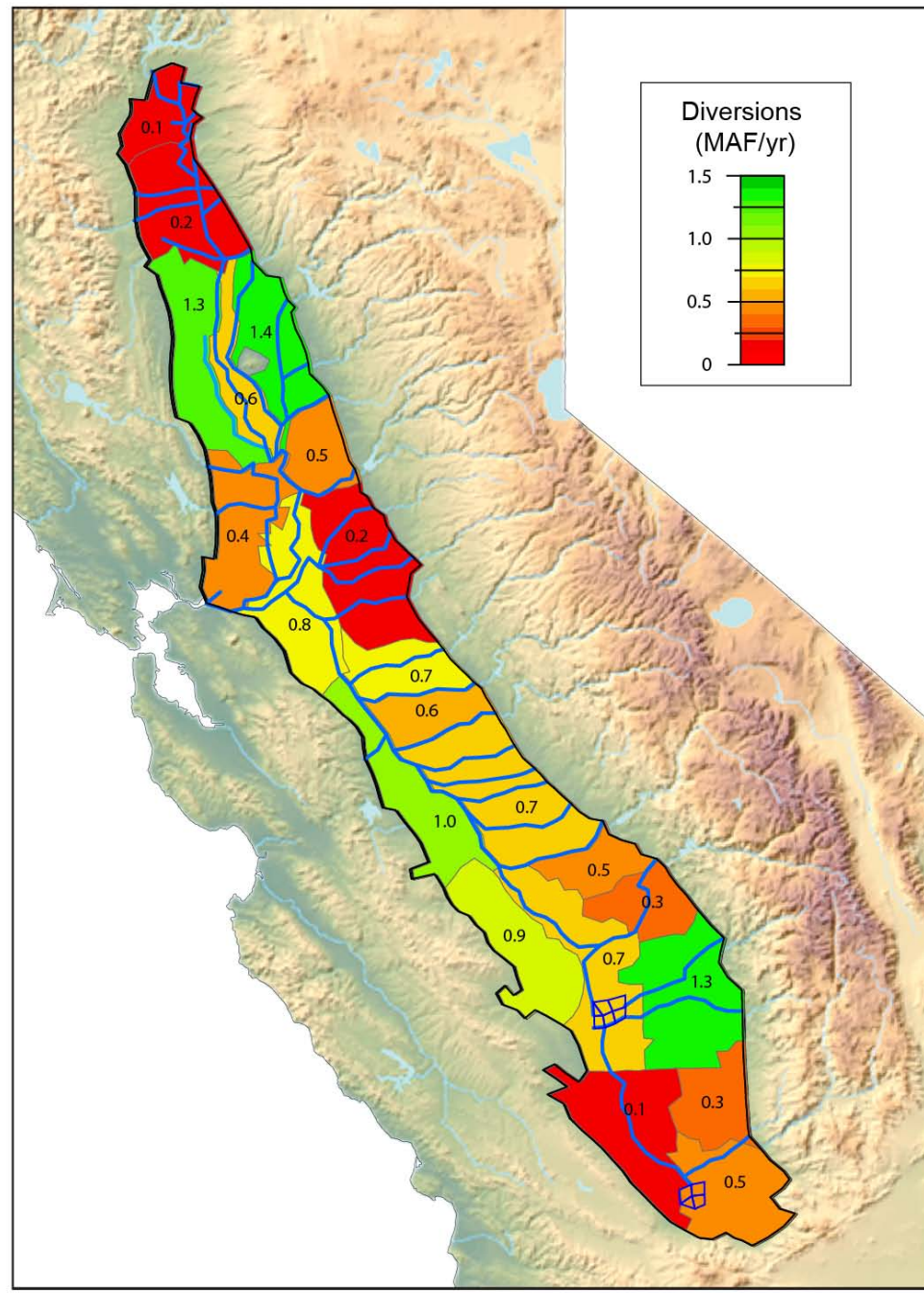
Column	Flow	08/31/2004	Process
Beginning Storage (+)		63,418	
Ending Storage (-)		51,052	
Flow from Upstream Lake (+)	IN	0	
Flow from By-passes (+)	IN	799	
Precipitation (+)	IN	0	
Gain from Groundwater (+)	+/-	1,939	GW
Lake Evaporation (-)	OUT	15,104	
Lake Outflow (-)	OUT	0	
Discrepancy (=)		0.30	
Lake Surface Elevation (FEET)		185	

