

# RECLAMATION

*Managing Water in the West*

## Hydrology Modeling for Central Valley Project Cost Allocation

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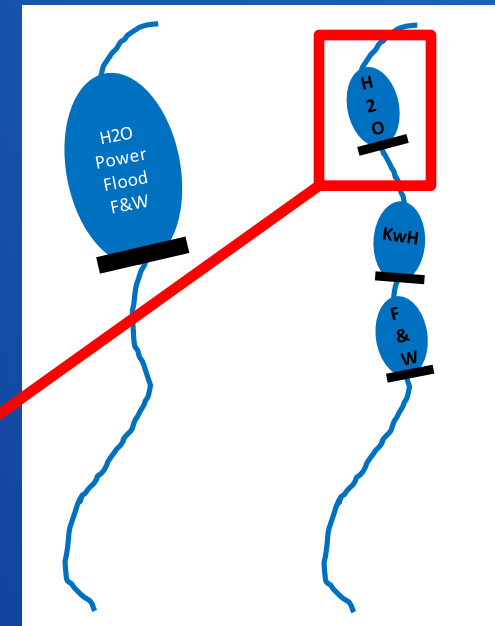
U.S. Department of the Interior  
Bureau of Reclamation

# Basic Terms and Concepts

- **Central Valley Project is authorized by Congress to serve multiple purposes**
  - Water Supply
  - Flood Control
  - Hydropower
  - Fish and Wildlife
  - Water Quality
  - Navigation
  - Recreation
- **CVP Cost Allocation apportions facility costs among the purposes served**

# Basic Terms and Concepts

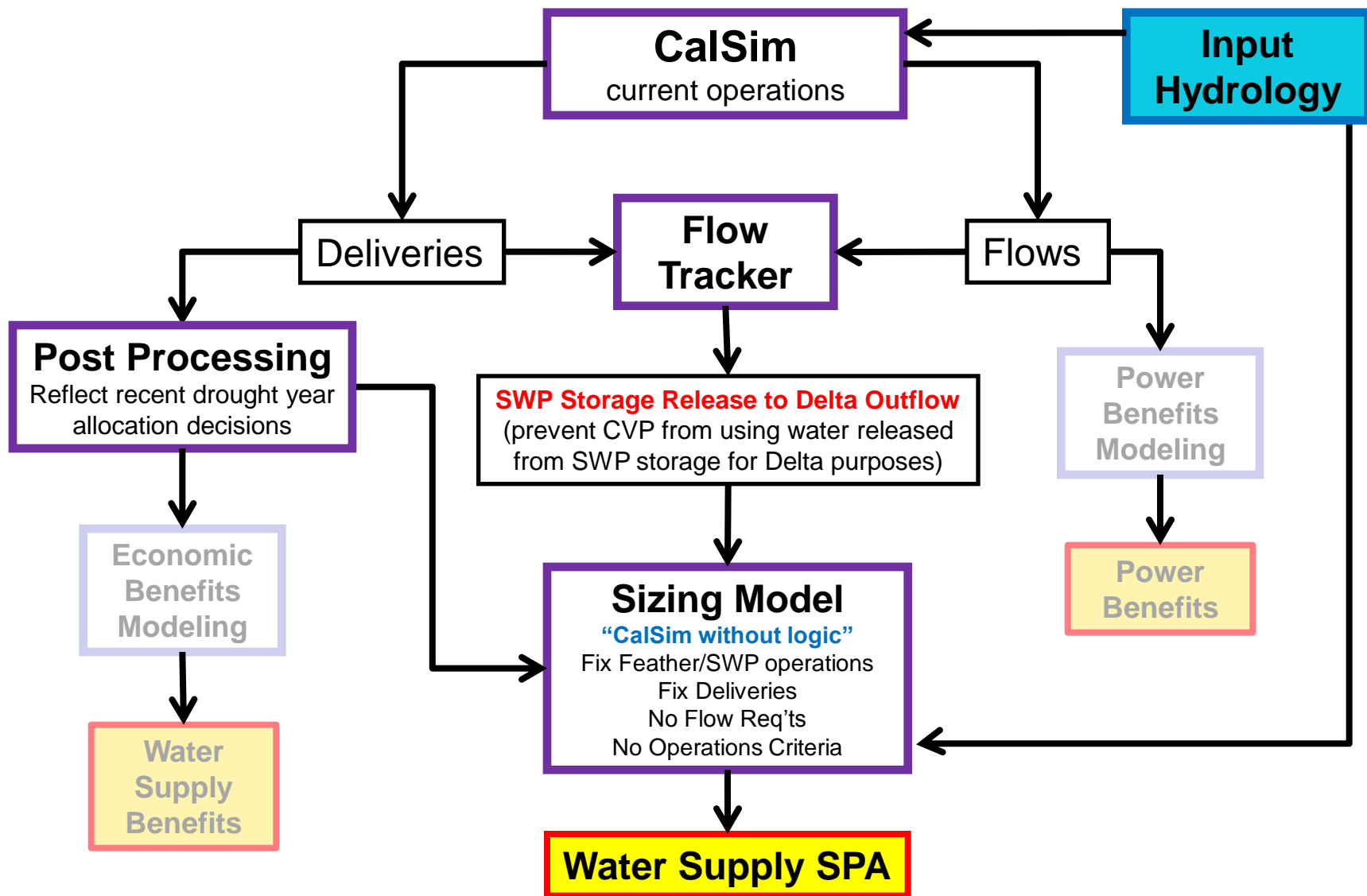
- Justifiable Expenditure (JE) → willingness to pay
- $JE = \min(\text{Economic Benefit}, \text{Single Purpose Alternative Cost})$
- SPA cost =  $f(\text{SPA size})$ 
  - It is more cost effective to build a multi-purpose facility than a **group** of single-purpose facilities
  - **Size** a single-purpose facility that would provide the same level of benefit as a multi-purpose facility
  - **Single-purpose alternative (SPA)** ←



