

Nutrients in the Delta—the role of ammonium

Chris Foe

Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board

cfoe@waterboards.ca.gov

916-464-4713

http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/centralvalley/water_issues/delta_water_quality/ambient_ammonia_concentrations/index.shtml

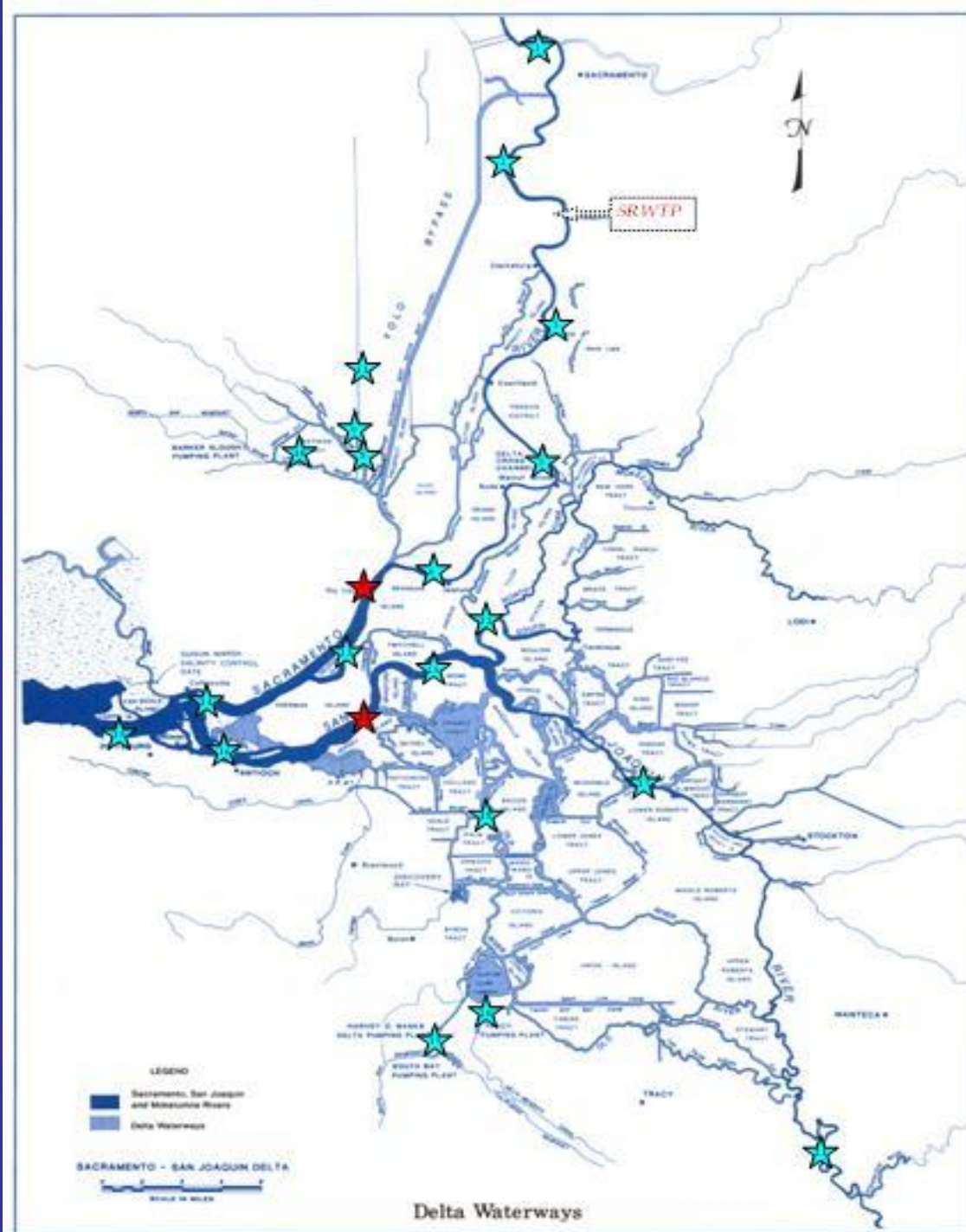
Outline

- Questions
- Study design
- Nitrogen and Phosphorus Patterns
- Answer Questions
- Conclusions

Questions

- Do ambient NH_4 concentrations exceed U.S. EPA criteria?
- Are ambient NH_4 concentrations at toxic levels to larval/juvenile delta smelt?
- Are ambient NH_4 concentrations at toxic levels to the copepod *Pseudodiaptomus forbesi*?
- Are ambient NH_4 concentrations high enough to inhibit nitrate uptake and reduce diatom primary production rates in the Delta?