Diversions & Imports



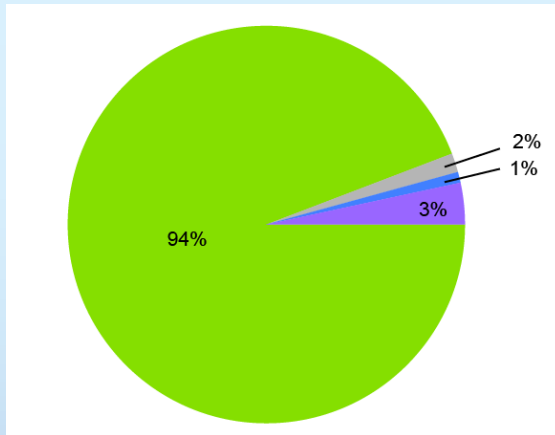
Surface Water Destinations



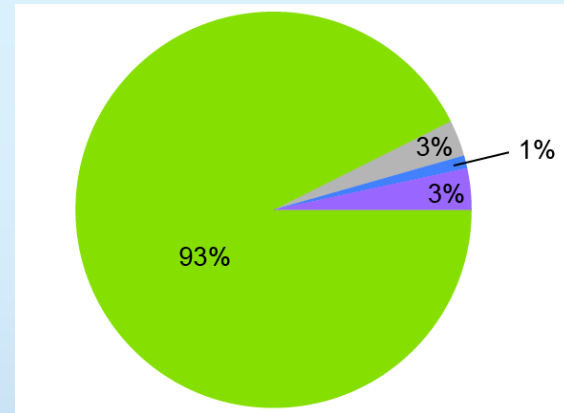


Surface Water Destinations

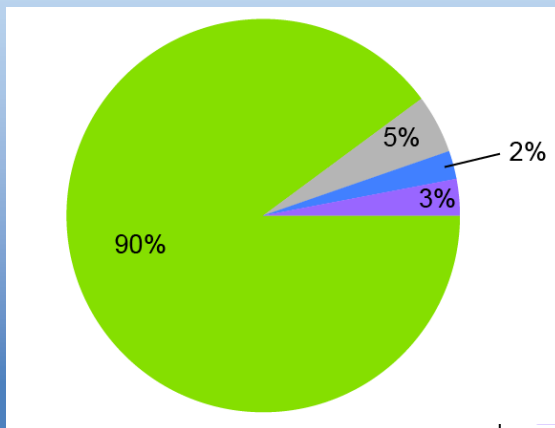
1922-1929



1960-1969



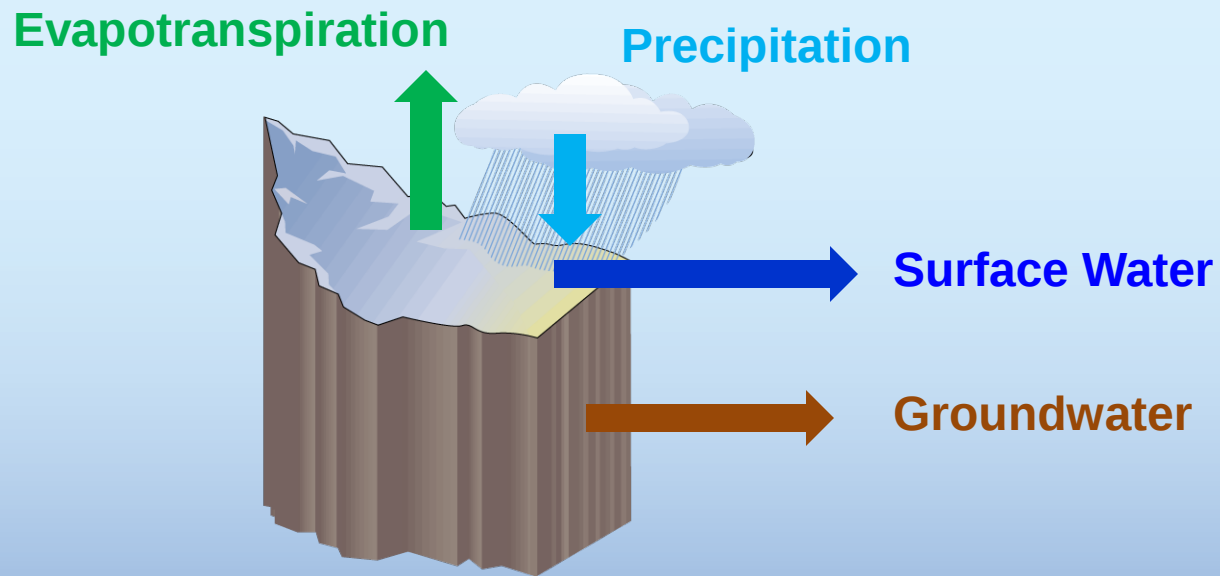
2000-2009



Diversion Destination

- Agriculture
- Urban
- Refuges
- Aquifer Storage

IWFM Small Watersheds



A topographic map showing a network of streams. The map features contour lines with numerical values (e.g., 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800) and a network of blue lines representing streams. The streams are connected in a dendritic pattern, flowing from smaller tributaries into larger channels. The map is oriented with North at the top.

