National Marine Fisheries Service Biological Opinion

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Sacramento River Basin Native Anadromous Fish

- Fall-Run Chinook Salmon (Candidate)
- Late-Fall-Run Chinook Salmon (Candidate)
- Winter-Run Chinook Salmon (Endangered)
- Spring-Run Chinook Salmon (Threatened)
- Steelhead Trout (Threatened)
- (cont.)

Sacramento River Basin Native Anadromous Fish

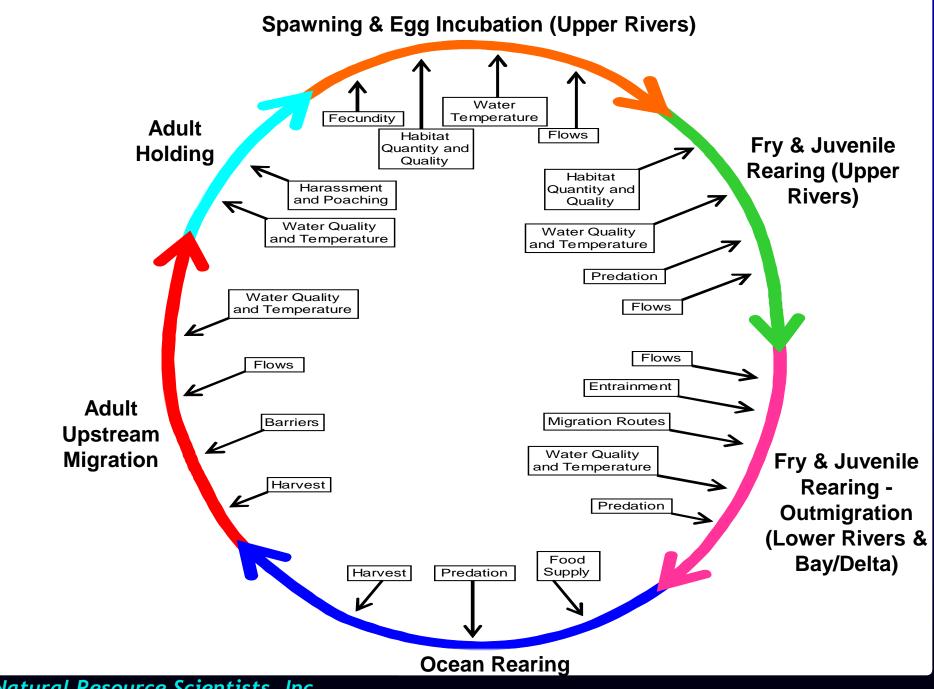


Green Sturgeon (Threatened)

White Sturgeon (Not Listed)

Findings of the Biological Opinion CVP OCAP would jeopardize:

- Winter-Run Chinook Salmon
- Spring-Run Chinook Salmon
- Steelhead Trout
- Green Sturgeon
- Killer Whales



Upstream Migration

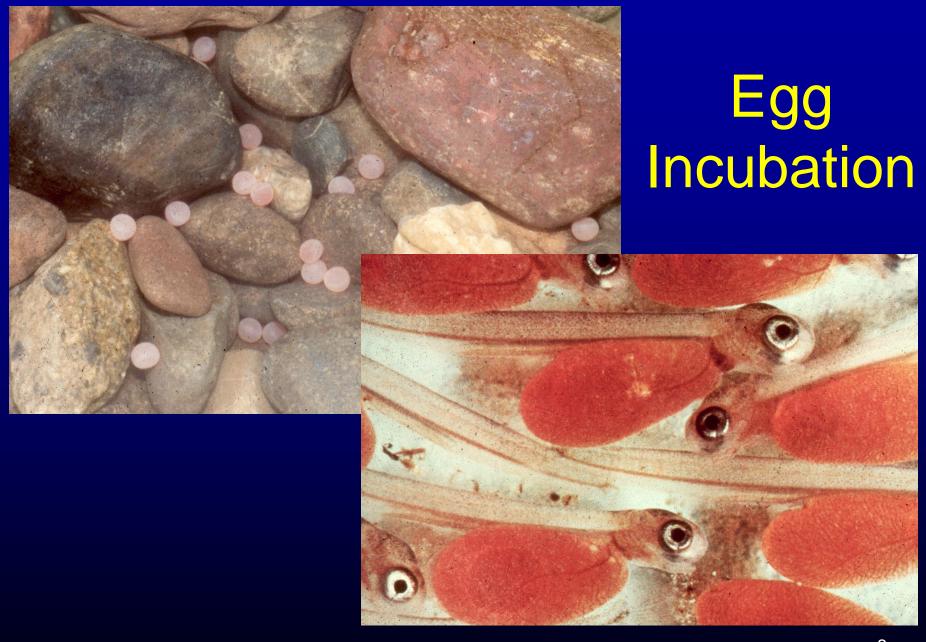


Holding

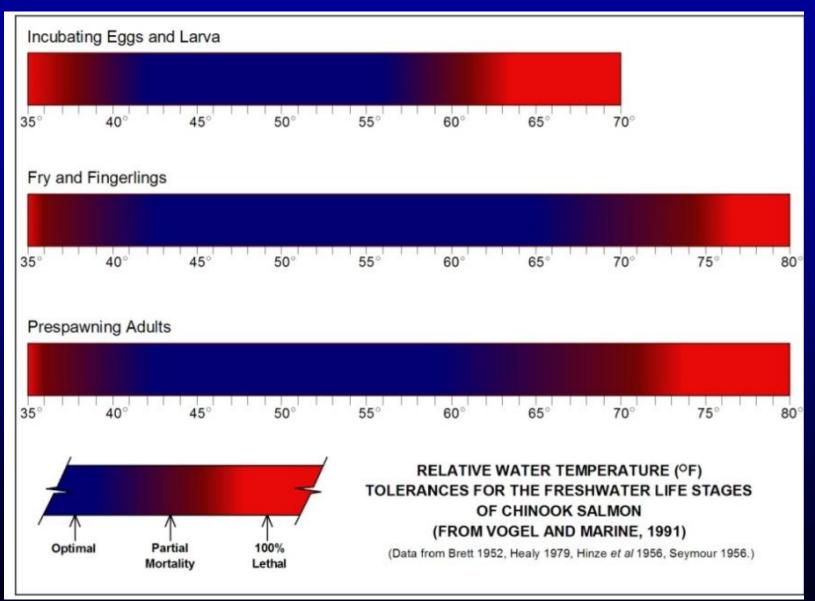


Spawning Habitat





Temperature Tolerances of Chinook Salmon



Juvenile Rearing and Outmigration



Upriver RPAs (not all-inclusive)