# The Role of Modeling

- **Depict/Quantify Project Purposes**
- **Calculate inputs to Economics Benefits Analysis**
  - Water Delivery
  - Water Quality
  - Hydropower
- **Determine Single Purpose Alternative Sizes**

# Water Supply Purpose Modeling Applications



# Modeling Applications

- **CalSim2**
  - Determine deliveries under “current operations”
  - Post Process a base study to depict severe drought ops
- **FlowTracker**
  - Calculate SWP storage release that should not be available to meet CVP water supply purpose
- **Single Purpose Facility Sizing Model**
  - CalSim Schematic – No Logic – Just Hydrology
  - Fix deliveries; Fix SWP release to Delta outflow
  - **How much storage is needed to enable deliveries**

# Flow Tracker

- Calculate SWP storage releases that meet SWP responsibilities for Delta outflow
- “Color” flows in CalSim results
  - Reservoir release of passthrough inflow (**cvpi**, **swpi**)
  - Reservoir release of previously stored water (**cvps**, **swps**)
  - Other Inflow (**npi**); Groundwater (**gw**); Return flow (**ret**)
- We’re interested in knowing release from SWP storage that did not become surplus DO.

# Flow Tracker

- Structure is based on two concepts
  - Any flow is the sum of its component flow types
  - Preserve mass balance of each flow type at each node

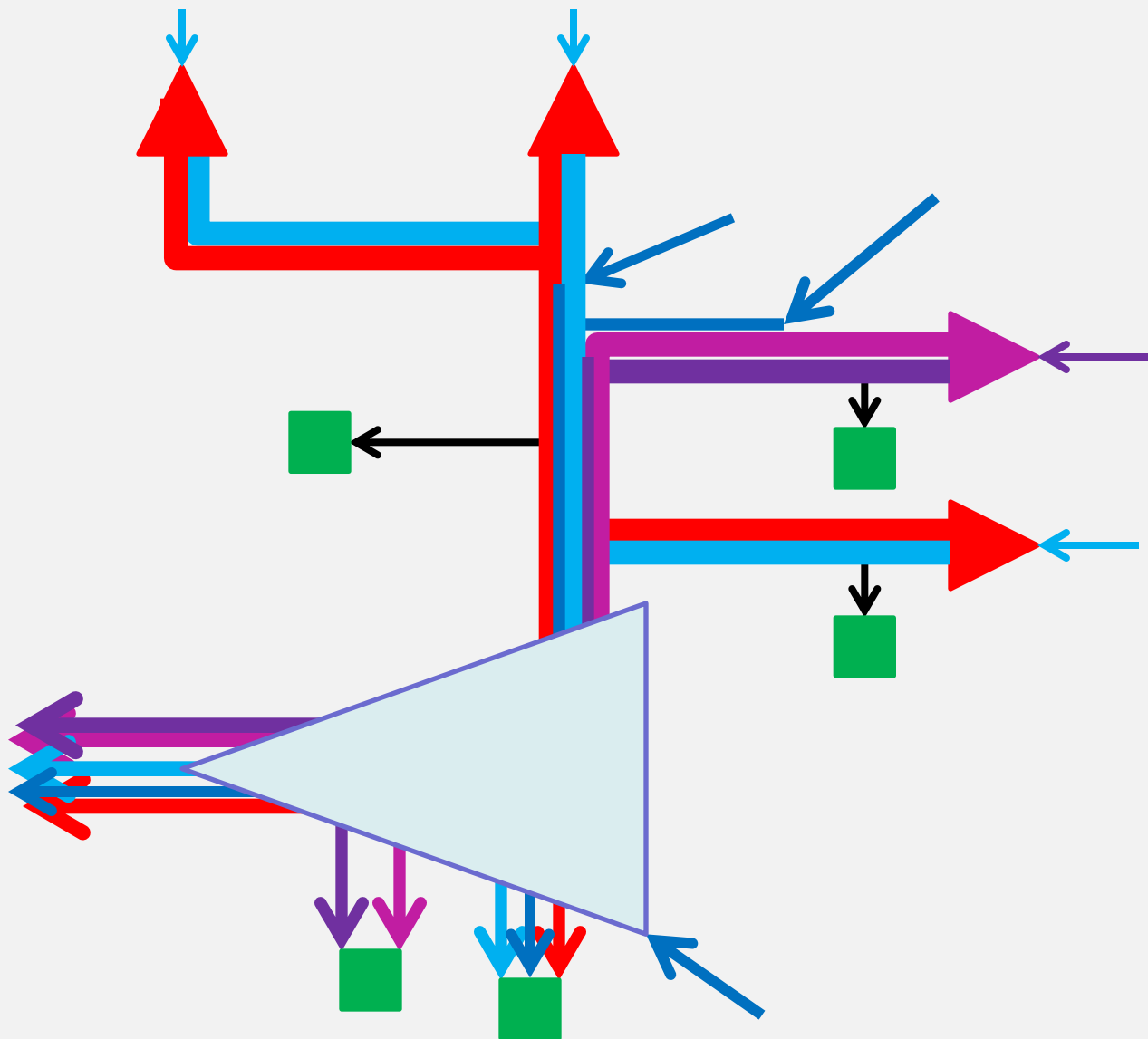
```
goal Tot_C112    {C112    =    C112_cvps + C112_cvpi + C112_gw + C112_ret + C112_npi }
goal Tot_D112    {D112    =    D112_cvps + D112_cvpi + D112_gw + D112_ret + D112_npi }

goal continuity112_cvps    {C112_cvps = C110_cvps - D112_cvps    }
goal continuity112_cvpi    {C112_cvpi = C110_cvpi - D112_cvpi    }
goal continuity112_gw      {C112_gw  = C110_gw  - D112_gw      }
goal continuity112_ret     {C112_ret  = C110_ret  - D112_ret     }
goal continuity112_npi     {C112_npi  = C110_npi  - D112_npi  + I112  }
```