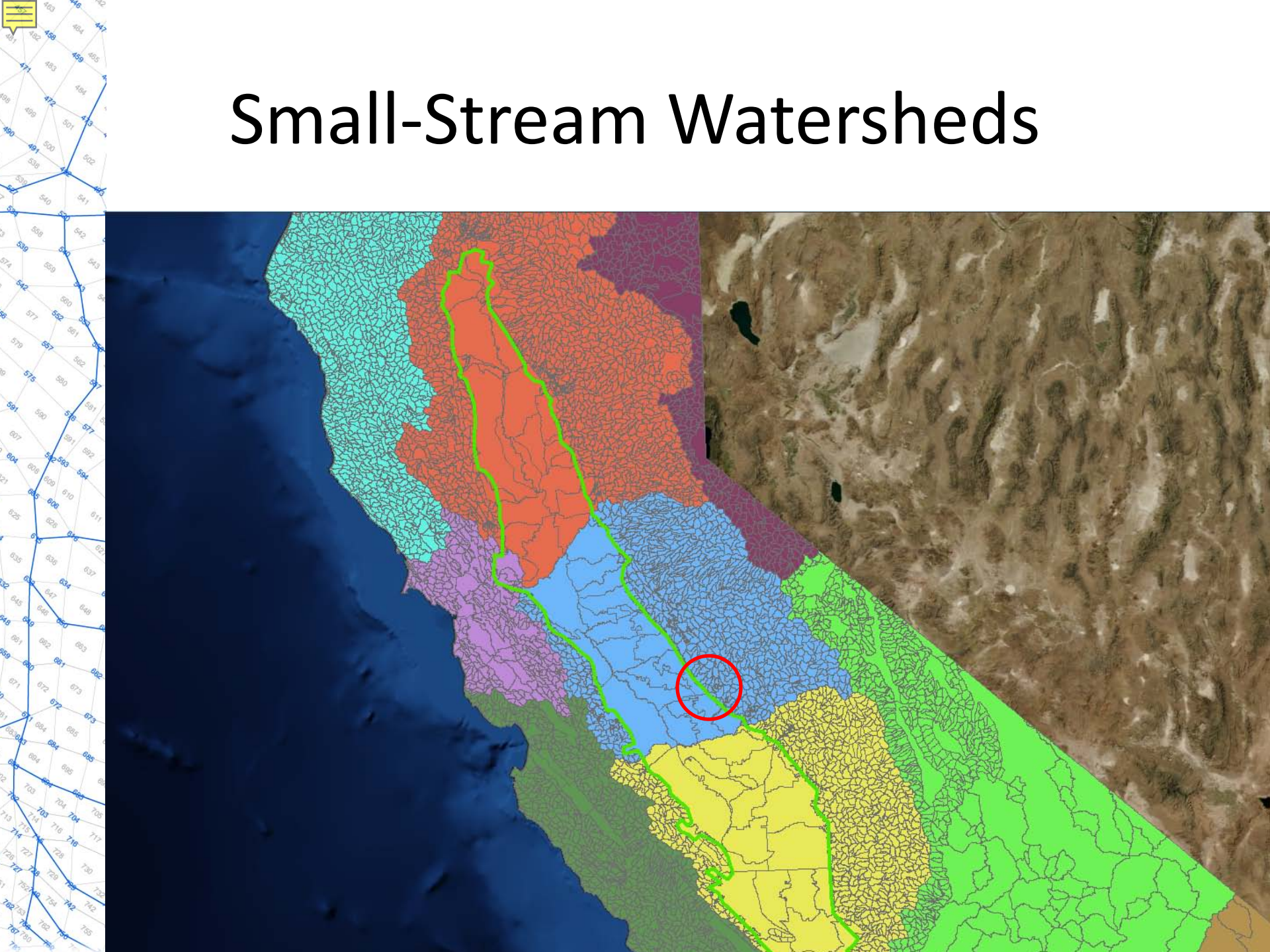
Small-Stream Watersheds

- Calculate monthly ungaged surface water inflows and groundwater inflows
- Areas and flow channels from CalWater watershed coverage
- Grouped with nearest boundary node
- Resulted in 210 small-stream watersheds
- Approximately 5% of surface water inflow