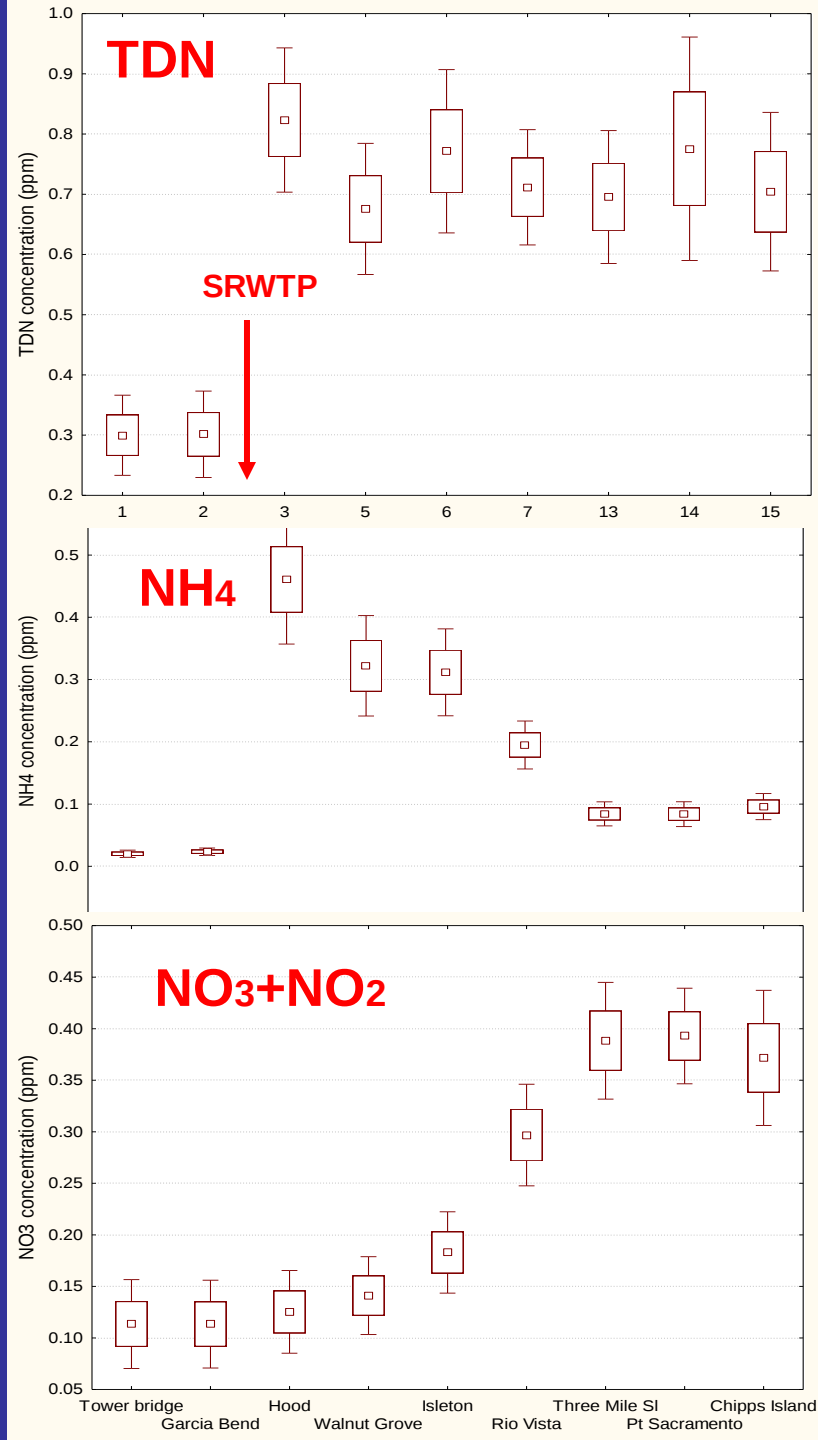
Map of Delta



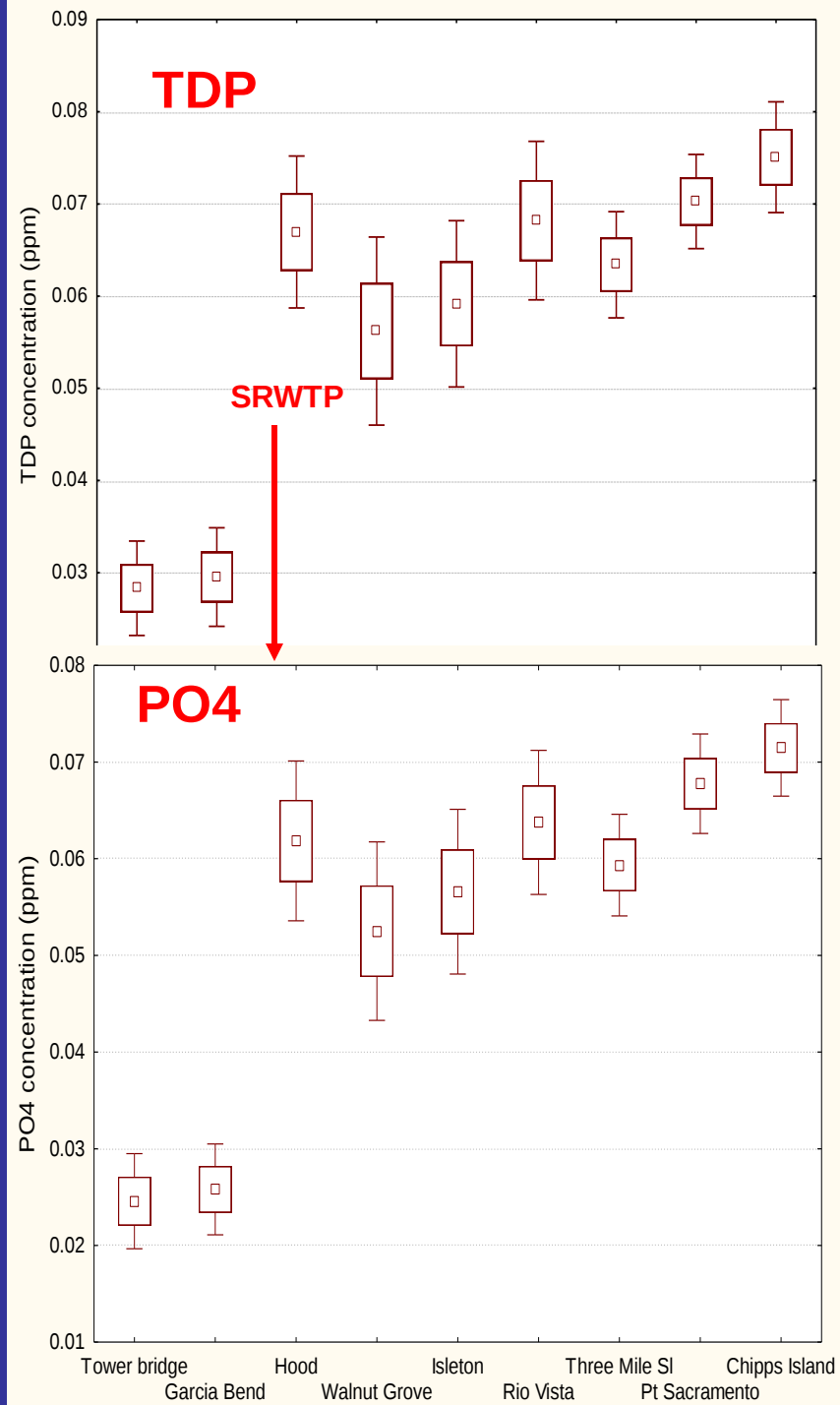
Chemicals Monitored

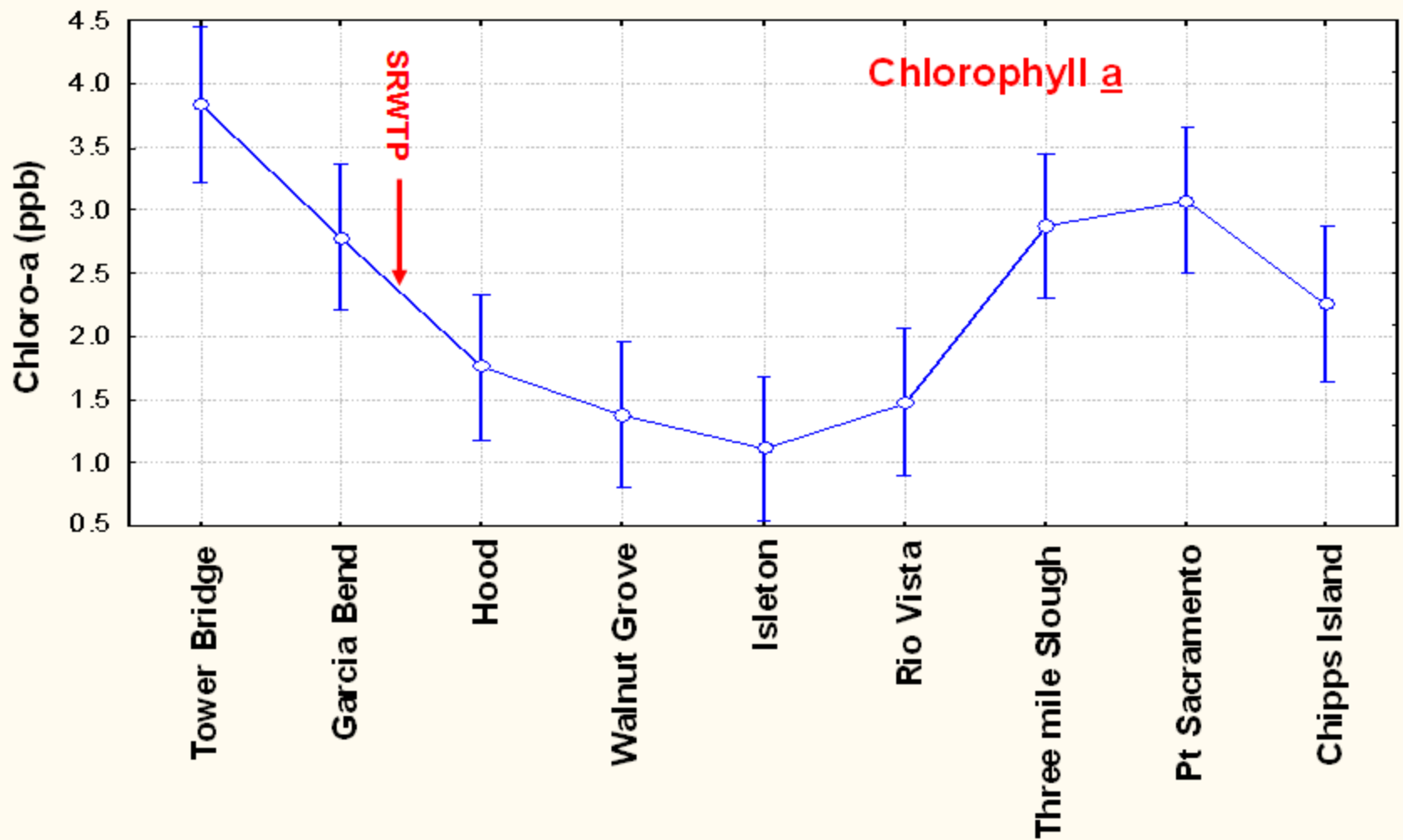
Constituent	MDL	Responsible party
Total Nitrogen	0.01 mg/l	UC Davis
Total Dissolved Nitrogen	0.01 mg/l	UC Davis
Ammonia	0.005 mg/l	UC Davis
Nitrite	0.01 mg/l	UC Davis
Nitrate	0.01 mg/l	UC Davis
Dissolved Organic nitrogen	0.01 mg/l	UC Davis
Total Phosphorus	0.005 mg/l	UC Davis
Total dissolved Phosphorus	0.005 mg/l	UC Davis
Soluble Reactive Phosphorus	0.002 mg/l	UC Davis
Dissolved Organic Carbon	0.1 mg/l	UC Davis
Chlorophyll <u>a</u>	0.5 ug/l	UC Davis
Phaeophytin	0.5 ug/l	UC Davis
EC (25°C)	1 s/cm	Regional Board
Temperature	0.1 °C	Regional Board
Turbidity	0.1 ntu	Regional Board
Dissolved Oxygen	0.1 mg/l	Regional Board
pH	0.1 pH units	Regional Board