- Solution is based on user-defined weights
  - What kinds of deliveries get what kinds of water?
- Make SWP delivery/export use SWPI and SWPS water if at all possible.
- Any remaining SWPI and SWPS that goes to DO is due to a specific release to meet Delta requirements



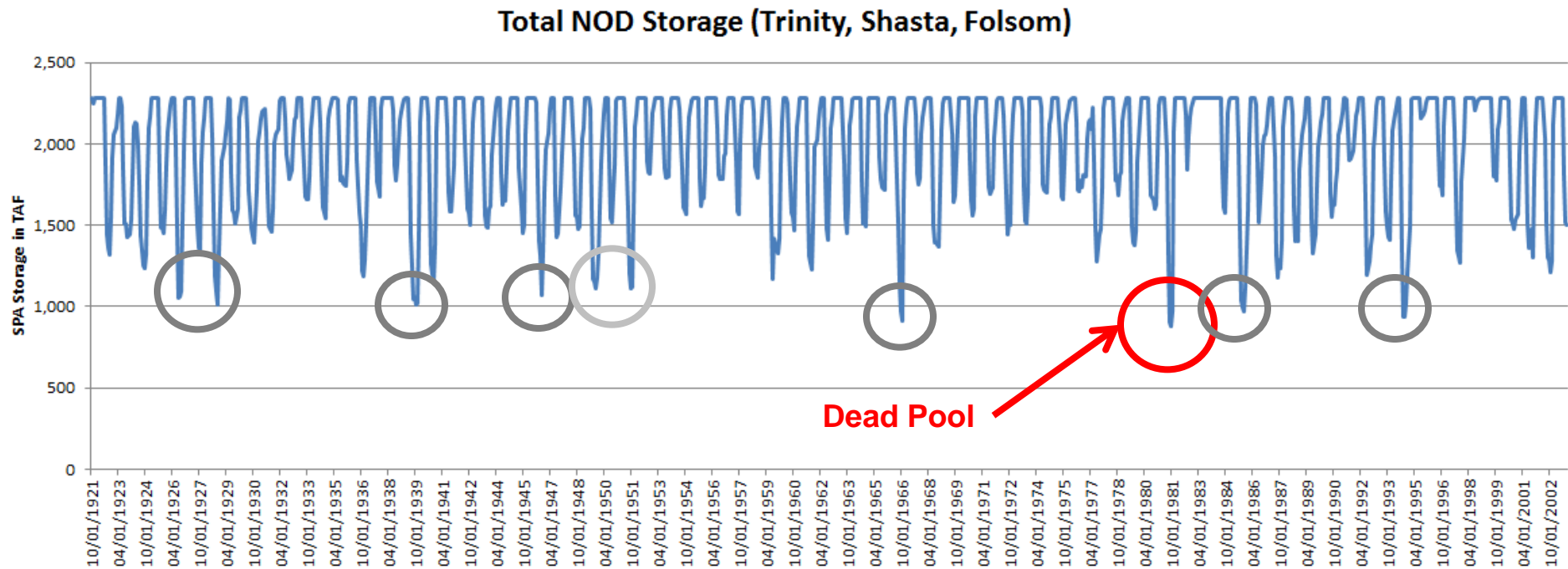
# Flow Tracker Concepts



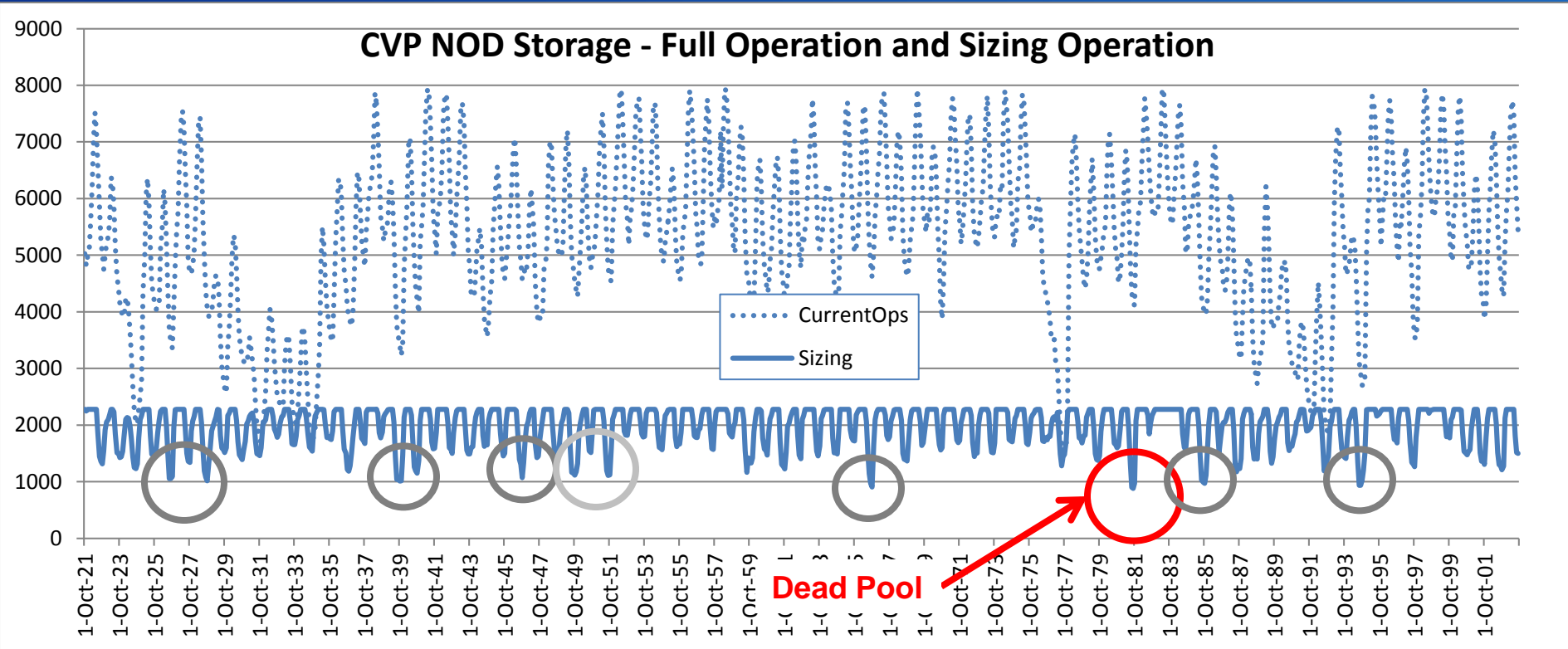
# Sizing Model

- CalSim2 Schematic – No Logic – Just Hydrology
- Fix CalSim2 deliveries (CVP and SWP)
- Fix everything upstream of Feather confluence
- Treat SWP release for DO as a delivery to DO
  
- Iterative Runs
  - Start with full size reservoirs
  - Since delivery is all they need to satisfy, drawdown is small
  - Reduce CVP reservoir sizes until they *just* meet delivery
- These are the **Single Purpose Storage Sizes**