Clear Creek

- Flows
- Spawning Gravels
- Water Temperature Control
 Battle Creek
- Large-Scale Watershed Restoration
 Sacramento River
- Flows
- Water Temperature Control
- Carryover Storage Levels
- Red Bluff Diversion Dam Gates Out
- Re-introduction Studies above Dams

Upriver RPAs (cont.)

American River

- Flows
- Water Temperature Control
- Hatchery Genetics Studies
- Re-Introduction Studies above Dams

Stanislaus River

- Flows
- Water Temperature Control
- Spawning Gravel Additions
- Re-introduction Studies above Dams

RPAs (cont.)

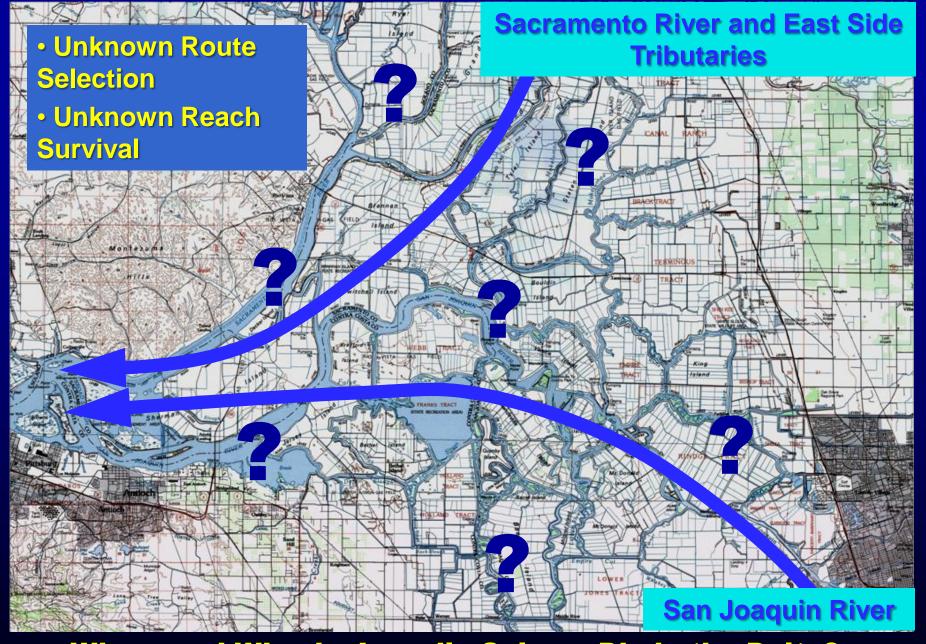
North Delta

- Yolo Bypass Rearing Studies/Projects
- Freemont Weir Upstream Passage
- Liberty Island/Lower Cache Slough Rearing

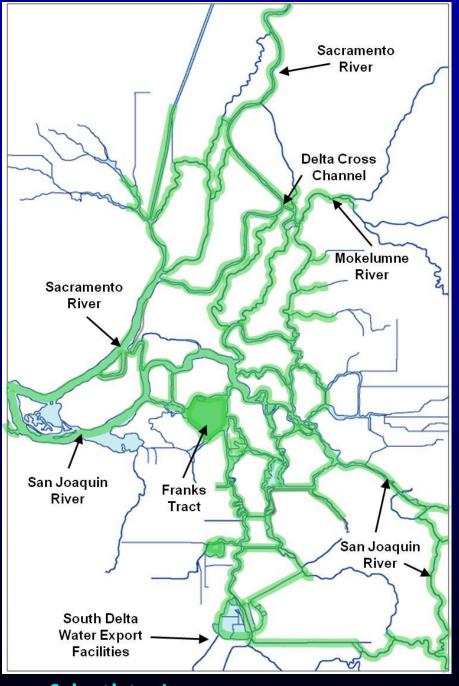
Delta RPAs (cont.)

Delta

- Delta Cross Channel Closures
- Georgiana Slough Entrainment Reduction
- Real-Time Monitoring of Salmon Outmigration
- San Joaquin Flows/S. Delta Exports
- Old/Middle River Flow Management
- S. Delta Exports Reductions Tied to Real-Time Monitoring of Salmon Outmigration
- S. Delta Export Fish Salvage Improvements
- 6-Year Acoustic-Tag Experiments



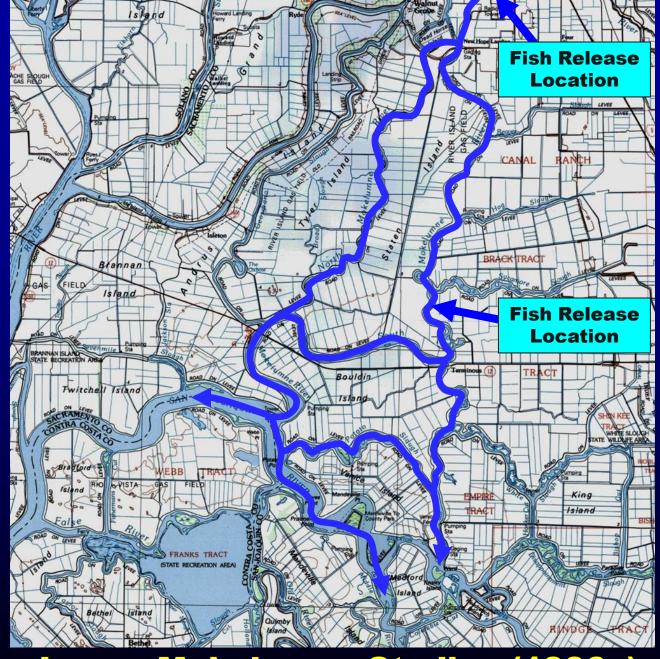
Where and Why do Juvenile Salmon Die in the Delta?