Nitrogen

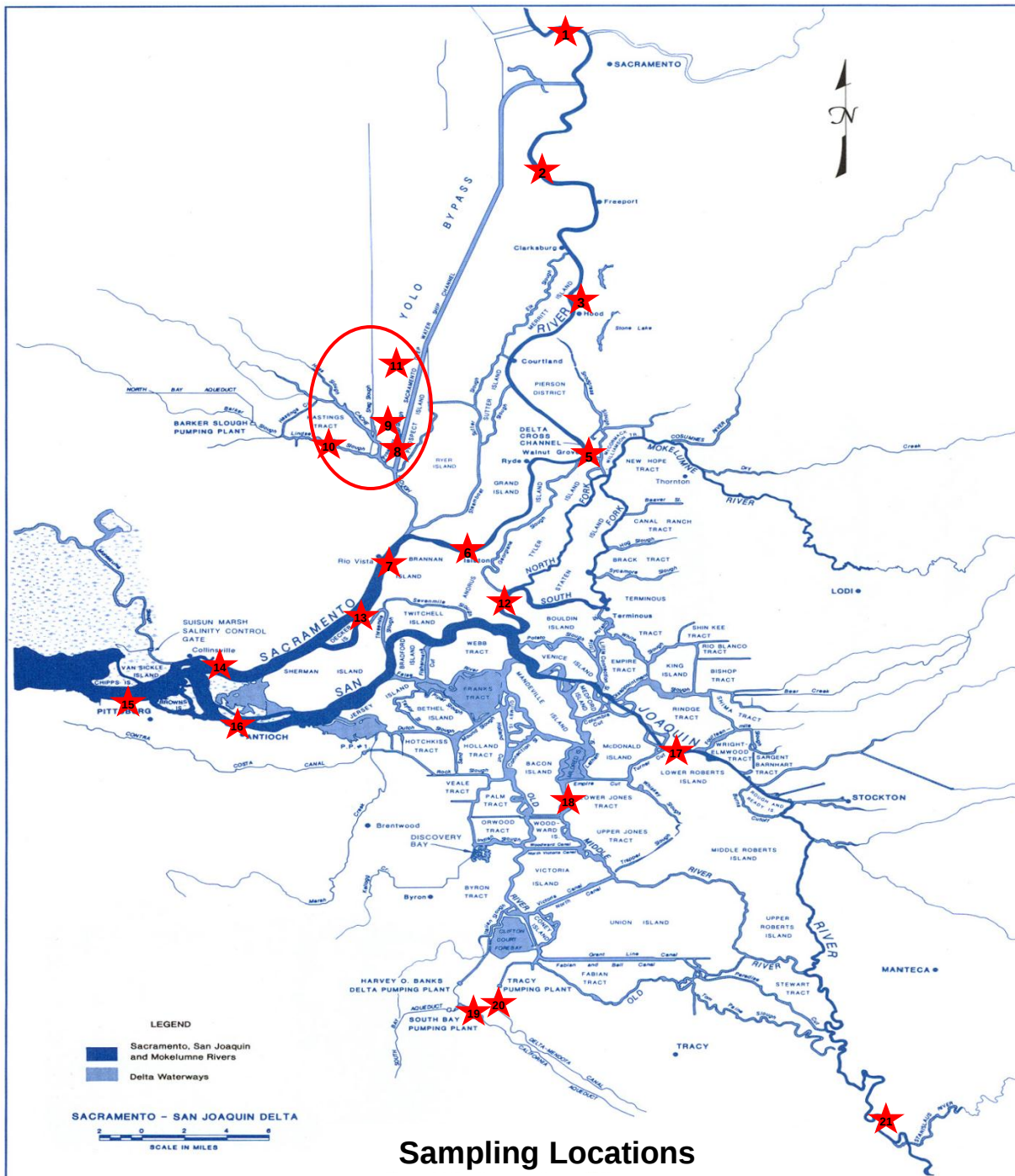


Phosphorus

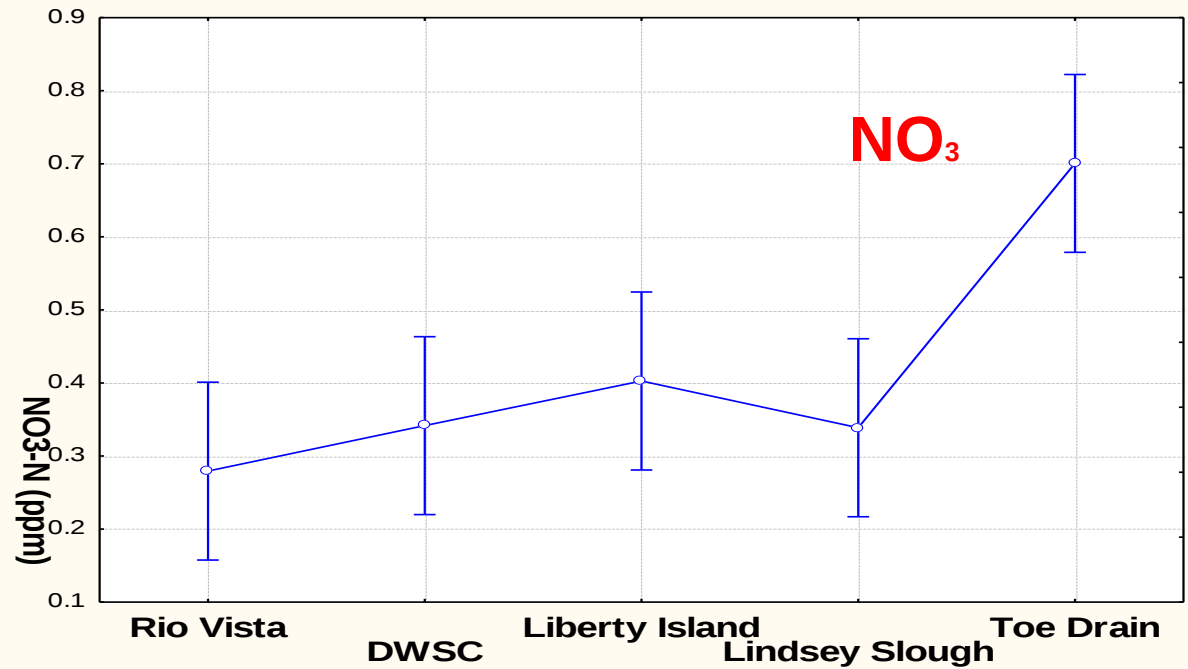
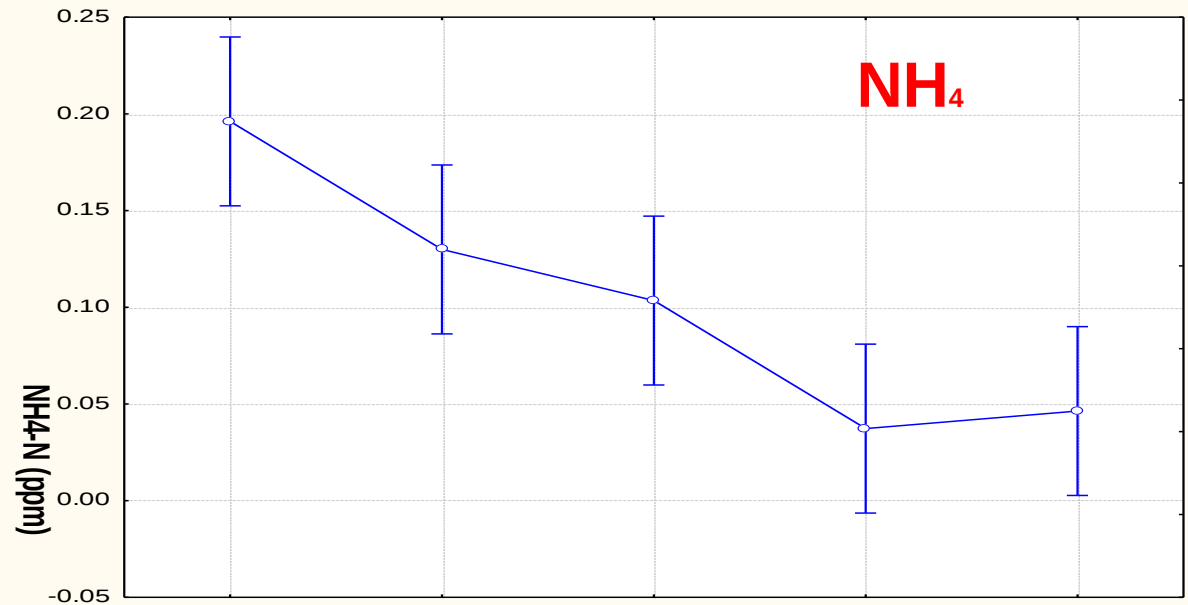