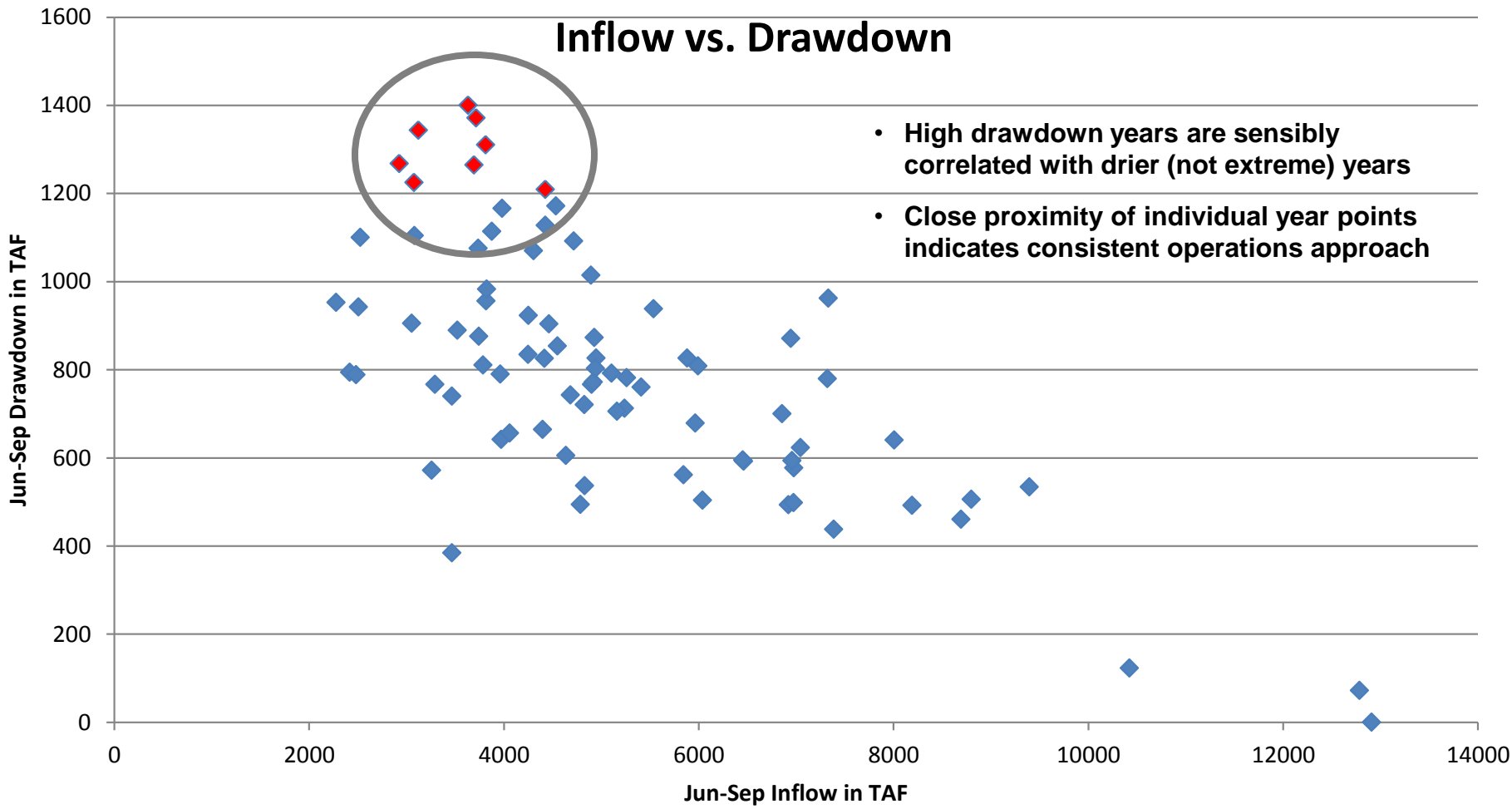
# Water Supply Sizing Model Results



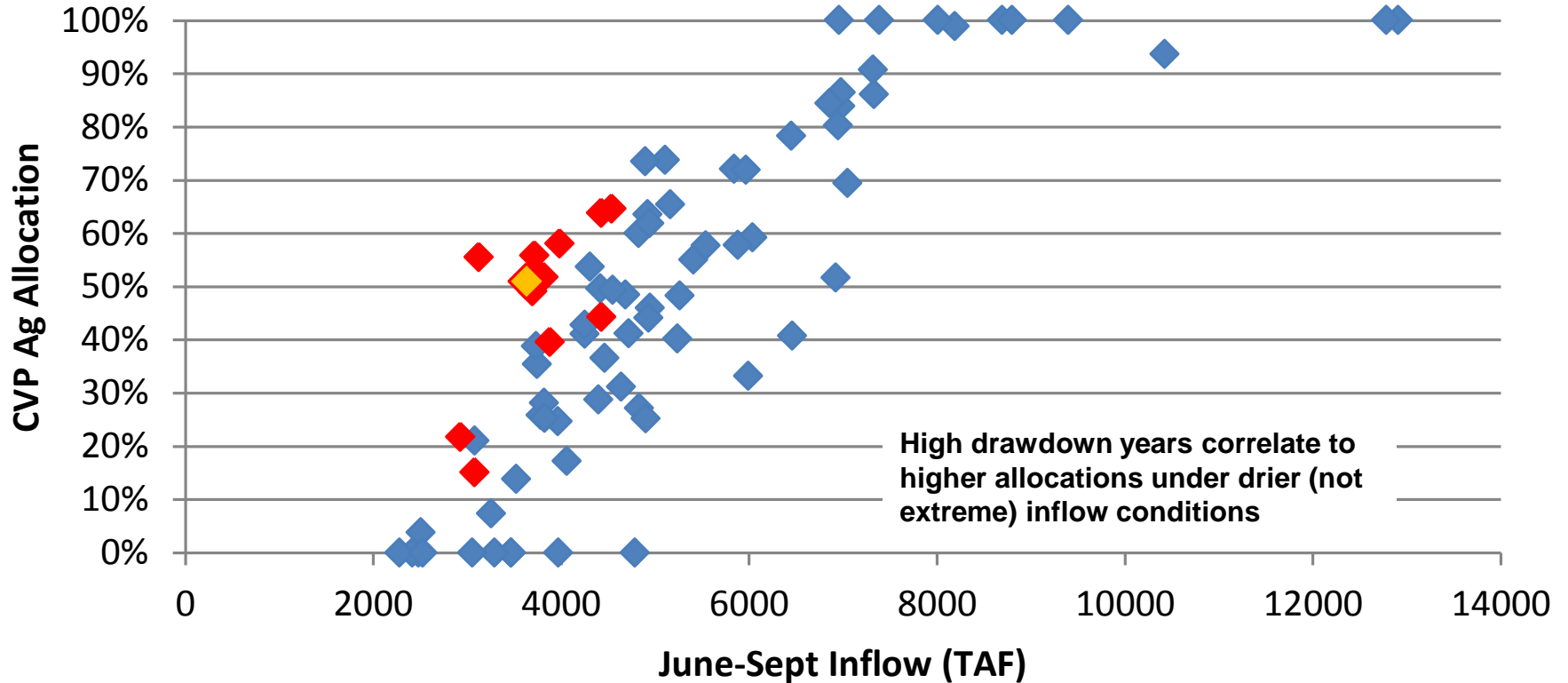
# Water Supply Sizing Model Results



# Inflow vs. Drawdown



# CVP Ag Allocation vs. SPA Drawdown



# Water Quality SPA Sizing

- WQ project purpose is depicted by flows that meet Delta standards and other criteria
- Operations to meet SWRCB D-1485 and RPA standards are joint costs shared by all project purposes