Salmon
Telemetry
Studies in
the Delta
(1996 – 2010)

Juvenile Salmon Telemetry Studies in the Delta





Early Findings

- No schooling
- Movements with tides
 - Side channels unused
 - Mid-channel migration
 - Flow split / route selection
 - Evidence of predation

Delta Cross Channel Studies



Delta Cross Channel Studies



Delta Cross Channel Gates Open Strong Ebb Tide



Delta Cross Channel Gates Flood Tide



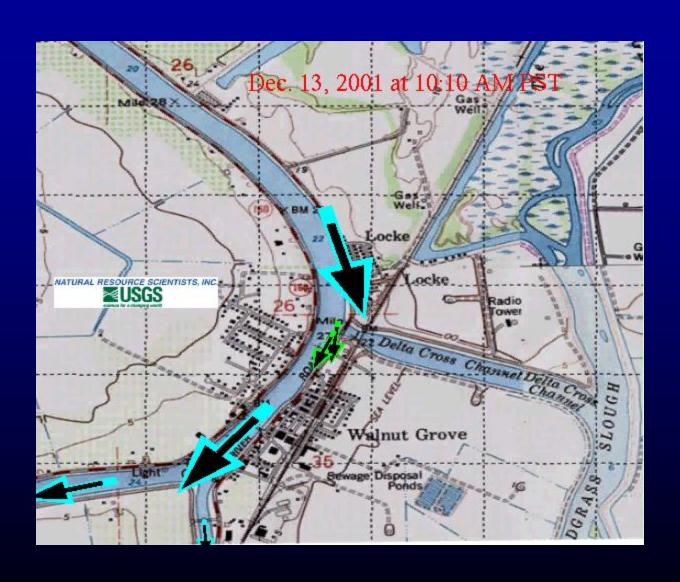
Delta Cross Channel Gates Open Ebb to Flood Tide Transition



Delta Cross Channel Gates Closed Ebb Tide



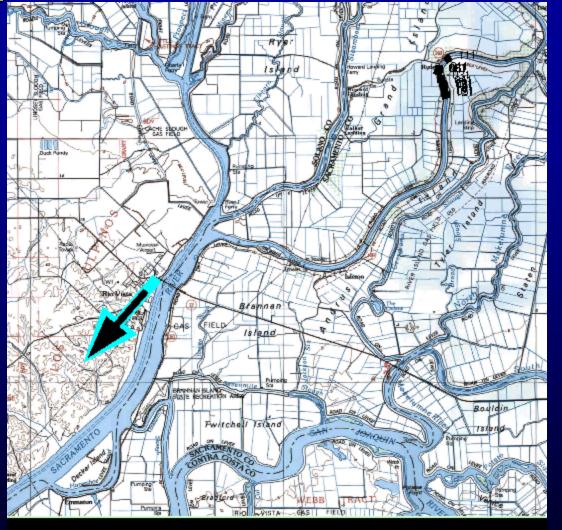
Delta Cross Channel Gates Closed Ebb to Flood Tide Transition



Radio Telemetry Studies



Smolts Move Many Miles Each Day in Correspondence with the Ebb and Flood Tides

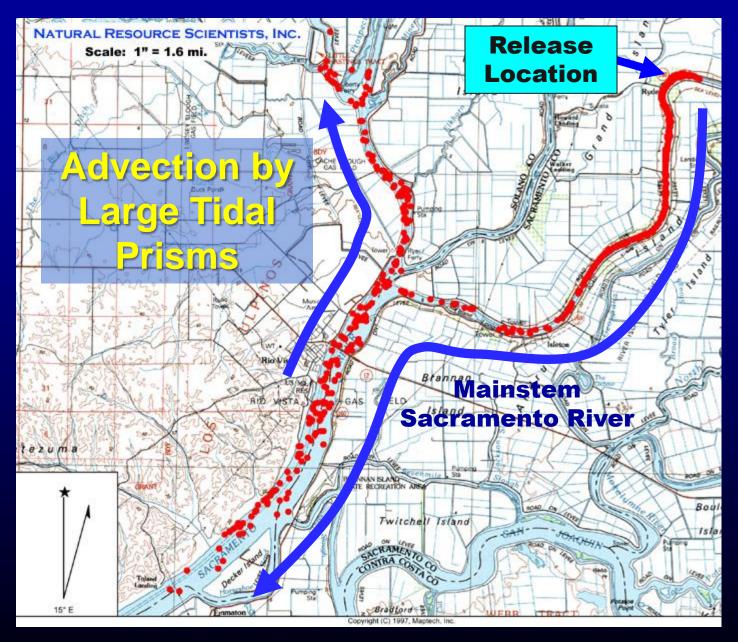


USGS Flow Data at Rio Vista

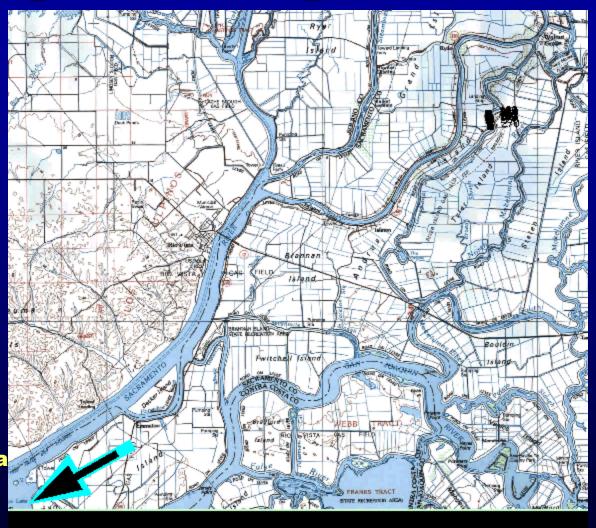
Jan. 18, 2000 at 04:03 PM PST

Estimated Fish Positions Based on Interpolation from Known Locations and Fish Behavior Natural Resource Scientists, Inc.