Small-Stream Watersheds

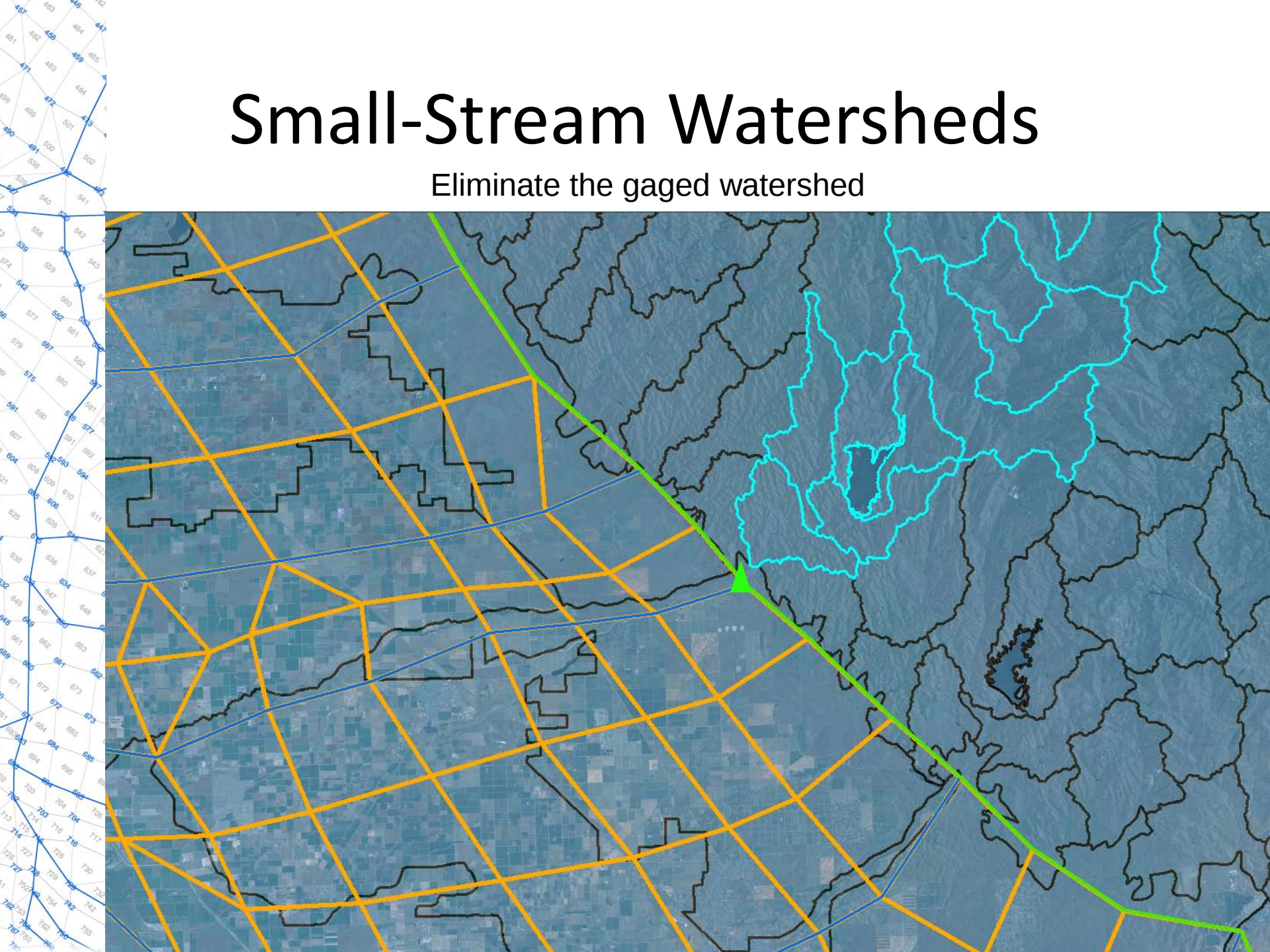


Small-Stream Watersheds



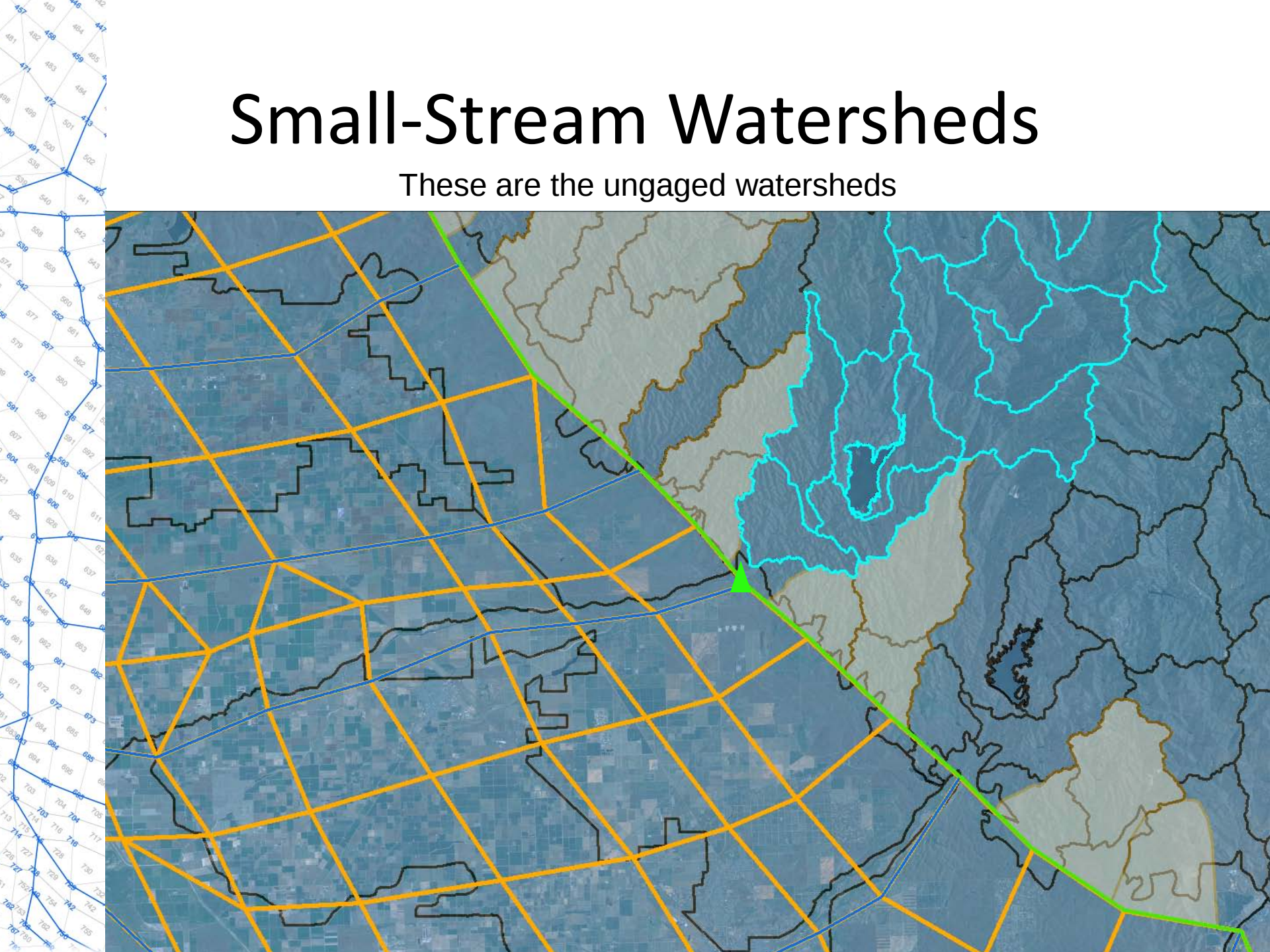
Small-Stream Watersheds

Eliminate the gaged watershed



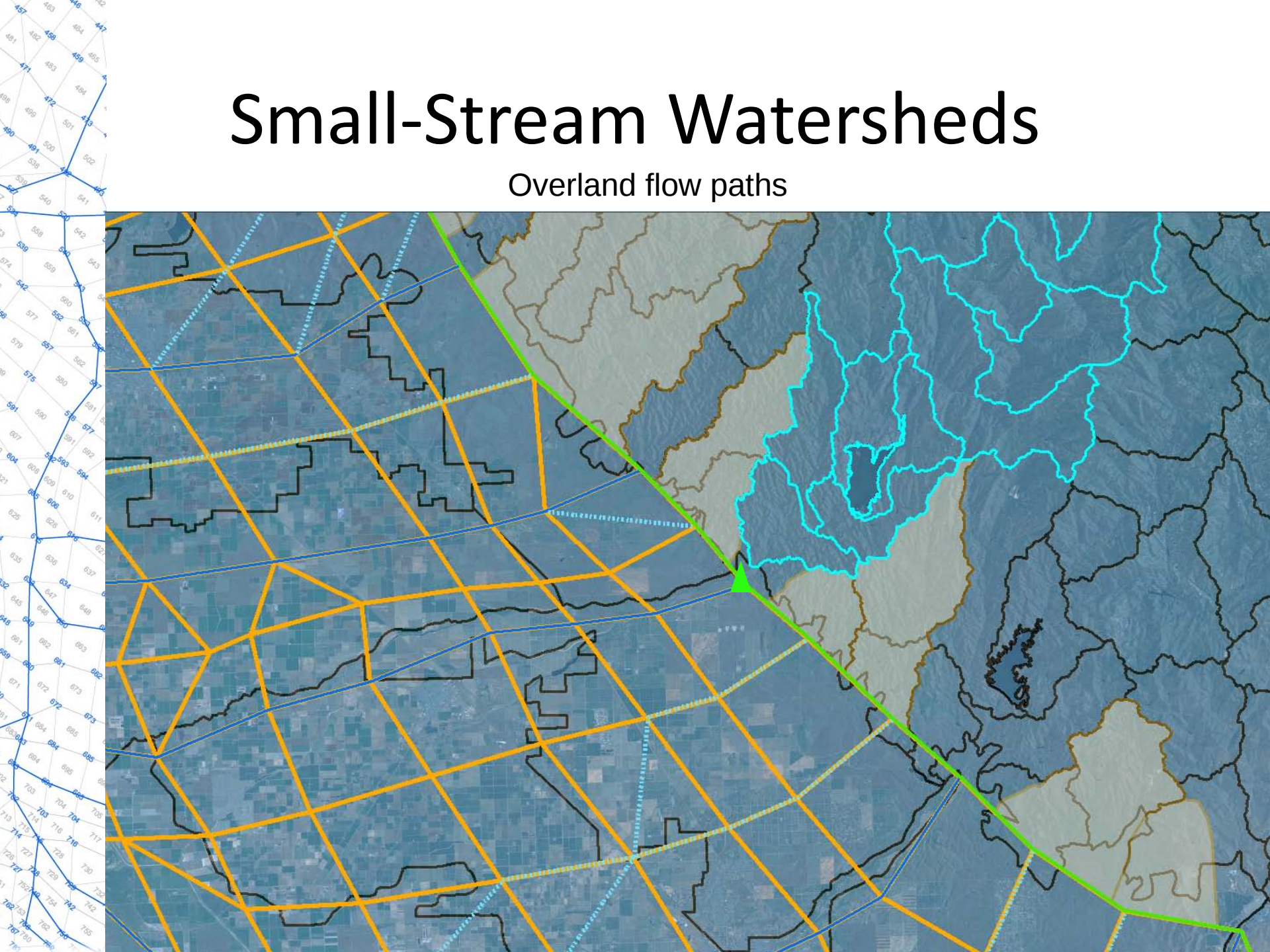
Small-Stream Watersheds

These are the ungaged watersheds



Small-Stream Watersheds

Overland flow paths



Small Watersheds

```

*****
C
C      Boundary Conditions for Small Watershed Inflow Computation
C
C  NTWB ; Number of small watersheds where inflows will be computed and specified as boundary flux
C  FACTA ; Conversion factor for small watershed drainage area
C  FACTQ ; Conversion factor for maximum recharge rate - It is used to convert only the spatial component of the unit;