- Incremental cost of meeting SWRCB **D-1641** relative to **D-1485** is non-reimbursable
- How much more storage is needed to meet D-1641 than to meet D-1485?

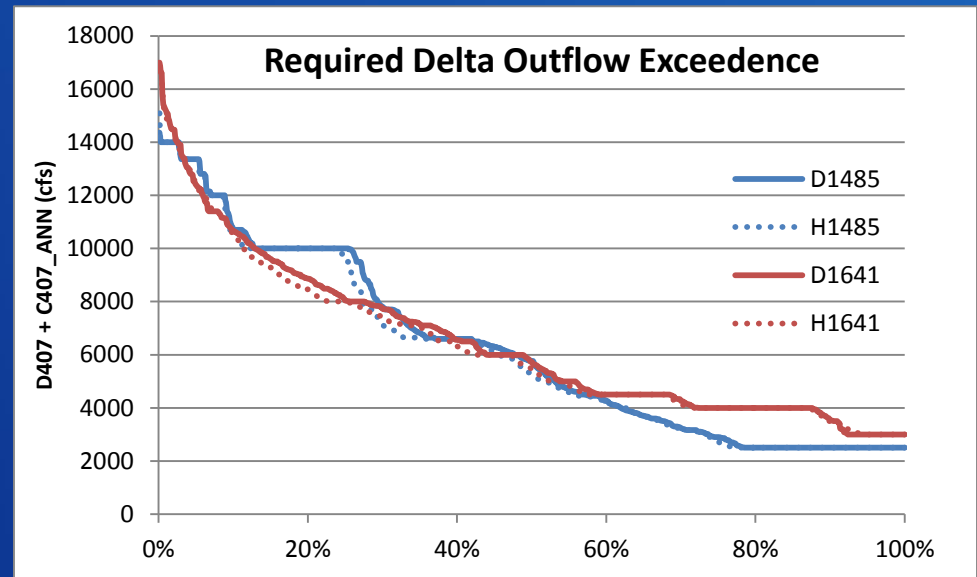
# Water Quality SPA Sizing

- Regulations affect delivery and export
- Export levels affect Delta Water Quality
- Comparison of DO to meet Delta WQ should be done at a consistent level of export
- Use export and delivery achieved under the **current regulatory environment**