Telemetered Locations of ~100 Smolts



Georgiana Slough Fish Release

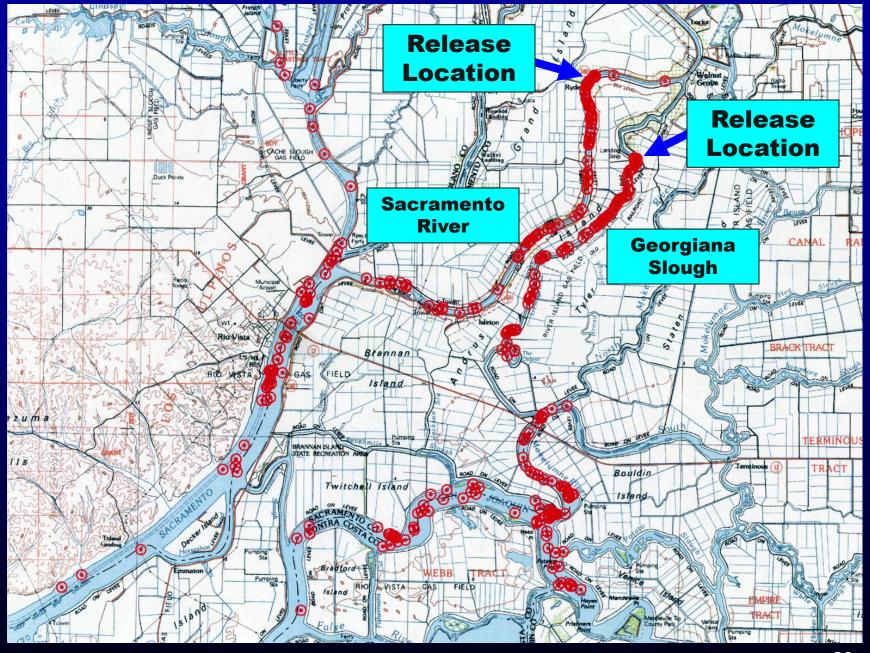


USGS Flow Data at Jersey Point

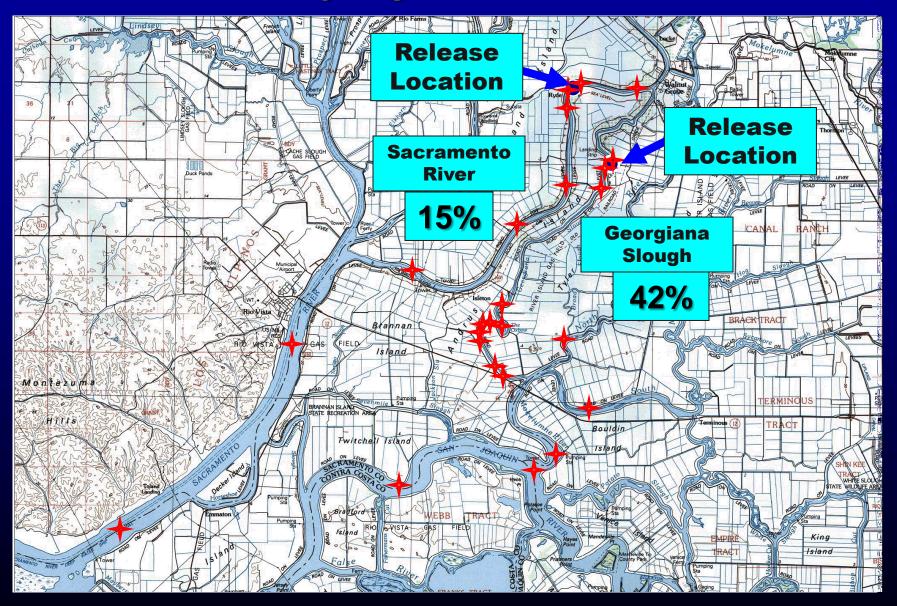
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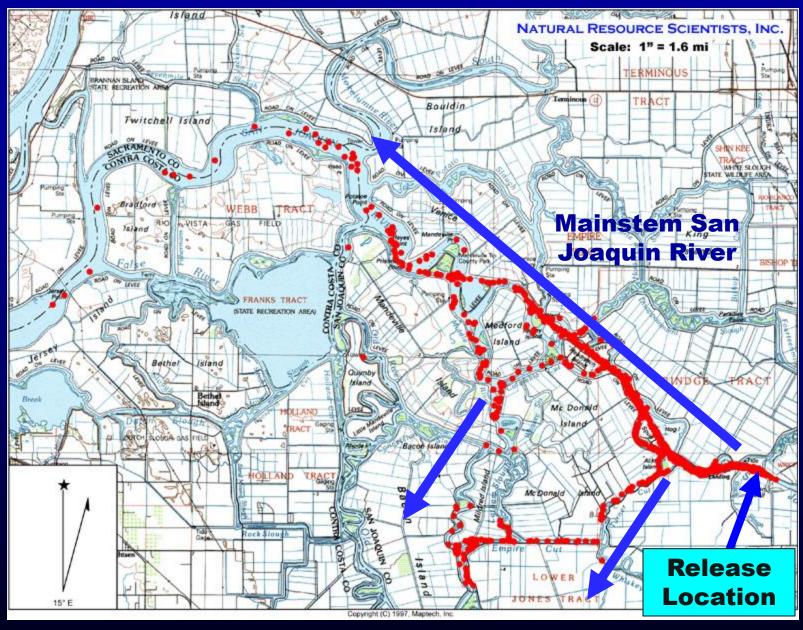
Estimated Fish Positions Based on Interpolation from Known Locations and Fish Behavior

Natural Resource Scientists, Inc.