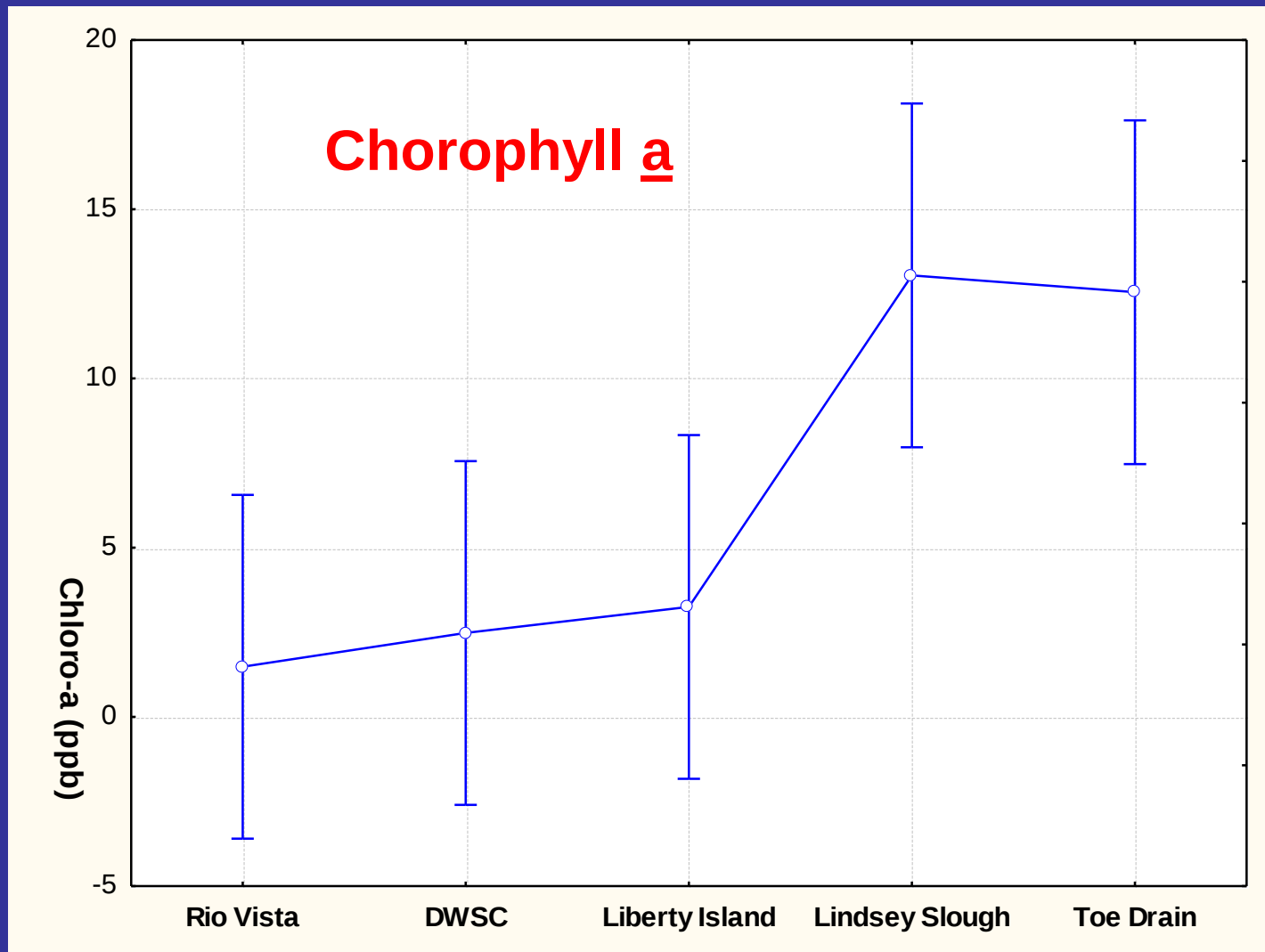


Average chlorophyll a concentrations between Tower Bridge on the Sacramento River and Chipps Island in the Delta.