C  TUNIT ; Time unit of max. recharge rate. This should be one of the units recognized by HEC-DSS that are listed in the Main Control File.
C

```

VALUE	DESCRIPTION
210	/ NIWB
43560.0	/ FACTA (ac --> ft^2)
43560.0	/ FACTQ (ac.ft/mon --> cu.ft./mon)
1mon	/ TUNIT

```

C  ID ; Small watershed identification number
C  IWBS ; Watershed group number corresponding to the watershed parameter groups specified in the parameter data file Unit 7
C  AREAS ; Drainage area of the small watershed; [L^2]
C  IWBS ; Stream node that receives the surface runoff from the small watershed
C  NWB ; Number of groundwater nodes that receive the base flow and the percolation of surface flow from the small watershed
C  IWB ; Groundwater node number small watershed baseflow is routed through
C  QMAXWB ; Maximum recharge rate for each node; [L^3/T]
C      (Enter -1 to specify which groundwater node(s) receive baseflow from the small watersheds)
C

```

ID	IWBS	AREAS	IWBS	NWB	IWB	QMAXWB
1	1	48887	434	3	1371	-1
					1369	200.0000
					1370	200.0000
2	2	38177	161	3	1368	1
					1369	200.0000
					1370	200.0000
3	3	22140	434	3	1360	-1
					1361	200.0000
					1362	200.0000
4	4	20783	434	3	1349	-1
					1350	200.0000
					1351	200.0000
5	5	9992	434	3	1339	-1
					1340	200.0000
					1341	200.0000
6	6	14459	434	4	1329	-1
					1330	200.0000
					1340	200.0000
					1341	200.0000
7	7	11979	434	5	1318	-1
					1319	200.0000
					1320	200.0000
					1321	200.0000
					1341	200.0000
8	8	13309	440	3	1305	-1