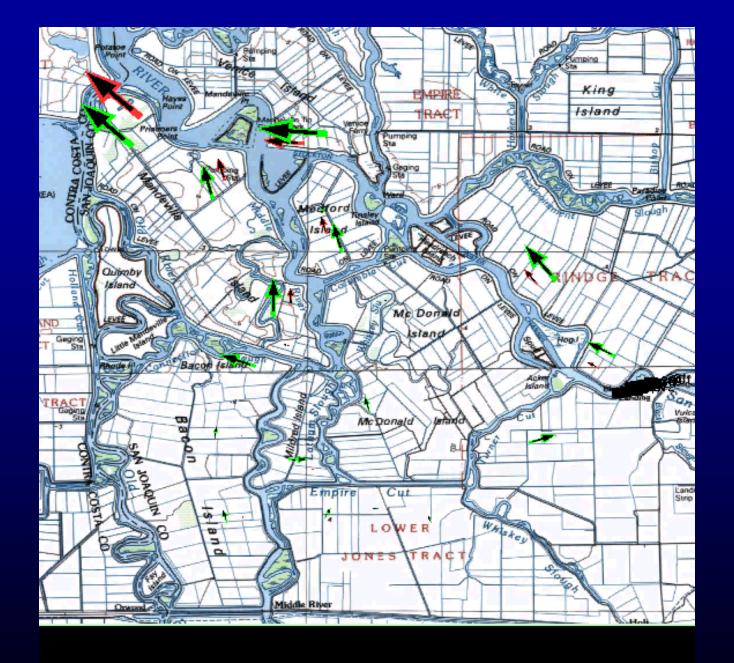
Predation on Smolts in Some Delta Regions is Consistently Higher than Other Areas

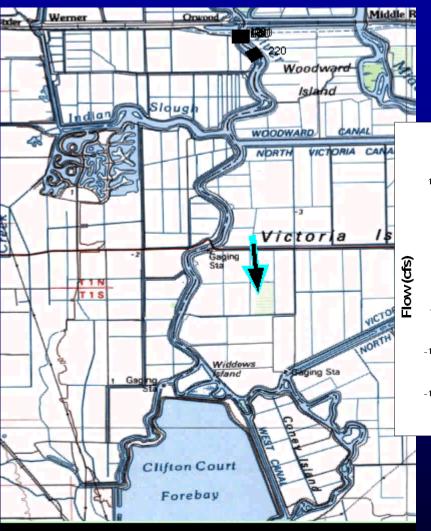




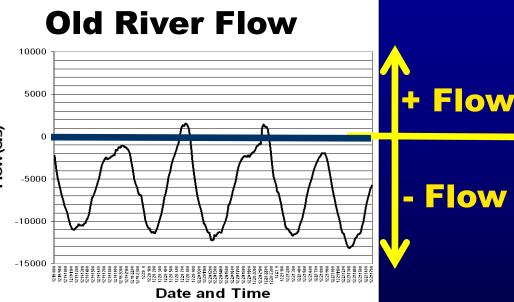
Telemetered Locations of ~100 Smolts 32

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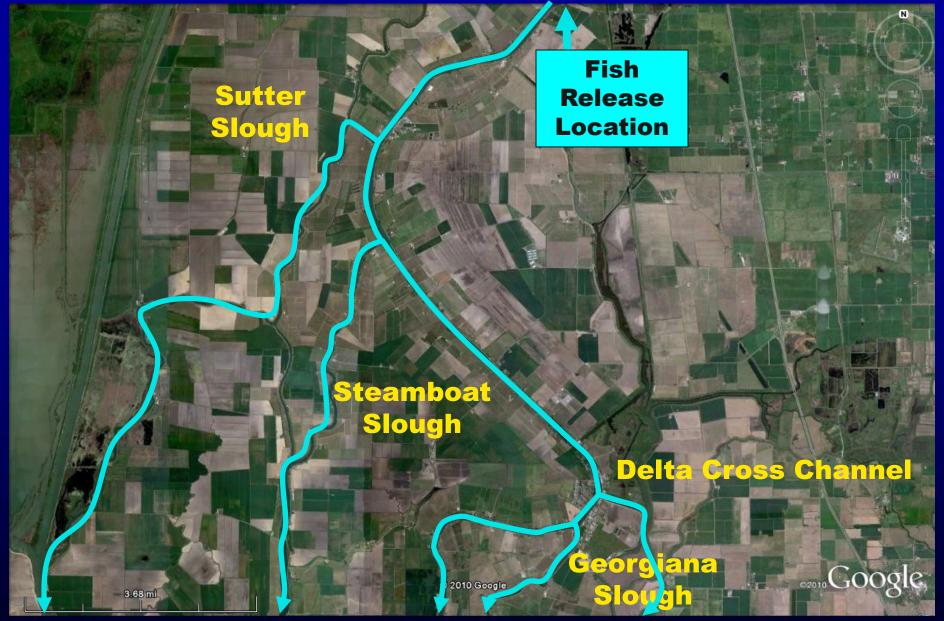
South Delta Studies



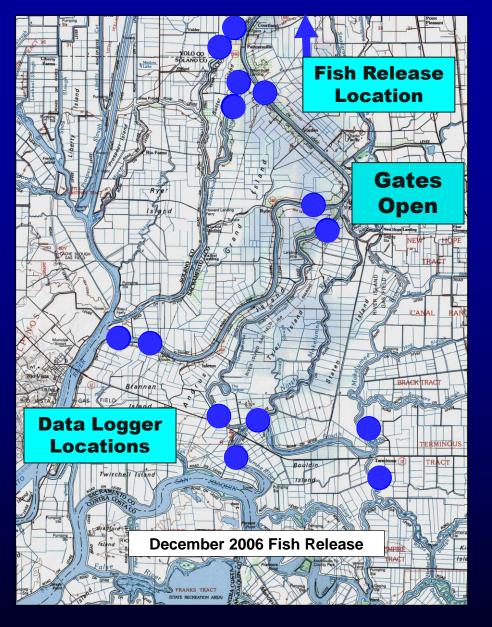
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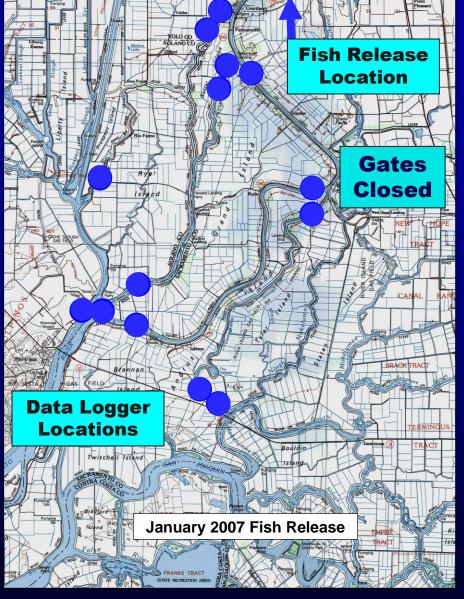
Radio-Telemetry Findings