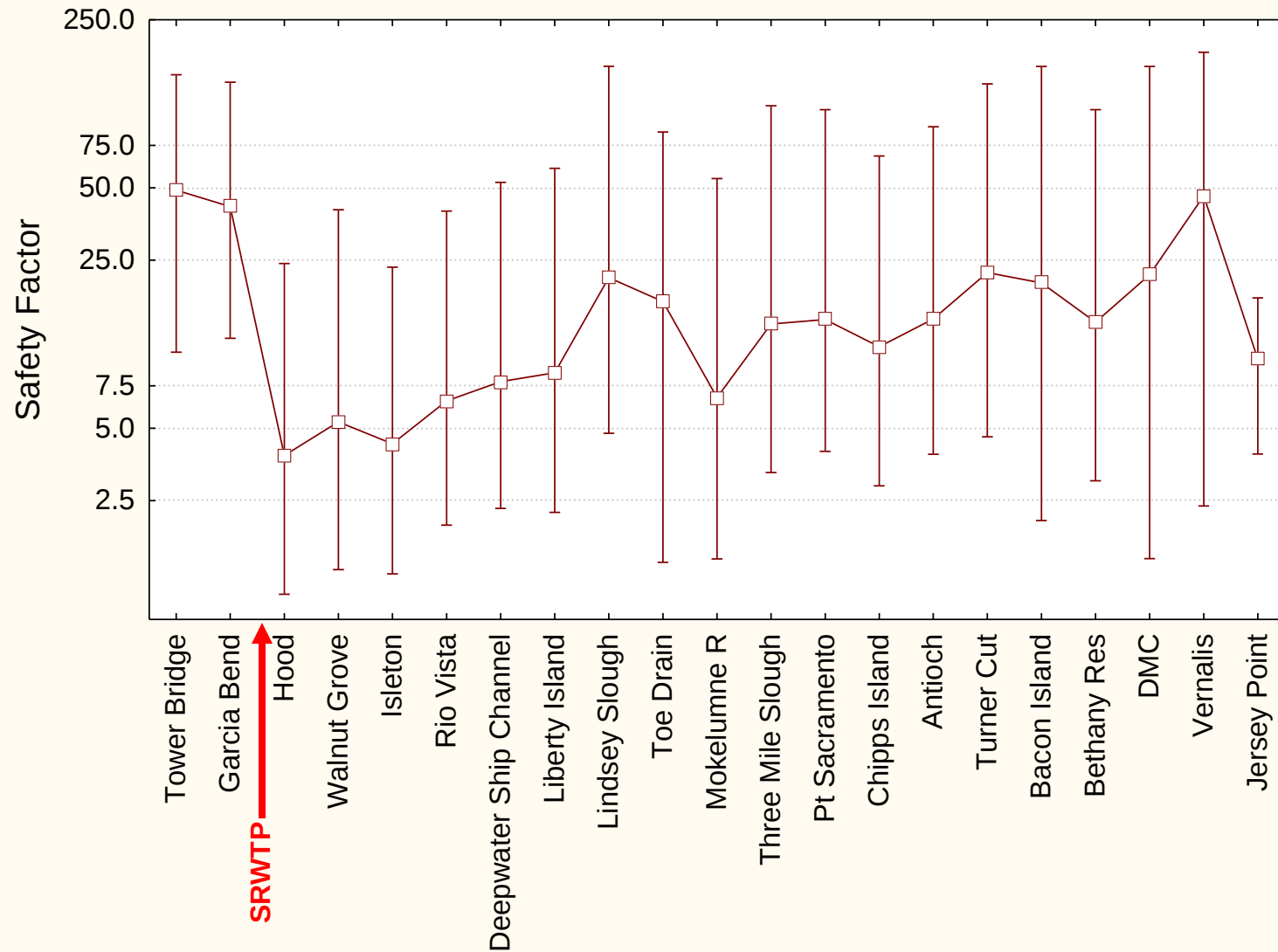
Average nitrogen concentrations in Yolo Bypass complex