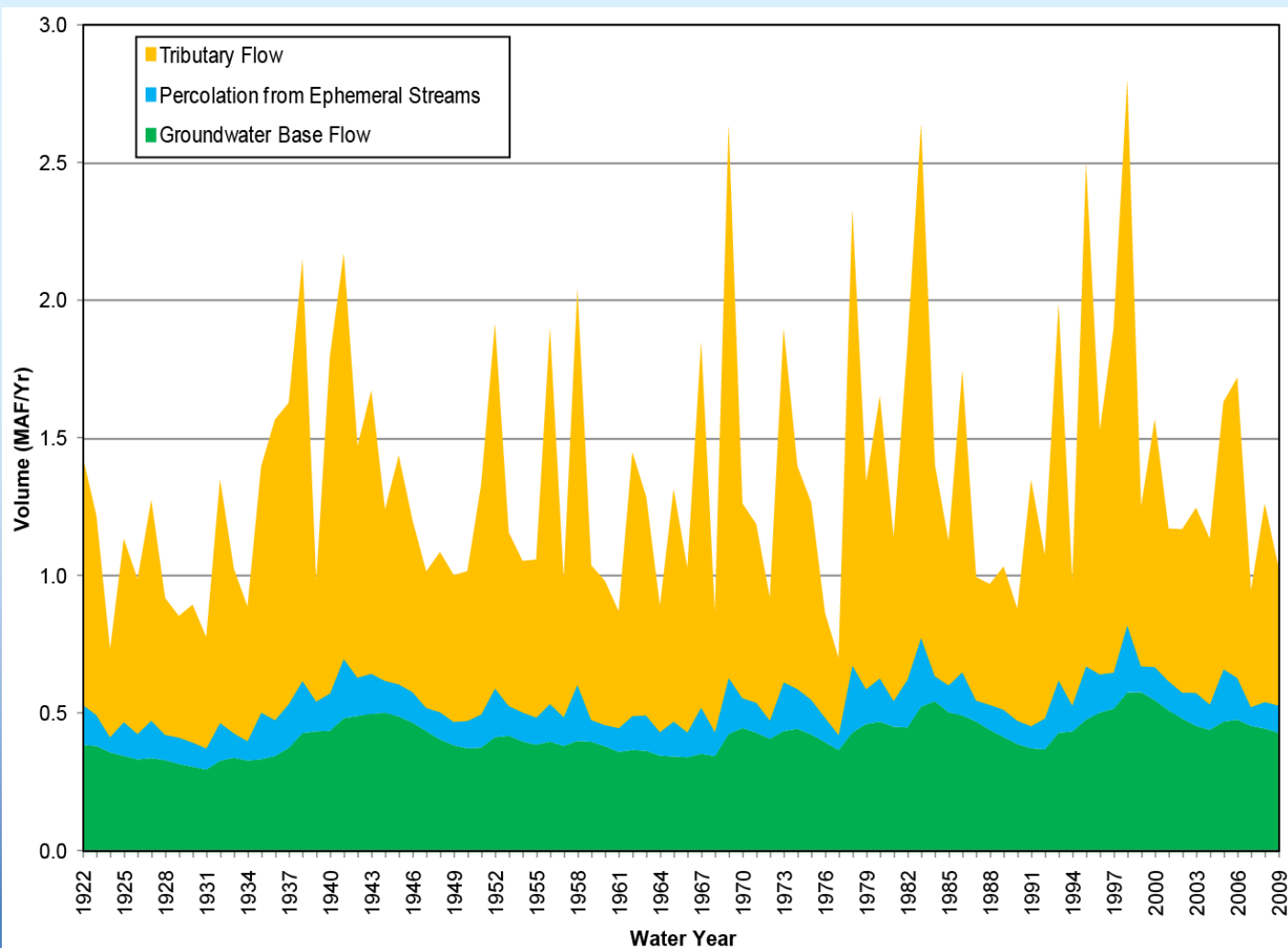
Small Watershed Parameters

```
C*****
C
C      SMALL STREAM WATERSHED DATA
C
C      The following lists the small watershed parameters that are used in the computation of runoff from the tributary watersheds outside the model boundary.
C
C      NSW ; Number of small watershed groups
C      FACTL ; Conversion factor for root zone depth and groundwater threshold value
C      FACTK ; Conversion factor for hydraulic conductivity
C      TUNITK; Time unit of hydraulic conductivity. This should be one of the units recognized by HEC-DSS that are listed in the Main Control File.
C      FACTT ; Conversion factor for recession coefficients
C      TUNITT; Time unit of recession coefficients. This should be one of the units recognized by HEC-DSS that are listed in the Main Control File.
C
C-----
C      VALUE          DESCRIPTION
C-----
C      210            / NSW
C      1.00000        / FACTL
C      1.00000        / FACTK
C      1day           / TUNITK
C      1.00000        / FACTT
C      1mon           / TUNITT
C-----
C      IS ; Small watershed group identification number
C      IRNS ; Rainfall station number associated with the small watershed
C      FRNS ; Rainfall weighting factor for the small watershed
C      FLDCAS; Field capacity; [L/L]
C      TPOROS; Total porosity; [L/L]
C      CROOT ; Root zone depth of native vegetation in the small watershed; [L]
C      SOILKS; Hydraulic conductivity of the root zone; [L/T]
C      CN ; Curve number for small watershed area
C      (Reference: USDA, 1985)
C      GWSOS ; Threshold value of groundwater depth above which groundwater
C      storage of small watershed contributes to surface runoff; [L]
C      SWKS ; Recession coefficient for surface outflow; [1/T]
C      GWKS ; Recession coefficient for base flow; [1/T]
C-----
C      IS      IRNS      FRNS      FLDCAS      TPOROS      CROOT      SOILKS      CN      GWSOS      SWKS      GWKS
C-----
1      1393      1      0.109      0.235      6.2      6.43      65.0      9.99      0.1000      0.01044
2      1394      1      0.073      0.236      6.2      2.75      72.0      9.99      0.1000      0.01044
3      1395      1      0.006      0.139      4.0      7.51      97.7      10.00      0.1000      0.01000
4      1396      1      0.022      0.150      4.0      7.85      97.7      10.00      0.1000      0.01000
5      1397      1      0.043      0.173      4.0      7.82      98.9      10.00      0.1000      0.01000
6      1398      1      0.102      0.231      4.0      7.29      97.7      10.00      0.1000      0.01000
7      1399      1      0.153      0.273      4.0      4.20      94.0      10.00      0.1000      0.01000
8      1400      1      0.202      0.309      4.0      2.47      84.1      10.00      0.1000      0.01000
9      1401      1      0.214      0.333      4.0      2.83      86.6      10.00      0.1000      0.01000
10     1402      1      0.250      0.383      4.0      3.03      94.0      10.00      0.1000      0.01000
11     1403      1      0.217      0.351      4.0      4.45      94.0      10.00      0.1000      0.01000
12     1404      1      0.283      0.427      4.0      2.72      92.8      10.00      0.1000      0.01000
13     1405      1      0.291      0.440      4.0      2.66      79.2      10.00      0.1000      0.01000
```