- Fish did not move as a "school"
- Fish movements showed strong correspondence with flood and ebb tides
- Fish movements against the flow was rare
- Net fish movement was more rapid in some Delta regions compared to others
- Some regions had higher predation rates
- Fish generally migrated near mid channel
- Localized hydrodynamic conditions at flow splits affected migration routes
- Delta regions with large tidal prisms greatly affected smolt movements
- Fish usually moved slower than ambient water velocities

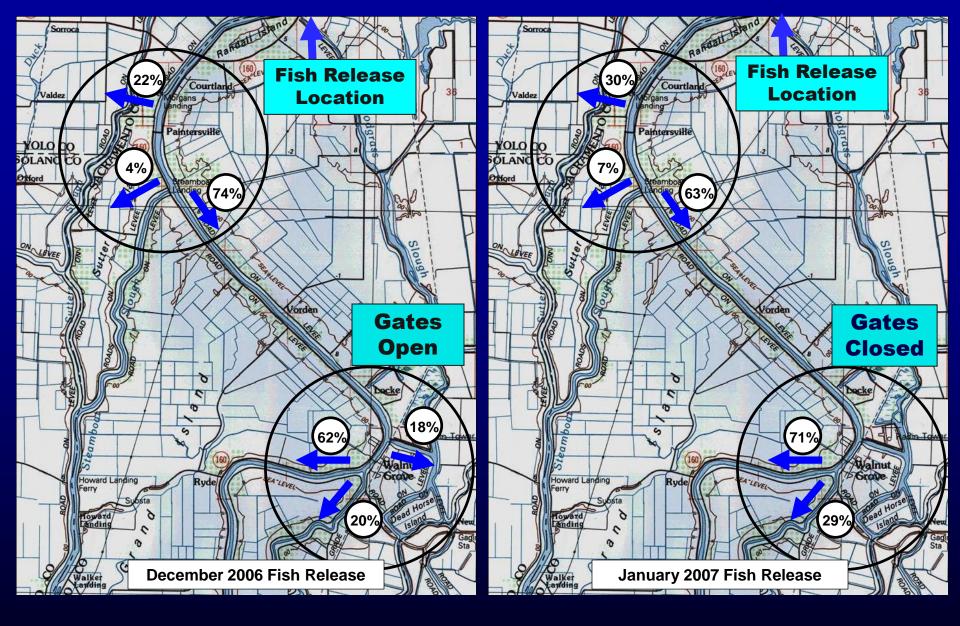


North Delta Acoustic Telemetry Studies Fish Route Selection and Survival





North Delta Acoustic Telemetry Studies Fish Route Selection and Survival



North Delta Acoustic Telemetry Studies Fish Route Selection and Survival

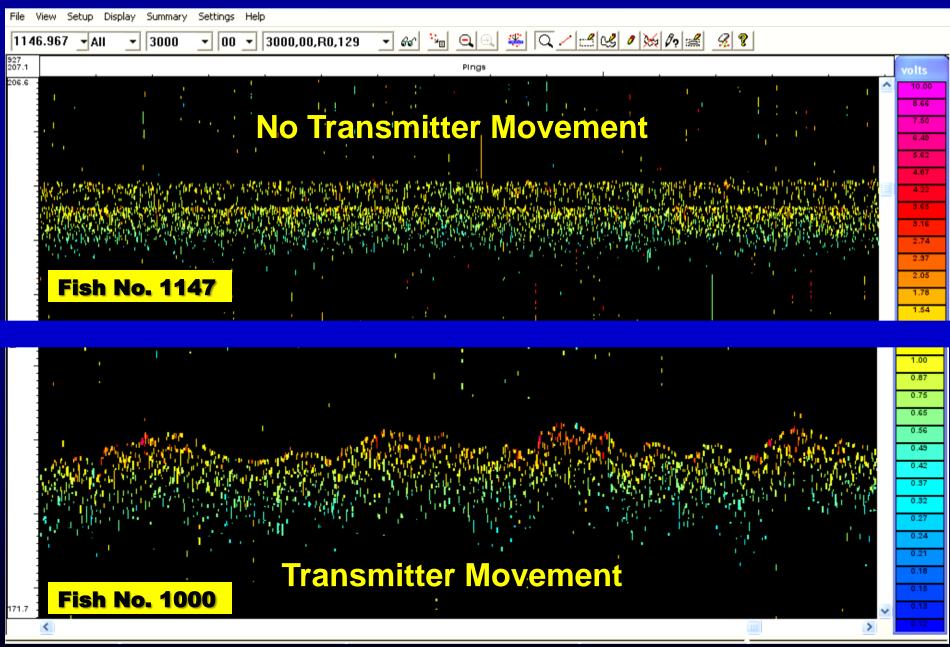
Predators on Salmonids



Pikeminnow

Striped Bass

Largemouth Bass



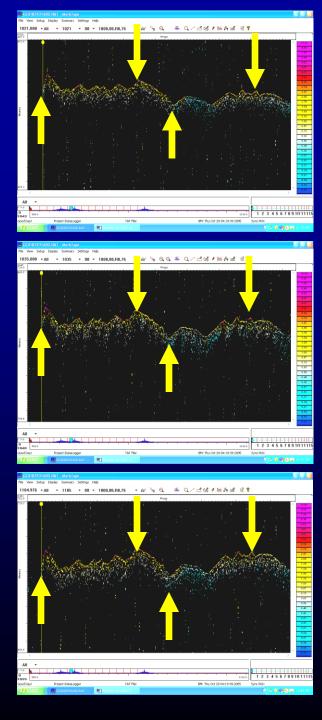


Extremely High Fish Mortality

Fish No. 1021

Fish No. 1035

Fish No. 1105



Movement patterns were identical for all 3 transmitters

Detection of Predation

Predation analyses changed salmon survival estimates in a lower Sacramento River study from 100% survival to 100% mortality.