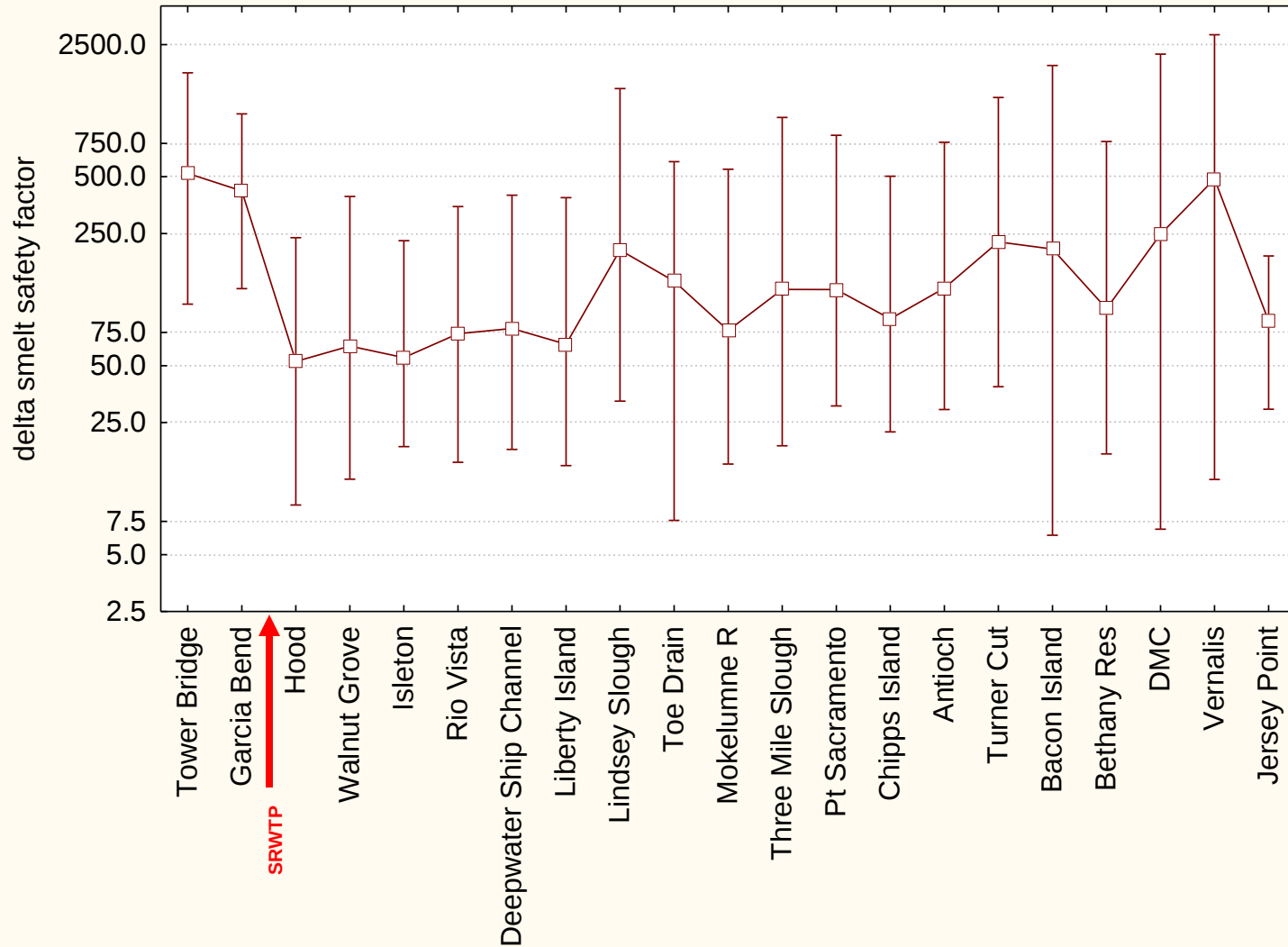


Average chlorophyll a concentrations in the Yolo Bypass complex

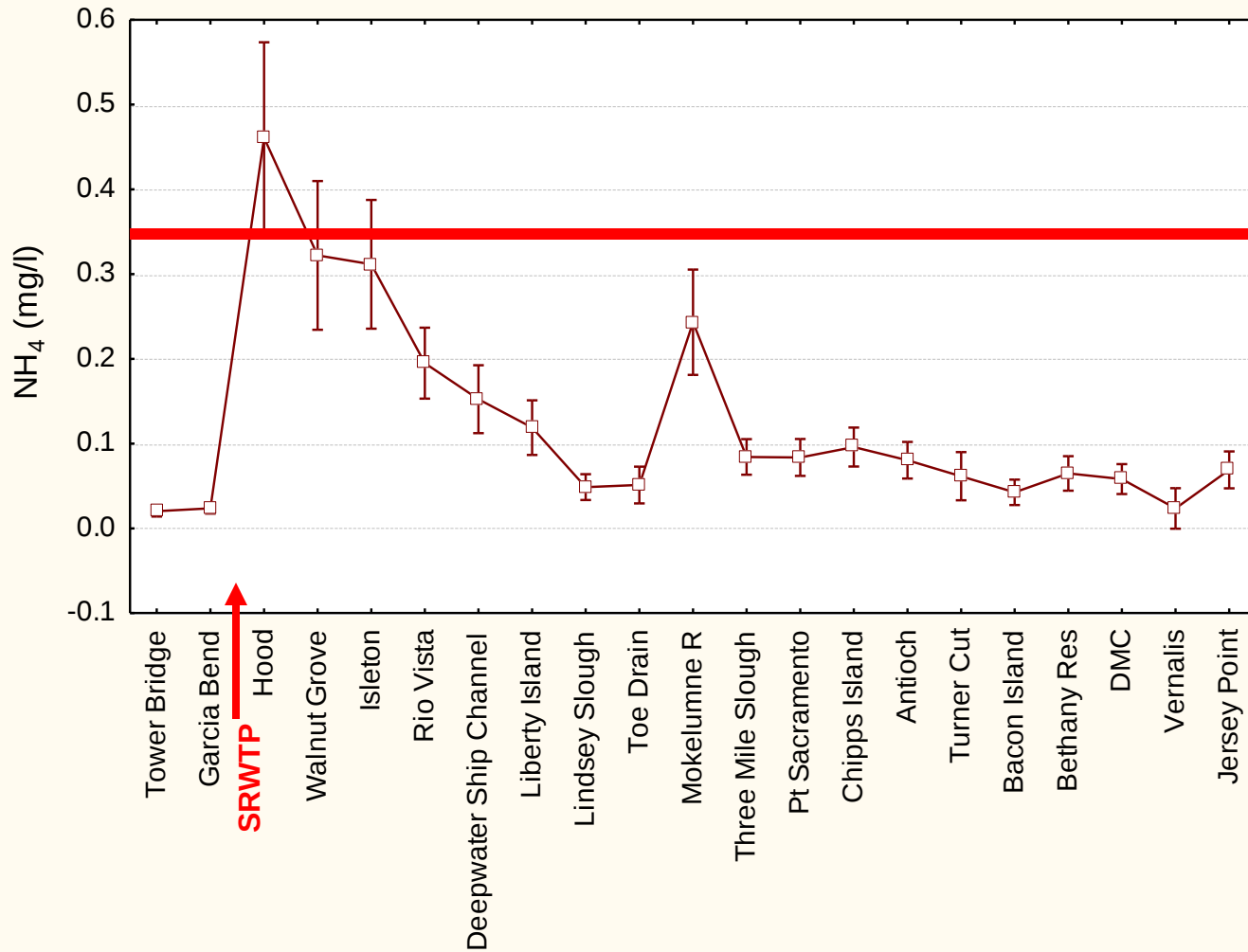
Draft US EPA NH₄ criterion for mussels present