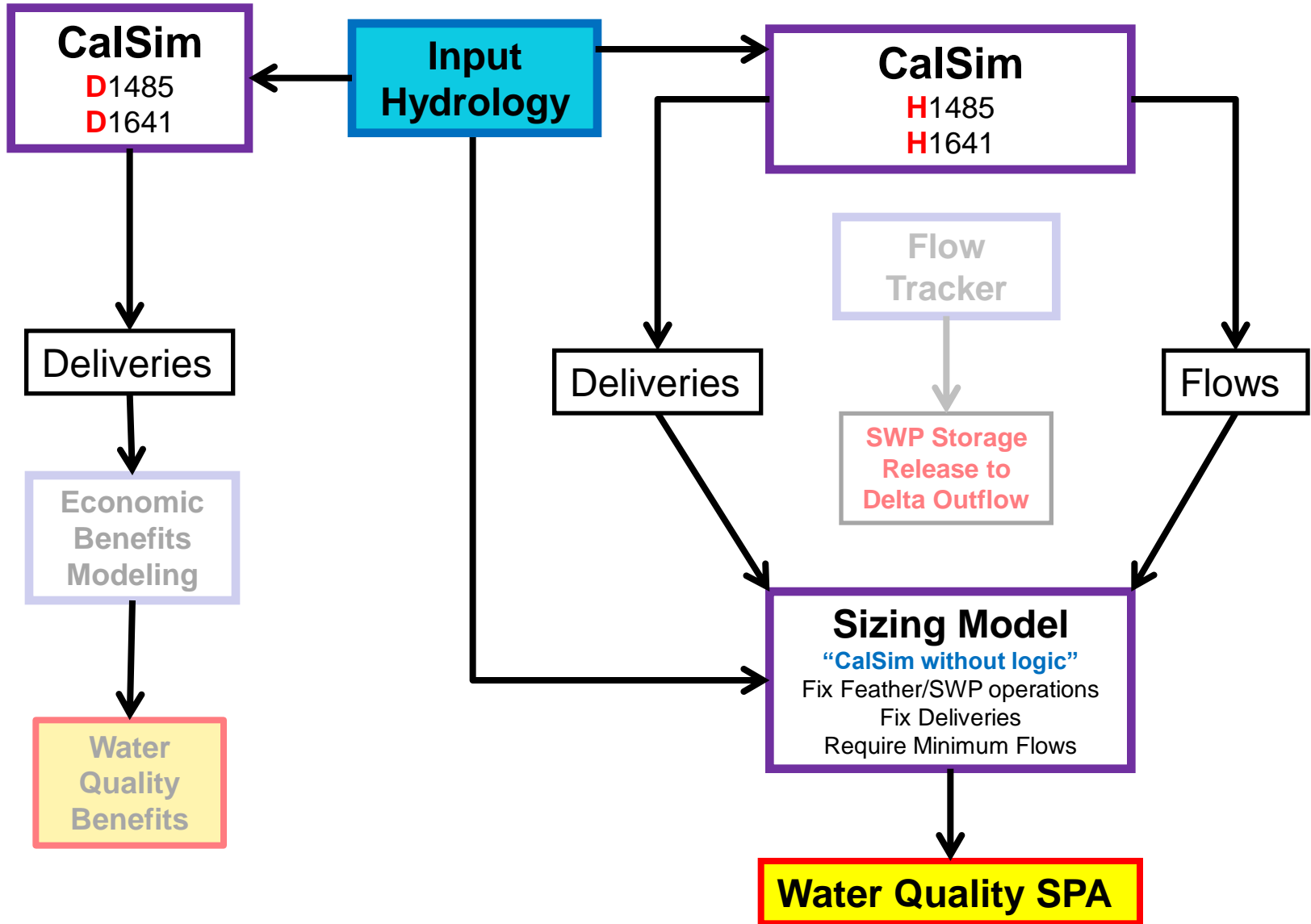


# Water Quality SPA Sizing

- “Hybrid CalSim Runs”
  - D-1485 w current level allocations --- **H-1485**
  - D-1641 w current level allocations --- **H-1641**
- **A = SPA for H-1485**
- **B = SPA for H-1641**
- **Water Quality SPA = (B – A)**