Striped Bass Predation on Acoustic-Tagged Salmon

Scour Holes in the Delta



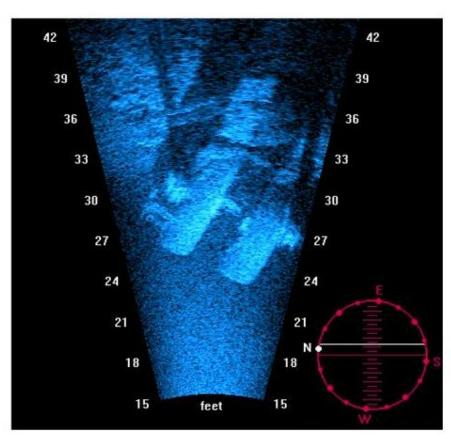
"Hot Spots"





Dual-Frequency Identification Sonar Surveys

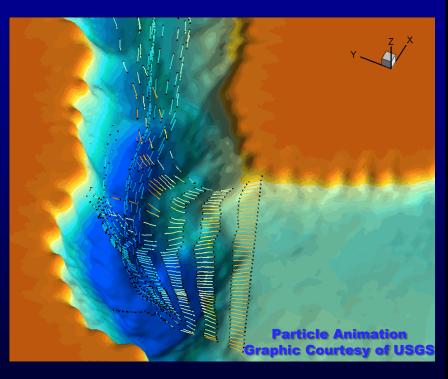


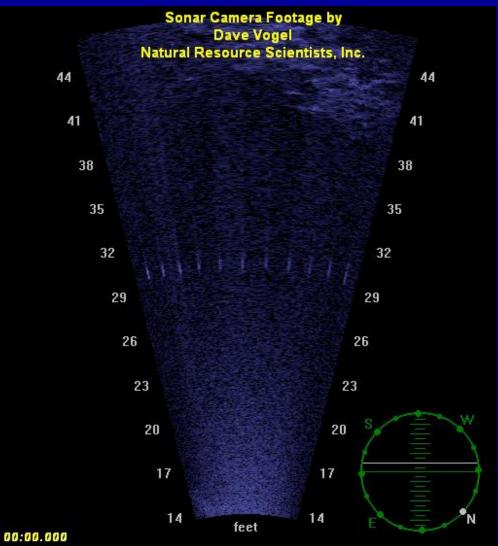


Sonar Camera

Sonar Image

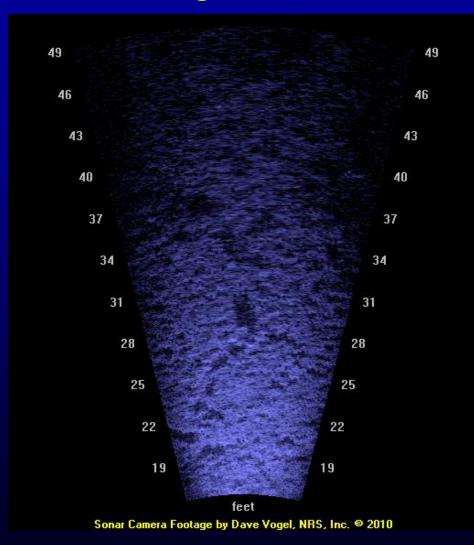
Scour Holes in the Delta

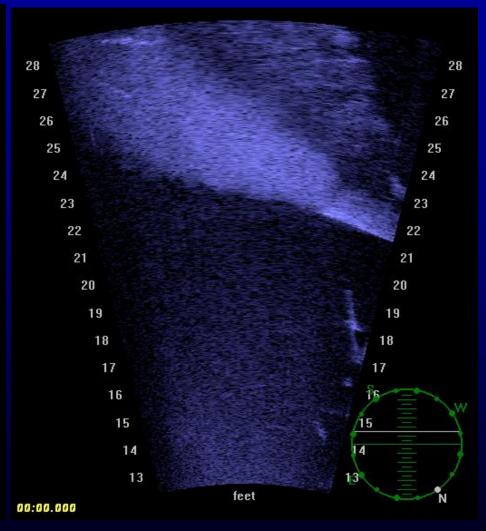




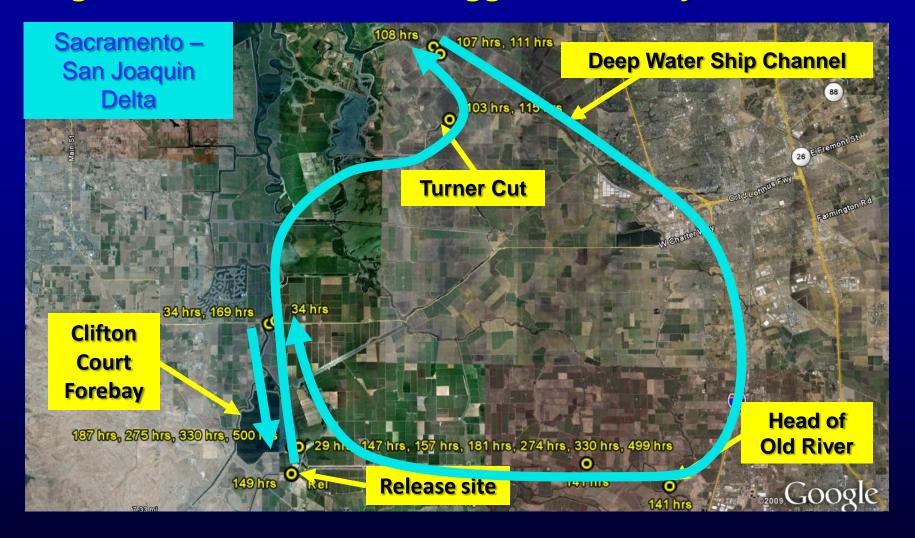