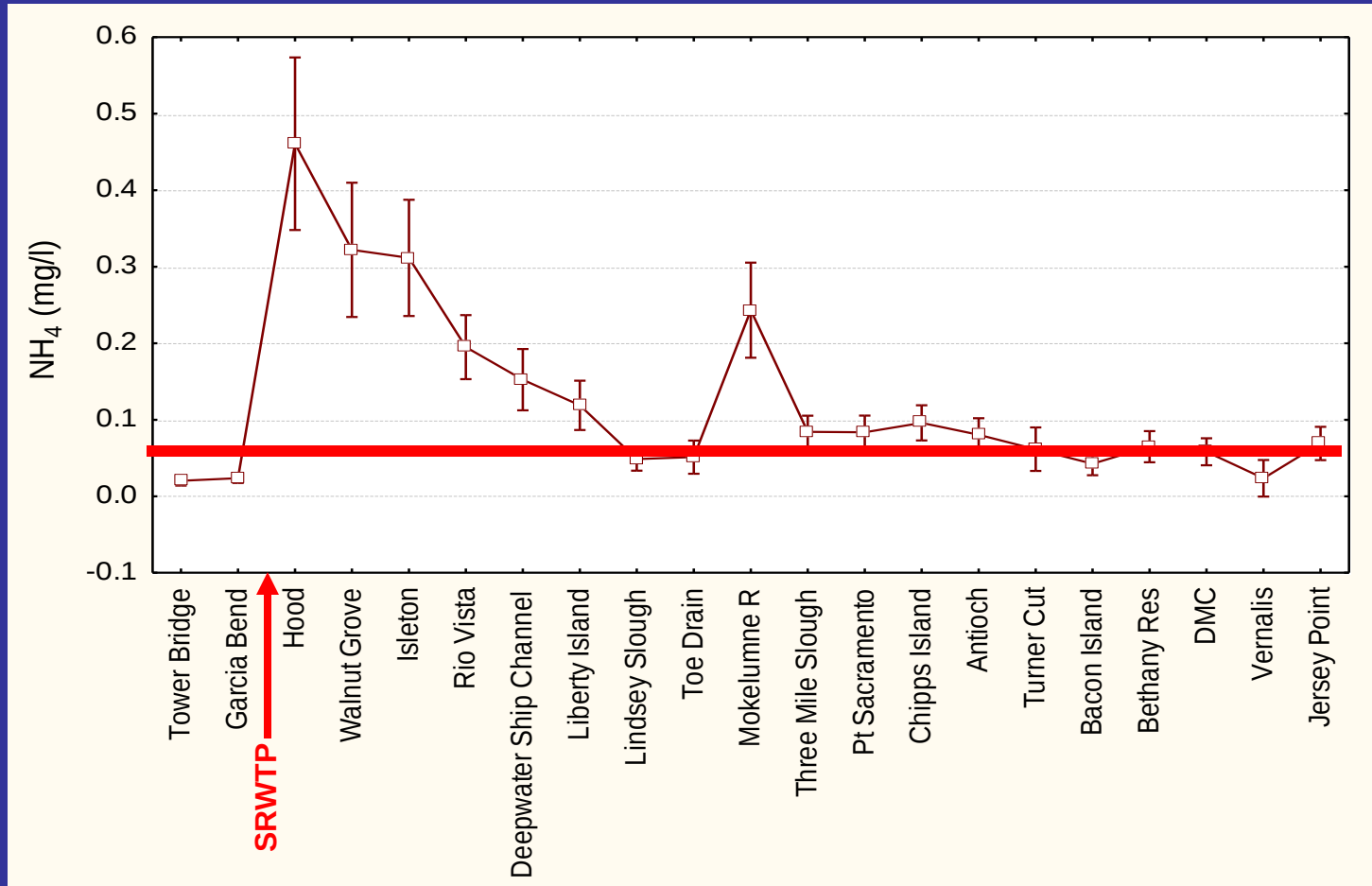
Delta Smelt Acute Safety Factor



Pseudodiaptomus Toxicity



Inhibition of Nitrate Uptake by Diatoms



New Permit for SRWTP

- Ammonia limit of 1.8-mg N/l
- Nitrate limit of 10-mg N/l
- Filtration

Conclusions (1)

- The SRWTP increases N and P levels in the Delta 2 to 2.5-fold.
- Ammonia is the major form of nitrogen. Concentrations increase about 11-fold.
- Ammonia and nitrate/nitrite are the mirror image of each other suggesting that nitrification is the major biological process.
- New permit adopted for the SRWTP requiring both nitrification and denitrification.

Conclusions (2)

- Do ambient NH₄ concentrations exceed U.S. EPA criteria? **NO**
- Are ambient NH₄ concentrations at toxic levels to delta smelt? **NO**
- Are ambient NH₄ concentrations at toxic levels to the copepod *P. forbesi*? **Yes**
- Are ambient NH₄ concentrations high enough to inhibit nitrate uptake by diatoms? **Yes**