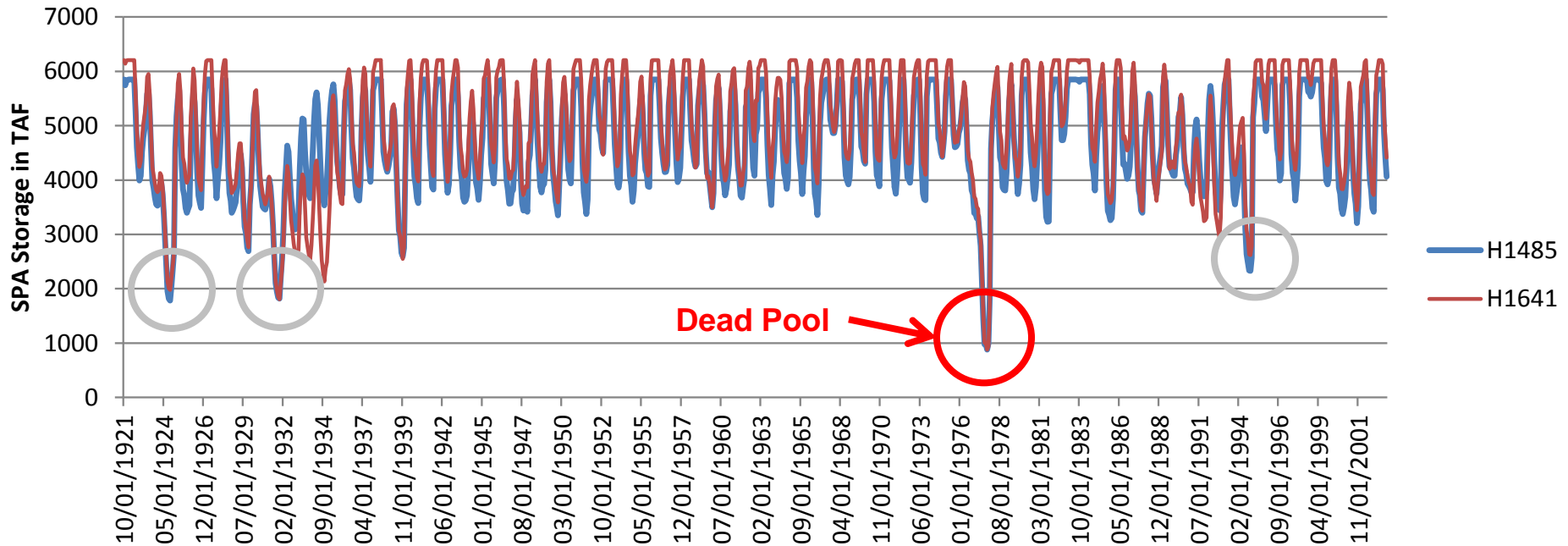


# Water Quality Purpose Modeling Applications



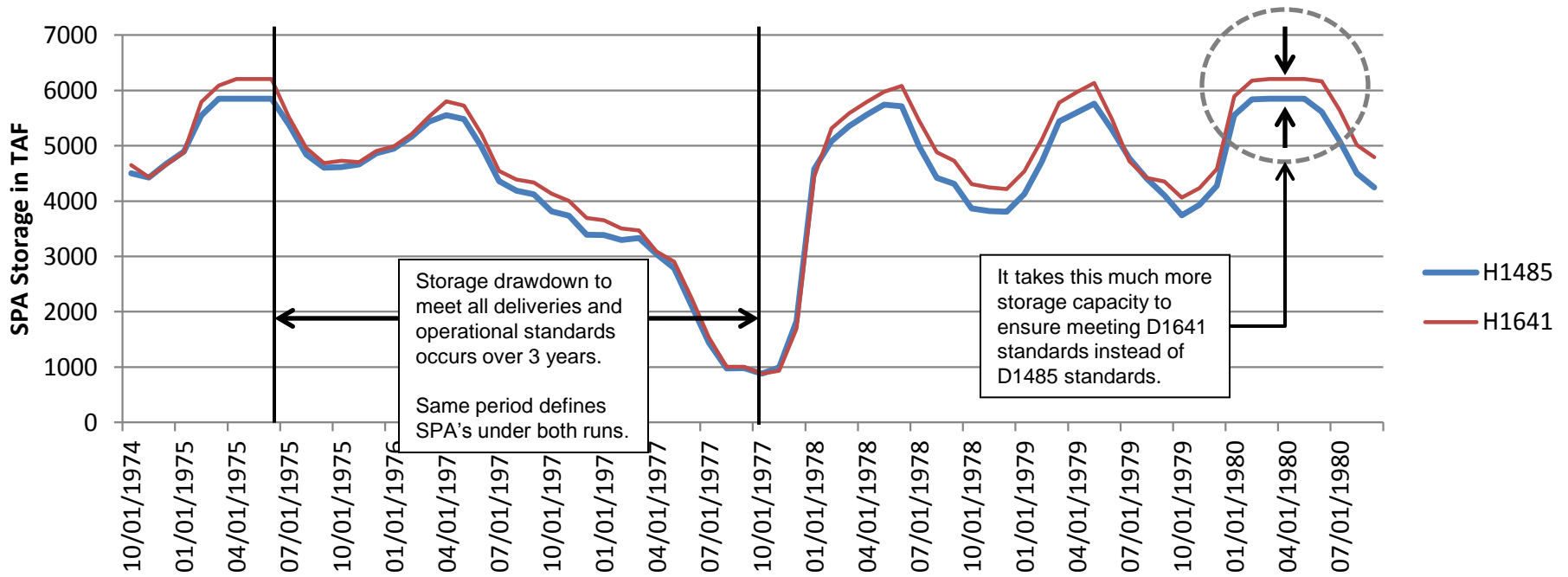
# Sizing Water Quality SPAs

## Total NOD Storage (Trinity Shasta Folsom)



# Sizing Water Quality SPAs

## Total NOD Storage (Trinity Shasta Folsom)



# CVPIA SPA

- CVPIA 3406(b)(2) – dedication of 800 TAF of CVP yield to actions benefiting Fish and Wildlife
- **Storage release for CVPIA flow action**
  - Balanced condition – assume release was exported – no storage cost for the action
  - Excess condition – release came at a storage cost
- **CVPIA export reduction action**
  - Balanced condition – indicates that additional use of storage release would have been necessary to meet the foregone export is a CVPIA storage cost
  - Excess condition – storage would not have been affected by the action – no CVPIA storage cost
- Historical records 2008-2014 used to characterize average annual creditable releases and reductions

# Single Purpose Alternative Storage Sizes in TAF

	Trinity	Shasta	Folsom	New Melones	Friant
<b>Full Size</b>	<b>2447</b>	<b>4552</b>	<b>967</b>	<b>2420</b>	<b>524</b>
Dead Pool	240	550	90	80	135
<b>Water Supply</b>	709	1391	181	640	476
<b>CVPIA (not RPA or WQ)</b>	24.1	43.7	9.6	1.6	
<b>Water Quality</b>	112	206	39	1	
<b>Flood Control</b>	578	1852	690	530	309

# Modeling Products

- **CalSim2 Runs**
  - Current Operations
  - Refinements to Regulatory Environment Runs
  - Post-Processing Spreadsheets
- **Flow Tracker**
  - Template is expandable
  - Use of weights to drive flow-type assignment provides flexibility for diverse applications
- **Sizing Model**
  - Good exercise in the use of WRIMS for a one-off analysis

# Acknowledgements

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