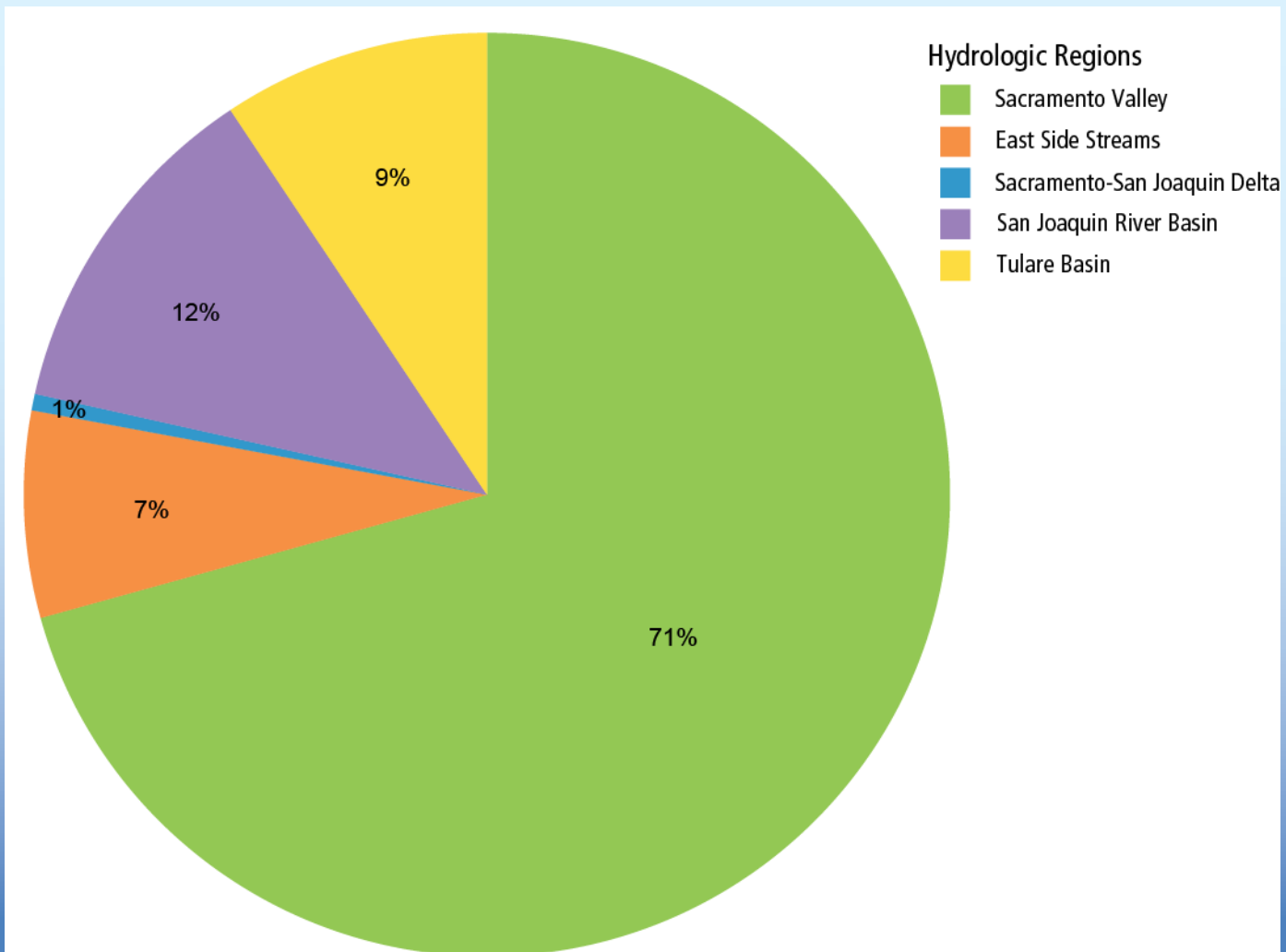
Small Watershed Budget

Column	Flow	08/31/2004	Process
Total SW Outflow	OUT	6,049	
GW Base Outflow	OUT	90,386	
Base Flow + Surface Percolation	OUT	90,456	
Net Surface Outflow to Streams	OUT	5,979	

Small-Watershed Inflows



Small Watershed Inflows



END