Striped Bass Near Ag Intake

Striped Bass Near Ag Drain



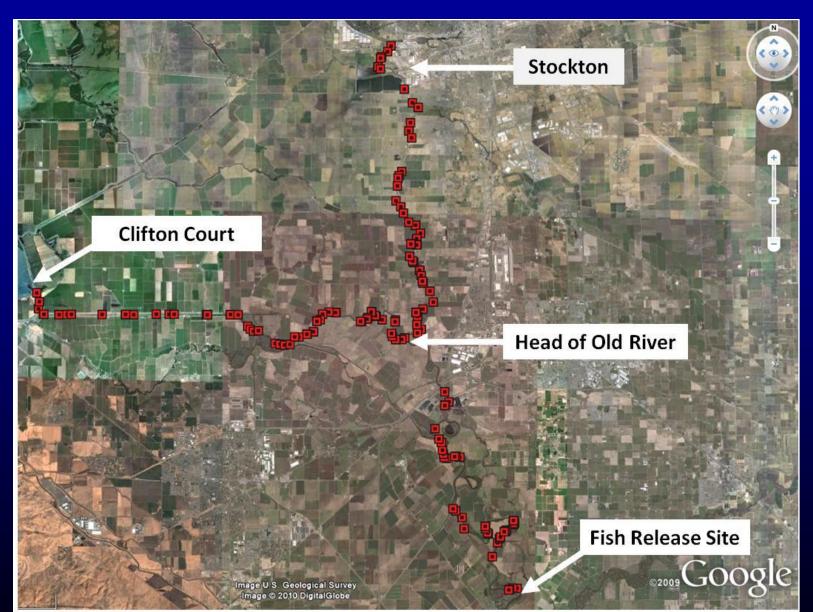


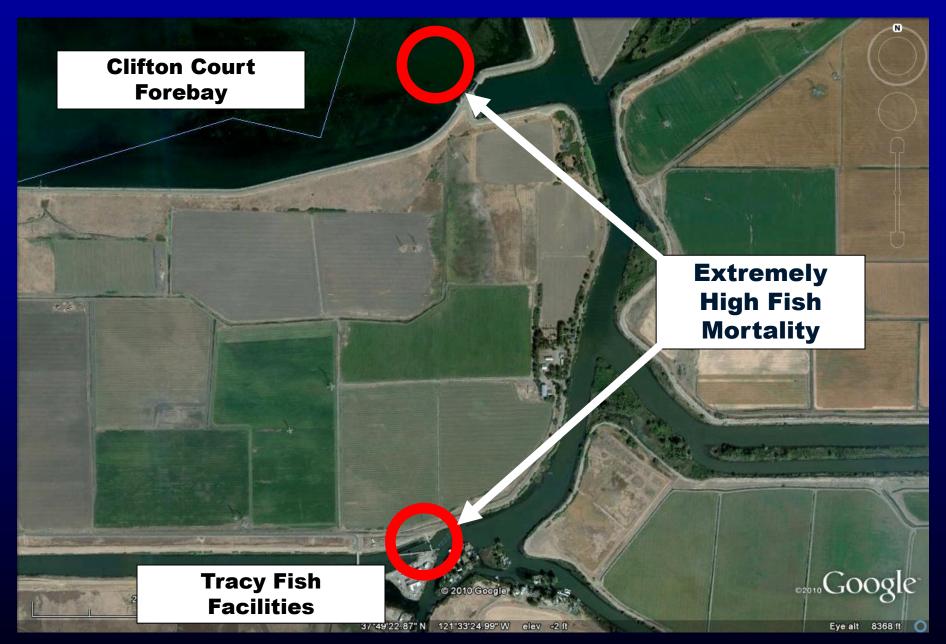
Integration with Acoustic - Tagged Predatory Fish Behavior



Striped Bass Movements in the South and Central Delta

Tag # 4208.07

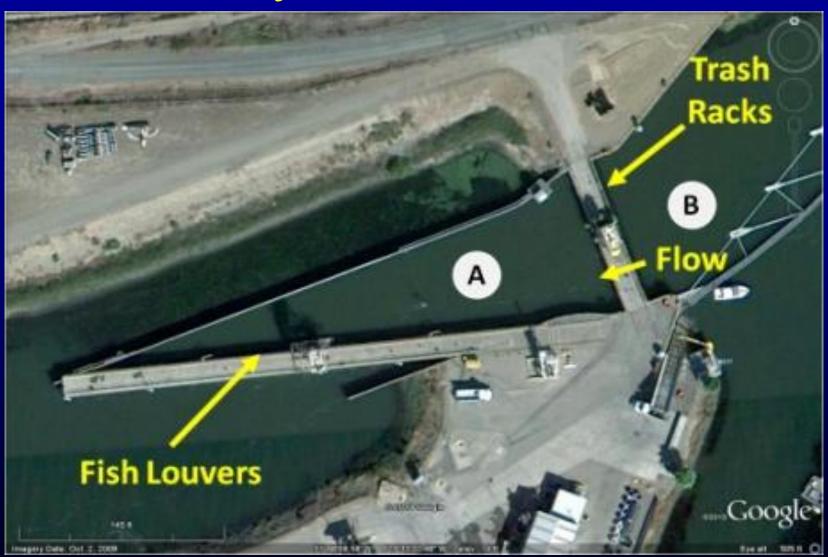




Clifton Court



Tracy Fish Facilities



Questions?



Technical Report Available at: www.norcalwater.org